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(54) Title: 3,6-DISUBSTITUTED AZABICYCLO HEXANE DERIVATIVES AS MUSCARINIC RECEPTOR ANTAGONISTS

(57) Abstract: This invention generally relates to derivatives of 3,6 disubstituted azabicyclo hexanes. The compounds of this invention can function as muscarinic receptor antagonists and can be used for the treatment of various diseases of the respiratory, urinary and gastrointestinal systems mediated through muscarinic receptors. The invention also relates to pharmaceutical compositions containing the compounds of the present invention and the methods of treating the diseases mediated through muscarinic receptors.

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3,6-DISUBSTITUTED AZABICYCLO HEXANE DERIVATIVES AS MUSCARINIC RECEPTOR ANTAGONISTS

FIELD OF THE INVENTION

This invention generally relates to derivatives of 3,6-disubstituted azabicyclo hexanes.

5 The compounds of this invention can function as muscarinic receptor antagonists and can be used for the treatment of various diseases of the respiratory, urinary and gastrointestinal systems mediated through muscarinic receptors.

10 The invention also relates to pharmaceutical compositions containing the compounds of the present invention and the methods of treating the diseases mediated through muscarinic receptors.

BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

15 Muscarinic receptors as members of the G Protein Coupled Receptors (GPCRs) are composed of a family of 5 receptor sub-types (M_1 , M_2 , M_3 , M_4 and M_5) and are activated by the neurotransmitter acetylcholine. These receptors are widely distributed on multiple organs and tissues and are critical to the maintenance of central and peripheral cholinergic neurotransmission. The regional distribution of these receptor sub-types in the brain and other organs has been documented. For example, the M_1 subtype is located primarily in neuronal tissues such as cerebral cortex and autonomic ganglia, the M_2 subtype is present mainly in the heart where it mediates cholinergically induced bradycardia, and the M_3 subtype is
20 located predominantly on smooth muscle and salivary glands (Nature, 1986; 323: 411; Science, 1987; 237: 527). A review in Current Opinions in Chemical Biology, 1999; 3: 426, as well as in Trends in Pharmacological Sciences, 2001; 22: 409 by Eglen et. al., describe the biological potentials of modulating muscarinic receptor subtypes by ligands in different disease conditions like Alzheimer's disease, pain, urinary disease condition, chronic
25 obstructive pulmonary disease etc.

A review in J. Med. Chem., 2000; 43: 4333 by Christian C. Felder et. al. describes therapeutic opportunities for muscarinic receptors in the central nervous system and elaborates on muscarinic receptor structure and function, pharmacology and their therapeutic uses.

The pharmacological and medical aspects of the muscarinic class of acetylcholine agonists and antagonists are presented in a review in Molecules, 2001, 6: 142.

N.J.M. Birdsall et. al. in Trends in Pharmacological Sciences, 2001; 22: 215 have also summarized the recent developments on the role of different muscarinic receptor subtypes using different muscarinic receptors of knock out mice.

Muscarinic agonists such as muscarine and pilocarpine and antagonists such as atropine have been known for over a century, but little progress has been made in the discovery of receptor subtype-selective compounds making it difficult to assign specific functions to the individual receptors. Although classical muscarinic antagonists such as atropine are potent bronchodilators, their clinical utility is limited due to high incidence of both peripheral and central adverse effects such as tachycardia, blurred vision, dryness of mouth, constipation, dementia, etc. Subsequent development of the quarterly derivatives of atropine such as ipratropium bromide are better tolerated than parenterally administered options but most of them are not ideal anti-cholinergic bronchodilators due to lack of selectivity for muscarinic receptor sub-types. The existing compounds offer limited therapeutic benefit due to their lack of selectivity resulting in dose limiting side-effects such as thirst, nausea, mydriasis and those associated with the heart such as tachycardia mediated by the M₂ receptor.

Annual review of Pharmacological Toxicol., 2001; 41: 691, describes the pharmacology of the lower urinary tract infections. Although anti muscarinic agents such as oxybutynin and tolterodine that act non-selectively on muscarinic receptors have been used for many years to treat bladder hyperactivity, the clinical effectiveness of these agents has been limited due to the side effects such as dry mouth, blurred vision and constipation. Tolterodine is considered to be generally better tolerated than oxybutynin. (W.D. Steers et. al. in Curr. Opin. Invest. Drugs, 2: 268, C.R. Chapple et. al. in Urology, 55: 33), Steers WD, Barrot DM, Wein AJ, 1996, Voiding dysfunction: diagnosis classification and management. In "Adult and Pediatric Urology," ed. JY Gillenwatter, JT Grayhack, SS Howards, JW Duckett, pp 1220-1325, St. Louis, MO; Mosby. 3rd edition.)

Despite these advances, there remains a need for development of new highly selective muscarinic antagonists which can interact with distinct subtypes, thus avoiding the occurrence of adverse effects.

Compounds having antagonistic activity against muscarinic receptors have been described in Japanese patent application Laid Open Number 92921/1994 and 135958/1994; WO 93/16048; U.S. Patent No. 3,176,019; GB 940,540; EP 0325 571; WO 98/29402; EP 0801067; EP 0388054; WO 9109013; U.S. Patent No. 5,281,601. U.S. Patent Nos. 6,174,900, 6,130,232 and 5,948,792; WO 97/45414 are related to 1,4-disubstituted piperidine derivatives; WO 98/05641 describes fluorinated, 1,4-disubstitued piperidine derivatives; WO 93/16018 and WO96/33973 are other close art references.

A report in J. Med. Chem., 2002; 44:984, describes cyclohexylmethyl piperidinyl triphenylpropioamide derivatives as selective M₃ antagonist discriminating against the other receptor subtypes.

SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

The present invention provides 3,6-disubstituted azabicyclo hexanes which function as muscarinic receptor antagonists and are useful as safe treatment of various diseases of the respiratory, urinary and gastrointestinal systems, and methods for the syntheses of the compounds. The present invention includes 3,6-disubstituted azabicyclo [3.1.0], [3.1.1] and [3.1.2] hexanes.

The invention also provides pharmaceutical compositions containing the compounds, and which may also contain acceptable carriers, excipients or diluents which are useful for the treatment of various diseases of the respiratory, urinary and gastrointestinal systems.

The present invention also includes within its scope prodrugs of the compounds. In general, such prodrugs are functionalized derivatives of these compounds which readily get converted *in vivo* into the defined compounds. Conventional procedures for the selection and preparation of suitable prodrugs are known to the artisan of ordinary skill in the art.

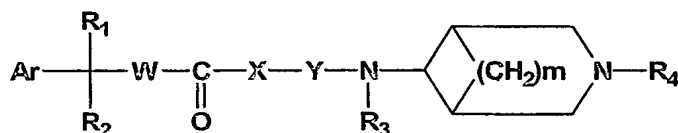
The invention also includes the enantiomers, diastereomers, N-oxides, polymorphs, pharmaceutically acceptable salts, pharmaceutically acceptable solvates, esters and metabolites of these compounds having the same type of activity.

The invention further includes pharmaceutical compositions comprising the compounds of the present invention, their enantiomers, diastereomers, prodrugs, N-oxides, polymorphs, pharmaceutically acceptable salts, pharmaceutically acceptable solvates, esters,

or metabolites in combination with a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier and optionally included excipients.

Other advantages of the invention will be set forth in the description which follows, and in part will be apparent from the description or may be learnt by the practice of the invention. The objects and the advantages of the invention may be realized and obtained by means of the mechanisms and combinations pointed out in the appended claims.

In accordance with one aspect of the present invention, there is provided a compound having the structure of Formula I:



Formula I

and its pharmaceutically acceptable salts, pharmaceutically acceptable solvates, esters, enantiomers, diastereomers, N-oxides, polymorphs, prodrugs, or metabolites, wherein

Ar represents an aryl or a heteroaryl ring having 1-2 hetero atoms selected from the group consisting of oxygen, sulphur and nitrogen atoms, the aryl or heteroaryl rings may be unsubstituted or substituted by one to three substituents independently selected from lower alkyl (C₁-C₄), trifluoromethyl cyano, hydroxy, nitro, halogen (e.g. F, Cl, Br or I), lower alkoxy (C₁-C₄), amino or lower alkylamino (C₁-C₄);

R₁ represents a hydrogen, hydroxy, hydroxymethyl, loweralkyl (C₁-C₄), amino, alkoxy, cycloalkyl (C₃-C₇), carbamoyl, halogen (e.g. F, Cl, Br, I) or aryl;

R₂ represents alkyl, C₃-C₇ cycloalkyl ring, C₃-C₇ cycloalkenyl ring, an aryl or a heteroaryl ring having 1 to 2 hetero atoms selected from the group consisting of oxygen, sulphur and nitrogen atoms; the aryl or a hetero aryl ring may be unsubstituted or substituted by one to three substituents independently selected from lower alkyl (C₁-C₄), trifluoromethyl, cyano, hydroxy, nitro, lower alkoxy, carbonyl, halogen, lower alkoxy (C₁-C₄), unsubstituted amino or lower alkyl (C₁-C₄) amino;

W represents (CH₂)_p, where p represents 0 to 1;

X represents an oxygen, sulphur, NR or no atom wherein R represents hydrogen or C₁₋₆ alkyl;

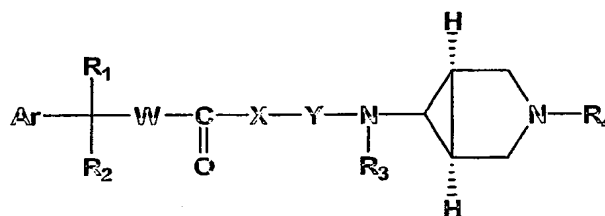
Y represents CHR₅CO wherein R₅ represents hydrogen or methyl or (CH₂)_q wherein q represents 0 to 4;

m represents 0 to 2;

5 R₃ represents hydrogen, lower alkyl (C₁-C₄) or CO₂C (CH₃)₃;

R₄ represents C₁-C₁₅ saturated or unsaturated aliphatic hydrocarbon (straight chain or branched) in which any 1 to 6 hydrogen atoms may be substituted with the group independently selected from halogen (e.g. F, Cl, Br, I), carboxylic acid, carboxylic acid ester, aryl, aryloxy, arylalkyl, arylalkenyl, heteroaryl, heteroarylalkyl, heteroarylalkenyl having 1 to
10 2 hetero atoms selected from the group consisting of nitrogen, oxygen and sulphur with an option that any 1 to 5 hydrogen atoms on an aryl or heteroaryl ring in said aryl, aryloxy, arylalkyl, arylalkenyl, heteroaryl, heteroarylalkenyl group may be substituted with lower alkyl, trifluoromethyl, halogen (e.g. F, Cl, Br, I), cyano, nitro, hydroxy, lower (C₁-C₄) alkoxy, amino, lower (C₁-C₄) alkylamino, sulphonylamino, amide, carboxylic acid, carboxylic acid
15 ester or benzyl ester.

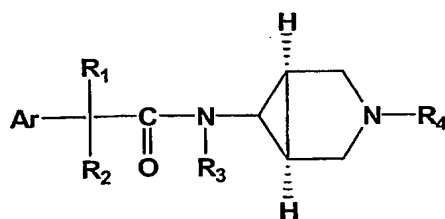
In accordance with a second aspect of the present invention, there is provided a compound having the structure of Formula II and its pharmaceutically acceptable salts, pharmaceutically acceptable solvates, esters, enantiomers, diastereomers, N-oxides, polymorphs, prodrugs, metabolites, wherein Ar, R₁, R₂, R₃, R₄, W, X and Y are as defined for
20 Formula I.



Formula II

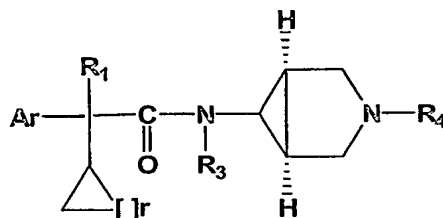
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In accordance with a third aspect of the present invention, there is provided a compound having the structure of Formula III and its pharmaceutically acceptable salts, pharmaceutically acceptable solvates, esters, enantiomers, diastereomers, N-oxides, polymorphs, prodrugs, metabolites, wherein Ar, R₁, R₂, R₃ and R₄ are as defined for
30 Formula I



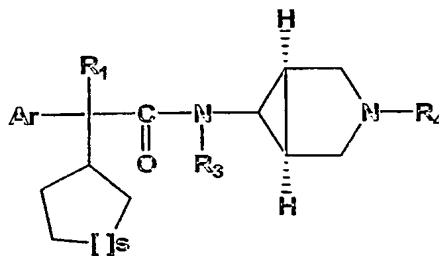
Formula III

In accordance with a fourth aspect of the present invention, there is provided a compound having the structure of Formula IV and its pharmaceutically acceptable salts, pharmaceutically acceptable solvates, esters, enantiomers, diastereomers, N-oxides, polymorphs, prodrugs, metabolites, wherein Ar, R₁, R₃ and R₄ are as defined for Formula I and r is 1 to 4.



Formula IV

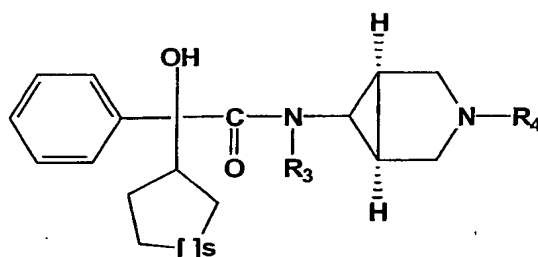
In accordance with a fifth aspect of the present invention, there is provided a compound having the structure of Formula V and its pharmaceutically acceptable salts, pharmaceutically acceptable solvates, esters, enantiomers, diastereomers, N-oxides, polymorphs, prodrugs, metabolites, wherein Ar, R₁, R₃ and R₄ are as defined for Formula I and s is 1 to 3.



Formula V

In accordance with a sixth aspect of the present invention, there is provided a compound having the structure of Formula VI and its pharmaceutically acceptable salts, pharmaceutically acceptable solvates, esters, enantiomers, diastereomers, N-oxides,

polymorphs, prodrugs, metabolites, wherein Formula VI wherein R_3 , R_4 and s are the same as defined for Formula V.



Formula VI

10 In accordance with a seventh aspect of the present invention, there is provided a method for treatment or prophylaxis of an animal or a human suffering from a disease or disorder of the respiratory, urinary and gastrointestinal systems, wherein the disease or disorder is mediated through muscarinic receptors, comprising administering to a patient in need thereof, an effective amount of compounds as described above.

15 In accordance with an eighth aspect of the present invention, there is provided a method for treatment or prophylaxis of an animal or a human suffering from a disease or disorder of the respiratory systems such as bronchial asthma, chronic obstructive pulmonary disorders (COPD), pulmonary fibrosis, etc., urinary system which induce such urinary disorders as urinary incontinence, lower urinary tract systems (LUTS), etc., and
 20 gastrointestinal system such as irritable bowel syndrome, obesity, diabetes and gastrointestinal hyperkinesis with compounds as described above, wherein the disease or disorder is associated with muscarinic receptors, comprising administering to a patient in need thereof, an effective amount of compounds as described above.

25 In accordance with a ninth aspect of the present invention, there is provided a process for preparing the compounds as described above.

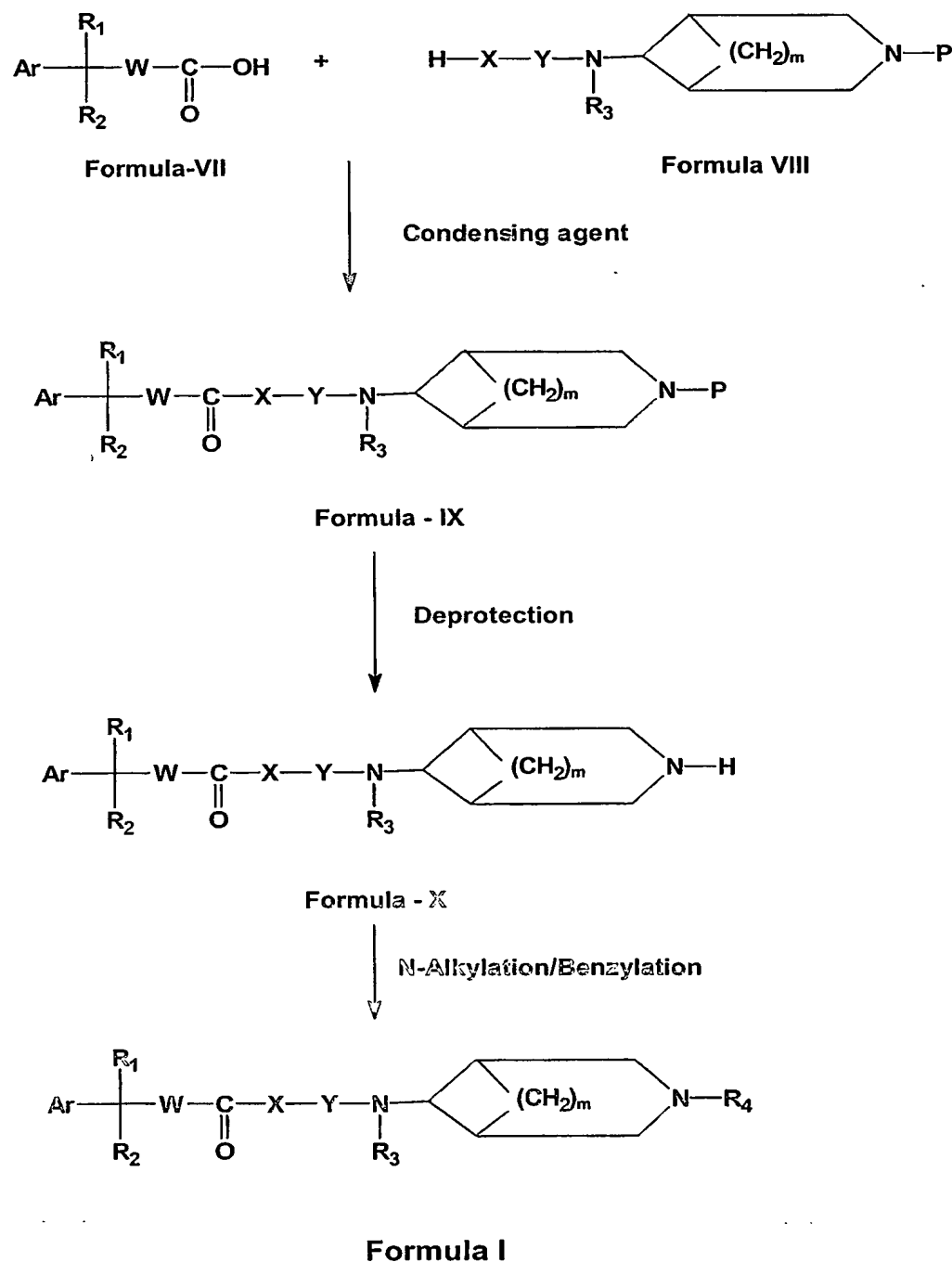
The compounds of the present invention exhibit significant potency in terms of their activity, which was determined by in vitro receptor binding and functional assays and in vitro experiments using anaesthetized rabbit. Compounds were tested in vitro and in vitro. Some compounds were found to function as potent muscarinic receptor antagonists with high
 30 affinity towards M_3 receptors. Therefore, the present invention provides pharmaceutical

compositions for treatment of diseases or disorders associated with muscarinic receptors. Compounds and compositions described herein can be administered orally or parenterally.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE INVENTION

The compounds described herein may be prepared by the reaction sequence as shown

5 in Scheme-I.



The preparation comprises condensing a compound of Formula VII with the compound of Formula VIII, wherein

Ar represents an aryl or a heteroaryl ring having 1-2 hetero atoms selected from the group consisting of oxygen, sulphur and nitrogen atoms, the aryl or heteroaryl rings may be unsubstituted or substituted by one to three substituents independently selected from lower alkyl (C₁-C₄), trifluoromethyl cyano, hydroxy, nitro, halogen (e.g. F, Cl, Br or I), lower alkoxy (C₁-C₄), amino or lower alkylamino (C₁-C₄);

R₁ represents a hydrogen, hydroxy, hydroxymethyl, loweralkyl (C₁-C₄), amino, alkoxy, cycloalkyl (C₃-C₇), carbamoyl, halogen (e.g. F, Cl, Br, I) or aryl;

R₂ represents alkyl, C₃-C₇ cycloalkyl ring, C₃-C₇ cycloalkenyl ring, an aryl or a heteroaryl ring having 1 to 2 hetero atoms selected from the group consisting of oxygen, sulphur and nitrogen atoms; the aryl or a hetero aryl ring may be unsubstituted or substituted by one to three substituents independently selected from lower alkyl (C₁-C₄), trifluoromethyl, cyano, hydroxy, nitro, lower alkoxy, carbonyl, halogen, lower alkoxy (C₁-C₄), unsubstituted amino or lower alkyl (C₁-C₄) amino;

W represents (CH₂)_p, where p represents 0 to 1;

X represents an oxygen, sulphur, NR or no atom wherein R represents hydrogen or C₁₋₆ alkyl;

Y represents CHR₅CO wherein R₅ represents hydrogen or methyl or (CH₂)_q wherein q represents 0 to 4;

m represents 0 to 2;

R₃ represents hydrogen, lower alkyl (C₁-C₄) or CO₂C(CH₃)₃;

P is any group which can be used to protect an amino group and is selected from benzyl and t-butyloxy carbonyl groups, in the presence of a condensing agent to give a protected compound of Formula IX wherein R₁, R₂, R₃, W, X, Y, P and m are as defined earlier, which on deprotection through reaction with a deprotecting agent in an organic solvent gives an unprotected compound of Formula X wherein R₁, R₂, R₃, W, X, Y and m are the same as defined earlier, which is finally N-alkylated or benzylated with a suitable alkylating or

benzylating agent L-R₄ wherein L is any leaving group known in the art, to give a compound of Formula I.

The reaction of the compound of Formula VII with a compound of Formula VIII to give a compound of Formula IX can be carried out in the presence of a condensing agent, for example 1-(3-dimethylaminopropyl)-3-ethyl carbodiimide hydrochloride (EDC) and 1,8-diazabicyclo [5.4.0]undec-7-ene (DBU).

The reaction of the compound of Formula VII with a compound of Formula VIII to give a compound of Formula IX can be carried out in a suitable solvent, for example N,N-dimethylformamide, dimethylsulfoxide, toluene and xylene at a temperature ranging from about 0-140°C.

The deprotection of the compound of Formula IX to give a compound of Formula X can be carried out with a deprotecting agent, for example palladium on carbon, trifluoroacetic acid (TFA) and hydrochloric acid.

The deprotection of the compound of Formula IX to give a compound of Formula X can be carried out in a suitable organic solvent, for example methanol, ethanol, tetrahydrofuran and acetonitrile at temperatures ranging from about 10-50°C.

The N-alkylation or benzylation of the compound of Formula X to give a compound of Formula I can be carried out with a suitable alkylating or benzylating agent, L-R₄ wherein L is any leaving group, known in the art, for example halogen, O-mestyl and O-tosyl group.

The N-alkylation or benzylation of the compound of Formula X to give a compound of Formula I can be carried out in a suitable organic solvent such as N,N-dimethylformamide, dimethylsulfoxide, tetrahydrofuran and acetonitrile, at temperatures ranging from about 25 to about 100°C.

In the above scheme, where specific bases, condensing agents, protecting groups, deprotecting agents, N-alkylating/benzylating agents, solvents, catalysts etc. are mentioned, it is to be understood that other bases, condensing agents, protecting groups, deprotecting agents, N-alkylating/benzylating agents, solvents, catalysts etc. known to those skilled in the art may be used. Similarly, the reaction temperature and duration may be adjusted according to the desired needs.

An illustrative list of particular compounds which are capable of being produced by Scheme I and shown in Table 1 include:

Compound No.	Chemical Name
5	1. (1 α ,5 α ,6 α)-N-[3-(4-methyl-3-pentenyl)-3-azabicyclo[3.1.0]hex-6-yl]-2-hydroxy-2-cyclopentyl-2-(4-methoxy)phenylacetamide
	2. (1 α ,5 α ,6 α)-N-[3-(2-thienylmethyl)-3-azabicyclo[3.1.0]hex-6-yl]-2-hydroxy-2-cyclohexyl-2-phenylacetamide
10	3. (1 α ,5 α ,6 α)-N-[3-(2-thienylmethyl)-3-azabicyclo[3.1.0]hex-6-yl]-2-hydroxy-2-cyclopentyl-2-phenylacetamide
	4. (1 α ,5 α ,6 α)-N-[3-(5-nitro-2-furylmethyl)-3-azabicyclo[3.1.0]hex-6-yl]-2-hydroxy-2-cyclopentyl-2-phenylacetamide
	5. (1 α ,5 α ,6 α)-N-[3-(4-methyl-pentyl)-3-azabicyclo[3.1.0]hex-6-yl]-2-hydroxy-2-cyclopentyl-2-phenylacetamide
15	6. (1 α ,5 α ,6 α)-N-[3-(2-(1,4-benzodioxan-6-yl)ethyl)-3-azabicyclo[3.1.0]hex-6-yl]-2-hydroxy-2-cyclopentyl-2-phenylacetamide
	7. (1 α ,5 α ,6 α)-N-[3-(3,4,5-trimethoxyphenethyl)-3-azabicyclo[3.1.0]hex-6-yl]-2-hydroxy-2-cyclopentyl-2-phenylacetamide
20	8. (1 α ,5 α ,6 α)-N-[3-[3-(3,4-methyldioxyphenyl)propyl]-3-azabicyclo[3.1.0]hex-6-yl]-2-hydroxy-2-cyclopentyl-2-phenylacetamide
	9. (1 α ,5 α ,6 α)-N-[3-(3,4,5-trimethoxybenzyl)-3-azabicyclo[3.1.0]hex-6-yl]-2-hydroxy-2-cyclopentyl-2-phenylacetamide
	10. (1 α ,5 α ,6 α)-N-[3-(3,5-dimethoxybenzyl)-3-azabicyclo[3.1.0]hex-6-yl]-2-hydroxy-2-cyclopentyl-2-phenylacetamide
25	11. (1 α ,5 α ,6 α)-N-[3-(3,4-dimethoxybenzyl)-3-azabicyclo[3.1.0]hex-6-yl]-2-hydroxy-2-cyclopentyl-2-phenylacetamide

12. (1 α ,5 α ,6 α)-N-[3-(3-methoxybenzyl)-3-azabicyclo[3.1.0]hex-6-yl]-2-hydroxy-2-cyclopentyl-2-phenylacetamide
13. (1 α ,5 α ,6 α)-N-[3-(4-trifluoromethylbenzyl)-3-azabicyclo[3.1.0]hex-6-yl]-2-hydroxy-2-cyclopentyl-2-phenylacetamide
- 5 14. (1 α ,5 α ,6 α)-N-[3-(5-methyl-2-furylmethyl)-3-azabicyclo[3.1.0]hex-6-yl]-2-hydroxy-2-cyclopentyl-2-phenylacetamide
15. (1 α ,5 α ,6 α)-N-[3-(2-(4-methylphenoxy)ethyl)-3-azabicyclo[3.1.0]hex-6-yl]-2-hydroxy-2-cyclopentyl-2-phenylacetamide
- 10 16. (1 α ,5 α ,6 α)-N-[3-(3-nitrobenzyl)-3-azabicyclo[3.1.0]hex-6-yl]-2-hydroxy-2-cyclopentyl-2-phenylacetamide
17. (1 α ,5 α ,6 α)-N-[3-(4-chlorophenethyl)-3-azabicyclo[3.1.0]hex-6-yl]-2-hydroxy-2-cyclopentyl-2-phenylacetamide
18. (1 α ,5 α ,6 α)-N-[3-(4-nitrobenzyl)-3-azabicyclo[3.1.0]hex-6-yl]-2-hydroxy-2-cyclopentyl-2-phenylacetamide
- 15 19. (1 α ,5 α ,6 α)-N-[3-(4-phenylpropyl)-3-azabicyclo[3.1.0]hex-6-yl]-2-hydroxy-2-cyclopentyl-2-phenylacetamide
20. (1 α ,5 α ,6 α)-N-[3-(3-hydroxybenzyl)-3-azabicyclo[3.1.0]hex-6-yl]-2-hydroxy-2-cyclopentyl-2-phenylacetamide
21. (1 α ,5 α ,6 α)-N-[3-(3-hydroxybenzyl)-3-azabicyclo[3.1.0]hex-6-yl]-2-hydroxy-2-cyclopentyl-2-phenylacetamide
- 20 22. (1 α ,5 α ,6 α)-N-[3-(4-t-butylbenzyl)-3-azabicyclo[3.1.0]hex-6-yl]-2-hydroxy-2-hydroxy-2-cyclopentyl-2-phenylacetamide
23. (1 α ,5 α ,6 α)-N-[3-(2-methylquinolinyl)-3-azabicyclo[3.1.0]hex-6-yl]-2-hydroxy-2-cyclopentyl-2-phenylacetamide
- 25 24. (1 α ,5 α ,6 α)-N-[3-(3-nitro-4-methoxybenzyl)-3-azabicyclo[3.1.0]hex-6-yl]-2-hydroxy-2-cyclopentyl-2-phenylacetamide

25. (1 α ,5 α ,6 α)-N-[3-(3-nitro-4-hydroxybenzyl)-3-azabicyclo[3.1.0]hex-6-yl]-2-hydroxy-2-cyclopentyl-2-phenylacetamide
26. (1 α ,5 α ,6 α)-N-[3-(3,4-dichlorophenyl)-3-azabicyclo[3.1.0]hex-6-yl]-2-hydroxy-2-cyclopentyl-2-phenylacetamide
- 5 27. (1 α ,5 α ,6 α)-N-[3-(3-aminobenzyl)-3-azabicyclo[3.1.0]hex-6-yl]-2-hydroxy-2-cyclopentyl-2-phenylacetamide
28. (1 α ,5 α ,6 α)-N-[3-(6-aminopyridin-2-yl-methyl)-3-azabicyclo[3.1.0]hex-6-yl]-2-hydroxy-2-cyclopentyl-2-phenylacetamide
29. (1 α ,5 α ,6 α)-N-[3-(2-phenoxyethyl)-3-azabicyclo[3.1.0]hex-6-yl]-2-hydroxy-2-cyclopentyl-2-phenylacetamide
- 10 30. (1 α ,5 α ,6 α)-N-[3-(3-phenoxypropyl)-3-azabicyclo[3.1.0]hex-6-yl]-2-hydroxy-2-cyclopentyl-2-phenylacetamide
31. (1 α ,5 α ,6 α)-N-[3-(2-methylpyrrollyl)-3-azabicyclo[3.1.0]hex-6-yl]-2-hydroxy-2-cyclopentyl-2-phenylacetamide
- 15 32. (1 α ,5 α ,6 α)-N-[3-(1,4-benzodioxan-6-yl)-3-methyl-3-azabicyclo[3.1.0]hex-6-yl]-2-hydroxy-2-cyclopentyl-2-phenylacetamide
33. (1 α ,5 α ,6 α)-N-[3-benzyl-3-azabicyclo[3.1.0]hex-6-yl]-2-hydroxy-2-cyclopentyl-2-phenylacetamide
34. (1 α ,5 α ,6 α)-N-[3-(4-methyl-3-pentyl)-3-azabicyclo-[3.1.0]hex-6-yl]-2-hydroxy-2-cyclopentyl-2-phenylacetamide
- 20 35. (1 α ,5 α ,6 α)-N-[3-(2-(3,4-methylenedioxyphenyl)ethyl)-3-azabicyclo-[3.1.0]hex-6-yl]-2-hydroxy-2-cyclobutyl-2-phenylacetamide
36. (1 α ,5 α ,6 α)-N-[3-benzyl-3-azabicyclo-[3.1.0]hex-6-yl]-2-hydroxy-2-cyclopentyl-2-phenylacetamide
- 25 37. (1 α ,5 α ,6 α)-N-[3-(4-methyl-3-pentenyl)-3-azabicyclo-[3.1.0]hex-6-yl]-2-hydroxy-2-cyclopropyl-2-phenylacetamide

38. (1 α ,5 α ,6 α)-N-[3-[2-(3,4-methylenedioxyphenyl)ethyl]-3-azabicyclo-[3.1.0]hex-6-yl]-2-hydroxy-2-cyclopropyl-2-phenylacetamide
39. (1 α ,5 α ,6 α)-N-[3-(4-hydroxy-3-methoxybenzyl)-3-azabicyclo-[3.1.0]hex-6-yl]-2-hydroxy-2-cyclopropyl-2-phenylacetamide
- 5 40. (1 α ,5 α ,6 α)-N-[3-(3-hydroxy-4-methoxybenzyl)-3-azabicyclo-[3.1.0]hex-6-yl]-2-hydroxy-2-cyclopentyl-2-phenylacetamide
41. (1 α ,5 α ,6 α)-N-[3-(2-phenylcarboethoxyethyl)-3-azabicyclo[3.1.0]hex-6-yl]-2-hydroxy-2-cyclopentyl-2-phenylacetamide
42. (1 α ,5 α ,6 α)-N-[3-(1-(2-hydroxyphenyl)ethyl)-3-azabicyclo[3.1.0]hex-6-yl]-2-hydroxy-2-cyclopentyl-2-phenylacetamide
- 10 43. (1 α ,5 α ,6 α)-N-[3-(1-(4-methylphenyl)ethyl)-3-azabicyclo[3.1.0]hex-6-yl]-2-hydroxy-2-cyclopentyl-2-phenylacetamide
44. (1 α ,5 α ,6 α)-N-[3-(1-bromophenylmethylpyridine)-3-azabicyclo-[3.1.0]hex-6-yl]-2-hydroxy-2-cyclopentyl-2-phenylacetamide
- 15 45. (1 α ,5 α ,6 α)-N-[3-(4-pyridylmethyl)-3-azabicyclo[3.1.0]hex-6-yl]-2-hydroxy-2-cyclopentyl-2-phenylacetamide
46. (1 α ,5 α ,6 α)-N-[3-(1-indanyl)-3-azabicyclo[3.1.0]hex-6-yl]-2-hydroxy-2-cyclopentyl-2-phenylacetamide
47. (1 α ,5 α ,6 α)-N-[3-(3-methylbenzyl)-3-azabicyclo[3.1.0]hex-6-yl]-2-hydroxy-2-cyclopentyl-2-phenylacetamide
- 20 48. (1 α ,5 α ,6 α)-N-[3-(2,4,6-trimethylbenzyl)-3-azabicyclo[3.1.0]hex-6-yl]-2-hydroxy-2-cyclopentyl-2-phenylacetamide
49. (1 α ,5 α ,6 α)-N-[3-(2-(3,4-dimethoxyphenyl)-3-azabicyclo[3.1.0]hex-6-yl]-2-hydroxy-2-cyclopentyl-2-phenylacetamide
- 25 50. (1 α ,5 α ,6 α)-N-[3-(2-(3,4-dimethylphenyl)ethyl)-3-azabicyclo[3.1.0]hex-6-yl]-2-hydroxy-2-cyclopentyl-2-phenylacetamide

51. (1 α ,5 α ,6 α)-N-[3-pentyl-3-azabicyclo[3.1.0]hex-6-yl]-2-hydroxy-2-cyclopentyl-2-phenylacetamide
52. (1 α ,5 α ,6 α)-N-[3-(4-cyanobenzyl)-3-azabicyclo[3.1.0]hex-6-yl]-2-hydroxy-2-cyclopentyl-2-phenylacetamide
- 5 53. (1 α ,5 α ,6 α)-N-[3-(2-cyanobenzyl)-3-azabicyclo[3.1.0]hex-6-yl]-2-hydroxy-2-cyclopentyl-2-phenylacetamide
54. (1 α ,5 α ,6 α)-N-[3-(2,3,4,5,6-pentafluorobenzyl)-3-azabicyclo[3.1.0]hex-6-yl]-2-hydroxy-2-cyclopentyl-2-phenylacetamide
55. (1 α ,5 α ,6 α)-N-[3-(4-cyanobenzyl)-3-azabicyclo-[3.1.0]hex-6-yl]-2-hydroxy-2-cyclohexyl-2-phenylacetamide
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56. (1 α ,5 α ,6 α)-N-[3-(3-methylpyridyl)-3-azabicyclo[3.1.0]hex-6-yl]-2-hydroxy-2-cyclopentyl-2-phenylacetamide
57. (1 α ,5 α ,6 α)-N-[3-(4-bromo-2-methylthienyl)-3-azabicyclo[3.1.0]hex-6-yl]-2-hydroxy-2-cyclohexyl-2-phenylacetamide
- 15 58. (1 α ,5 α ,6 α)-N-[3-(1-(phenyl)ethyl)-3-azabicyclo[3.1.0]hex-6-yl]-2-hydroxy-2-cyclohexyl-2-phenylacetamide
59. (1 α ,5 α ,6 α)-N-[3-(2-nitrobenzyl)-3-azabicyclo[3.1.0]hex-6-yl]-2-hydroxy-2-cyclopentyl-2-phenylacetamide
60. (1 α ,5 α ,6 α)-N-[3-(4-methoxycarbonyl)benzyl]-3-azabicyclo[3.1.0]hex-6-yl]-2-hydroxy-2-cyclopentyl-2-phenylacetamide
20
61. (1 α ,5 α ,6 α)-N-[3-(diphenylmethyl)-3-azabicyclo[3.1.0]hex-6-yl]-2-hydroxy-2-cyclopentyl-2-phenylacetamide
62. (1 α ,5 α ,6 α)-N-[3-(4-carboxybenzyl)-3-azabicyclo[3.1.0]hex-6-yl]-2-hydroxy-2-cyclopentyl-2-phenylacetamide
- 25 63. (1 α ,5 α ,6 α)-N-[3-(2-aminobenzyl)-3-azabicyclo[3.1.0]hex-6-yl]-2-hydroxy-2-cyclopentyl-2-phenylacetamide

64. (1 α ,5 α ,6 α)-N-[3-(2-carboethoxypropyl)-3-azabicyclo[3.1.0]hex-6-yl]-2-hydroxy-2-cyclopentyl-2-phenylacetamide
65. (1 α ,5 α ,6 α)-N-[3-(2-(4-acetylphenyl)-3-azabicyclo[3.1.0]hex-6-yl]-2-hydroxy-2-cyclopentyl-2-phenylacetamide
- 5 66. (1 α ,5 α ,6 α)-N-[3-(2-(4-methoxycarbonyl)phenyl)ethyl-3-azabicyclo[3.1.0]hex-6-yl]-2-hydroxy-2-cyclopentyl-2-phenylacetamide
67. (1 α ,5 α ,6 α)-N-[3-(3-cyanobenzyl)-3-azabicyclo[3.1.0]hex-6-yl]-2-hydroxy-2-cyclopentyl-2-phenylacetamide
68. (1 α ,5 α ,6 α)-N-[3-(2-cyanobenzyl)-3-azabicyclo[3.1.0]hex-6-yl]-2-hydroxy-2-cyclohexyl-2-phenylacetamide
- 10 69. (1 α ,5 α ,6 α)-N-[3-(3-cyanobenzyl)-3-azabicyclo[3.1.0]hex-6-yl]-2-hydroxy-2-cyclohexyl-2-phenylacetamide
70. (1 α ,5 α ,6 α)-N-[3-(3-methylbutyl)-3-azabicyclo[3.1.0]hex-6-yl]-2-hydroxy-2-cyclohexyl-2-phenylacetamide
- 15 71. (1 α ,5 α ,6 α)-N-[3-(4-hydroxymethyl phenethyl)-3-azabicyclo[3.1.0]hex-6-yl]-2-hydroxy-2-cyclobentyl-2-phenylacetamide
72. (1 α ,5 α ,6 α)-N-[3-(3-Fluoro-4-aminobenzyl)-3-azabicyclo[3.1.0]hex-6-yl]-2-hydroxy-2-cyclopentyl-2-phenylacetamide
73. (1 α ,5 α ,6 α)-N-[3-(1-(3,4-dimethylphenyl)ethyl)-3-azabicyclo[3.1.0]hex-6-yl]-2-hydroxy-2-cyclopentyl-2-phenylacetamide
- 20 74. (1 α ,5 α ,6 α)-N-[3-(2-(3-methylphenoxy)ethyl)-3-azabicyclo[3.1.0]hex-6-yl]-2-hydroxy-2-cyclopentyl-2-phenylacetamide
75. (1 α ,5 α ,6 α)-N-[3-(3-(3-methylphenoxy)propyl)-3-azabicyclo[3.1.0]hex-6-yl]-2-hydroxy-2-cyclopentyl-2-phenylacetamide
- 25 76. (1 α ,5 α ,6 α)-N-[3-(2-methylbenzyl)-3-azabicyclo[3.1.0]hex-6-yl]-2-hydroxy-2-cyclopentyl-2-phenylacetamide

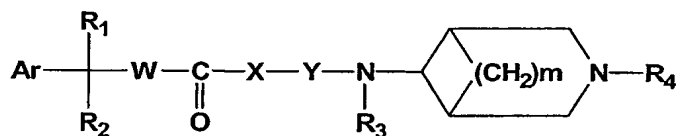
77. (1 α ,5 α ,6 α)-N-[3-(2-(2-methylbenzyl)-3-azabicyclo[3.1.0]hex-6-yl]-2-hydroxy-2-cyclopentyl-2-phenylacetamide
78. (1 α ,5 α ,6 α)-N-[3-(1,3-dioxolan-2-yl-methyl)-3-azabicyclo[3.1.0]hex-6-yl]-2-hydroxy-2-cyclopentyl-2-phenylacetamide
- 5 79. (1 α ,5 α ,6 α)-N-[3-(2-carboxy)propyl-3-azabicyclo[3.1.0]hex-6-yl]-2-hydroxy-2-cyclopentyl-2-phenylacetamide
80. (1 α ,5 α ,6 α)-N-[3-(1-phenylethyl)-3-azabicyclo[3.1.0]hex-6-yl]-2-hydroxy-2,2-diphenylacetamide
81. (1 α ,5 α ,6 α)-N-[3-(1-phenylethyl)-3-azabicyclo[3.1.0]hex-6-yl]-2-hydroxy-2-cyclopentyl-2-phenylacetamide
- 10
82. (1 α ,5 α ,6 α)-N-[3-(2-(2,3-dihydrobenzofuran-5-yl)ethyl)-3-azabicyclo[3.1.0]hex-6-yl]-2-hydroxy-2-cyclopropyl-2-phenylacetamide
83. (1 α ,5 α ,6 α)-N-[3-(1-phenylethyl)-3-azabicyclo[3.1.0]hex-6-yl]-2-hydroxy-2-cyclopropyl-2-phenylacetamide
- 15 84. (1 α ,5 α ,6 α)-N-[3-(1-phenylethyl)-3-azabicyclo[3.1.0]hex-6-yl]-2-hydroxy-2-cyclobutyl-2-phenylacetamide
85. (1 α ,5 α ,6 α)-N-[3-(2-phenylcarboxy)ethyl-3-azabicyclo[3.1.0]hex-6-yl]-2-hydroxy-2-cycloheptyl-2-phenylacetamide
86. (1 α ,5 α ,6 α)-N-[3-(2-(3-indoyl)ethyl)-3-azabicyclo[3.1.0]hex-6-yl]-2-hydroxy-2-cyclohexyl-2-phenylacetamide
- 20
87. (1 α ,5 α ,6 α)-N-[3-(2-methylnaphthyl)-3-azabicyclo[3.1.0]hex-6-yl]-2-hydroxy-2-cyclohexyl-2-phenylacetamide
88. (1 α ,5 α ,6 α)-N-[3-(2-indoyl-3-yl)ethyl-3-azabicyclo[3.1.0]hex-6-yl]-2-hydroxy-2-cyclopentyl-2-phenylacetamide
- 25 89. (1 α ,5 α ,6 α)-N-[3-hexyl-3-azabicyclo[3.1.0]hex-6-yl]-2-hydroxy-2-cyclopentyl-2-phenylacetamide

90. (1 α ,5 α ,6 α)-N-[3-(1,2,3,4-tetrahydronaphth-1-yl)-3-azabicyclo[3.1.0]hex-6-yl]-2-hydroxy-2-cyclopentyl-2-phenylacetamide
91. (1 α ,5 α ,6 α)-N-[3-(2-chlorobenzyl)-3-azabicyclo[3.1.0]hex-6-yl]-2-hydroxy-2-cyclopentyl-2-phenylacetamide
- 5 92. (1 α ,5 α ,6 α)-N-[3-(2-(2-methoxyphenyl)ethyl)-3-azabicyclo[3.1.0]hex-6-yl]-2-hydroxy-2-cyclopentyl-2-phenylacetamide
93. (1 α ,5 α ,6 α)-N-[3-(2-(4-fluorophenyl)ethyl)-3-azabicyclo[3.1.0]hex-6-yl]-2-hydroxy-2-cyclopentyl-2-phenylacetamide
94. (1 α ,5 α ,6 α)-N-[3-(indan-5-yl)ethyl]-3-azabicyclo[3.1.0]hex-6-yl]-2-hydroxy-2-cyclopentyl-2-phenylacetamide
- 10 95. (1 α ,5 α ,6 α)-N-[3-(1-(naphth-1-yl)ethyl)-3-azabicyclo[3.1.0]hex-6-yl]-2-hydroxy-2-cyclopentyl-2-phenylacetamide
96. (1 α ,5 α ,6 α)-N-[3-(1-(3,4-methylenedioxyphenyl)ethyl)-3-azabicyclo[3.1.0]hex-6-yl]-2-hydroxy-2-cyclopentyl-2-phenylacetamide
- 15 97. (1 α ,5 α ,6 α)-N-[3-(1,2,3,4-tetrahydronaphth-6-yl)ethyl]-3-azabicyclo[3.1.0]hex-6-yl]-2-hydroxy-2-cyclopentyl-2-phenylacetamide
98. (1 α ,5 α ,6 α)-N-[3-(1-(cis-(hex-3-enyl)-3-azabicyclo[3.1.0]hex-6-yl]-2-hydroxy-2-cyclopropyl-2-phenylacetamide
99. (1 α ,5 α ,6 α)-N-[3-(1-(trans-hex-3-enyl)-3-azabicyclo[3.1.0]hex-6-yl]-2-hydroxy-2-cyclopropyl-2-phenylacetamide
- 20 100. (1 α ,5 α ,6 α)-N-[3-(1-(trans-hex-3-enyl)-3-azabicyclo[3.1.0]-2-hydroxy-2-cyclohexyl-2-phenylacetamide
101. (1 α ,5 α ,6 α)-N-[3-(1-(cis-hex-3-enyl)-3-azabicyclo[3.1.0]hex-6-yl]-2-hydroxy-2-cyclohexyl-2-phenylacetamide
- 25 102. (1 α ,5 α ,6 α)-N-[3-(1-(trans-hex-3-enyl)-3-azabicyclo[3.1.0]hex-6-yl]-2-hydroxy-2-cyclopentyl-2-phenylacetamide

103. (1 α ,5 α ,6 α)-N-[3-(1-(cis-hex-3-enyl)-3-azabicyclo[3.1.0]hex-6-yl)-2-hydroxy-2-cyclopentyl-2-phenylacetamide
104. (1 α ,5 α ,6 α)-N-[3-(2-naphthylmethyl)-3-azabicyclo[3.1.0]hex-6-yl]-2-hydroxy-2-cyclopentyl-2-phenylacetamide
- 5 105. (1 α ,5 α ,6 α)-N-[3-(2-phenyl-1-methyl)-2-oxoethyl]-3-azabicyclo[3.1.0]hex-6-yl]-2-hydroxy-2-cyclopentyl-2-phenylacetamide
106. (1 α ,5 α ,6 α)-N-[3-(2-(4-carbamoylphenyl)ethyl)-3-azabicyclo[3.1.0]hex-6-yl]-2-hydroxy-2-cyclopentyl-2-phenylacetamide
107. (1 α ,5 α ,6 α)-N-[3-(2-(4-benzyloxycarbonylphenyl)ethyl)-3-azabicyclo[3.1.0]hex-6-yl]-2-hydroxy-2-cyclopentyl-2-phenylacetamide
- 10 108. (1 α ,5 α ,6 α)-N-[3-(1-(2-methylpropyl)benzane-3-azabicyclo[3.1.0]hex-6-yl)-2-hydroxy-2-cyclopentyl-2-phenylacetamide
109. (1 α ,5 α ,6 α)-N-[3-(2-(phenyl-1-methyl)-2-oxoethyl)-3-azabicyclo[3.1.0]hex-6-yl]-2-hydroxy-2-cyclohexyl-2-phenylacetamide
- 15 110. (1 α ,5 α ,6 α)-N-[3-hexyl-3-azabicyclo[3.1.0]hex-6-yl]-2-hydroxy-2-cyclohexyl-2-phenylacetamide
111. (1 α ,5 α ,6 α)-N-[3-(2-(4-cyanophenyl)ethyl)-3-azabicyclo[3.1.0]hex-6-yl]-2-hydroxy-2-cyclopentyl-2-phenylacetamide
112. (1 α ,5 α ,6 α)-N-[3-(2-(4-sulphamoylphenyl)ethyl)-3-azabicyclo[3.1.0]hex-6-yl]-2-hydroxy-2-cyclopentyl-2-phenylacetamide
- 20 113. (1 α ,5 α ,6 α)-N-[3-cyclohexylmethyl-3-azabicyclo[3.1.0]hex-6-yl]-2-hydroxy-2-cyclopentyl-2-phenylacetamide
114. (1 α ,5 α ,6 α)-N-[3-benzyl-3-azabicyclo[3.1.0]hex-6-yl]-2,2-diphenylacetamide
115. (1 α ,5 α ,6 α)-N-[3-benzyl-3-azabicyclo[3.1.0]hex-6-yl]-2-chloro-2-cyclohexyl-2-phenylacetamide
- 25

116. (1 α ,5 α ,6 α)-N-[3-benzyl-3-azabicyclo[3.1.0]hex-6-yl]-2-cyclohexyl-2-phenylacetamide
117. (1 α ,5 α ,6 α)-N-[3-benzyl-3-azabicyclo[3.1.0]hex-6-yl]-2-hydroxy-2-phenylacetamide
118. (1 α ,5 α ,6 α)-N-[3-benzyl-3-azabicyclo[3.1.0]hex-6-yl]-2-cyclopentyl-2-phenylacetamide
- 5 119. (1 α ,5 α ,6 α)-N-[3-benzyl-3-azabicyclo[3.1.0]hex-6-yl]-2-hydroxy-2-phenylpropionamide
120. N-methyl-N-(1 α ,5 α ,6 α)-N-[3-(1-phenyl-ethyl)-3-azabicyclo[3.1.0]-hex-6-yl]-2-cyclopentyl-2-hydroxy-2-phenylacetamide
- 10 121. N-methyl-N-(1 α ,5 α ,6 α)-N-[3-(3,4-methylenedioxyethyl)-3-azabicyclo[3.1.0]-hex-6-yl]-2-cyclopentyl-2-hydroxy-2-phenylacetamide
122. N-methyl-N-(1 α ,5 α ,6 α)-N-[3-(9-benzyl-3-azabicyclo[3.1.0]-hex-6-yl)-2-cyclopentyl-2-hydroxy-2-phenylacetamide
123. N-methyl-(1 α ,5 α ,6 α)-N-[3-(3,4-methylenedioxyethyl)-3-azabicyclo[3.1.0]-hex-6-yl]-2-cyclohexyl-2-hydroxy-2-phenylacetamide
- 15 124. N-methyl-N-(1 α ,5 α ,6 α)-N-[3-(4-methyl-3-pentenyl)-3-azabicyclo[3.1.0]-hex-6-yl]-2-cyclohexyl-2-hydroxy-2-phenylacetamide
125. N-methyl-N-(1 α ,5 α ,6 α)-N-[3-(4-methyl-3-pentenyl)-3-azabicyclo[3.1.0]-hex-6-yl]-2-cyclopentyl-2-hydroxy-2-phenylacetamide
- 20 126. N-methyl-N-(1 α ,5 α ,6 α)-N-[3-(4-methyl-3-pentenyl)-3-azabicyclo[3.1.0]-hex-6-yl]-2-cyclopentyl-2-hydroxy-2-phenylacetamide L (+)tartarate salt.

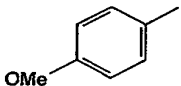
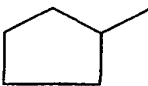
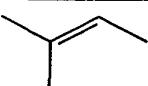
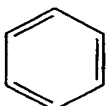
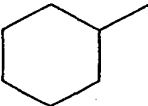
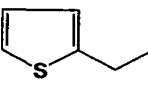
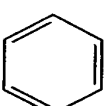
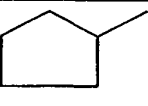
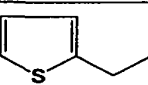
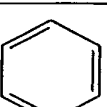
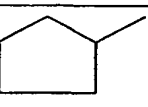
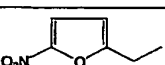
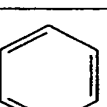
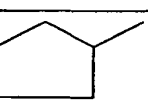
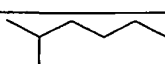
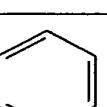
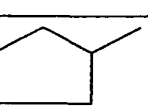
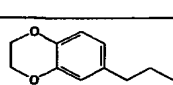
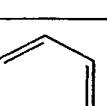
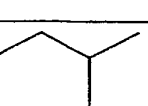
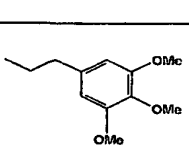
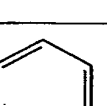
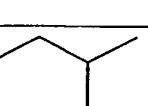
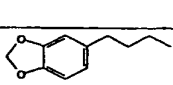
Table I

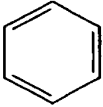
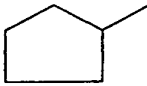
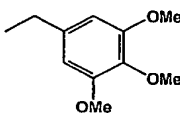
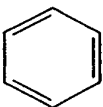
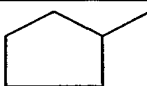
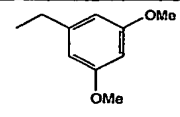
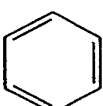
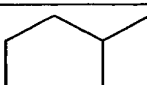
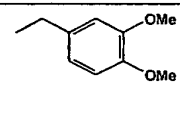
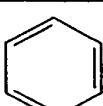
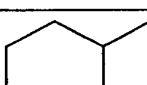
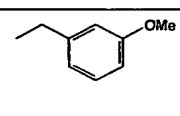
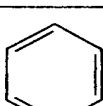
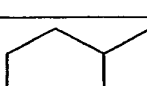
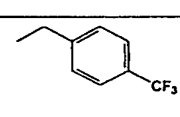
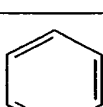
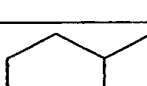
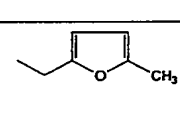

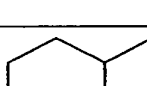
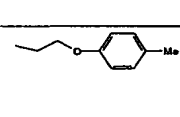

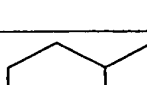
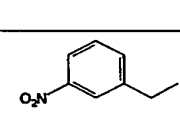

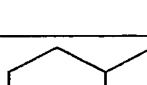
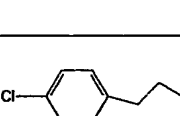
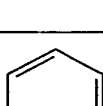
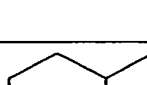
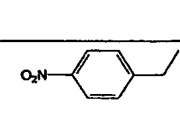


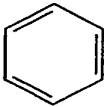
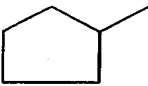
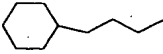
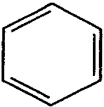
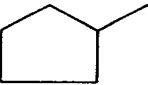
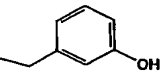

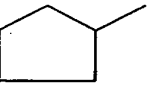
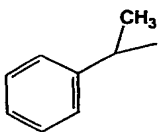
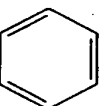

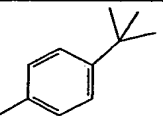
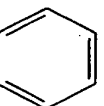
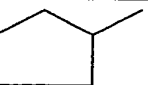
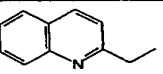
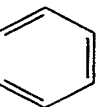
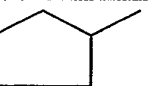
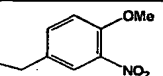
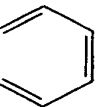
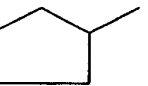
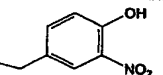
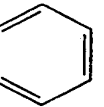
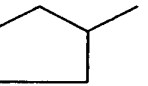
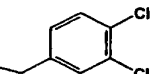
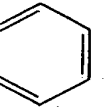
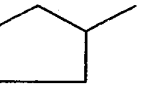
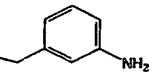
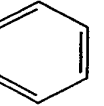
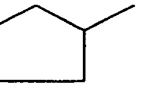
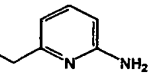
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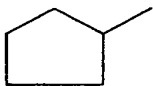
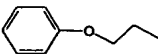
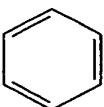
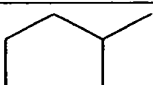
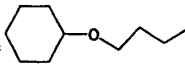
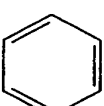
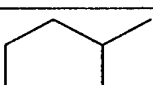
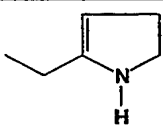
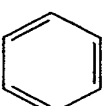
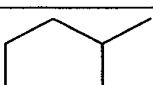
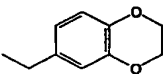
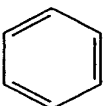

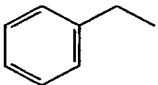
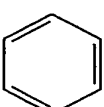

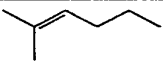
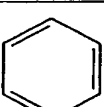
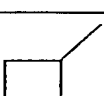
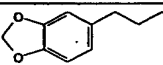
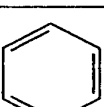
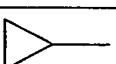
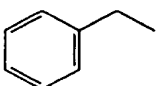
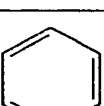
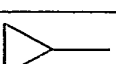
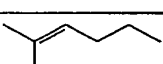

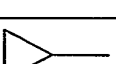
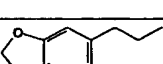
Formula I

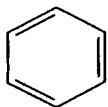
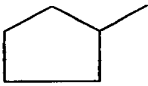
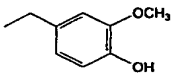

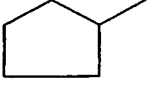
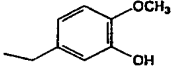

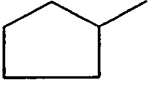
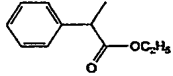
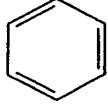
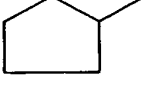
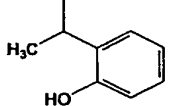
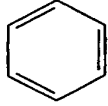
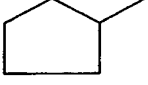
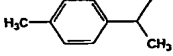
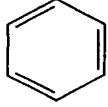
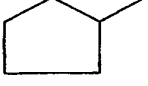
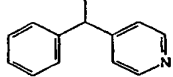
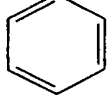
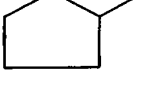
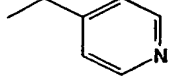
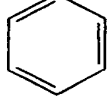
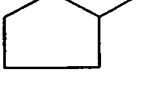
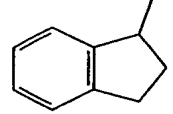
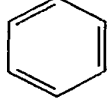
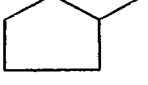
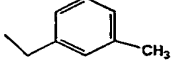
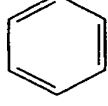
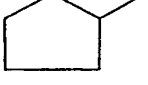
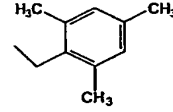
(wherein, W is (CH₂)_p where p=0, X is no atom and Y is (CH₂)_q where q=0, m=0)

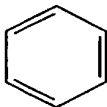
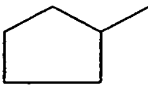
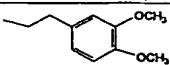
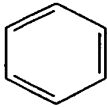
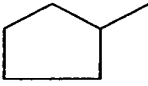
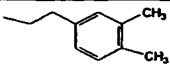

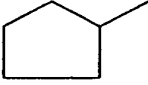

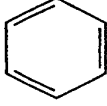
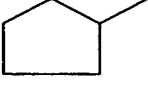
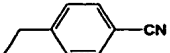
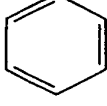
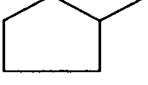
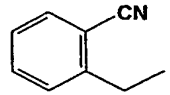
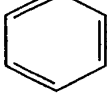
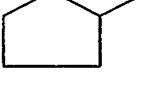
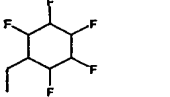
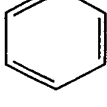
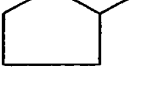
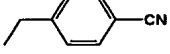
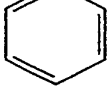
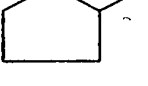
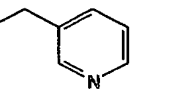
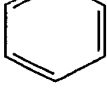
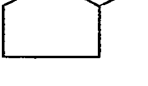
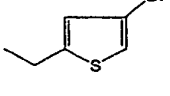

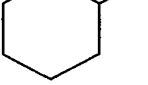
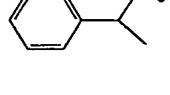
Compound No.	Ar	R ₁	R ₂	R ₃	R ₄
1		OH		H	
2		OH		H	
3		OH		H	
4		OH		H	
5		OH		H	
6		OH		H	
7		OH		H	
8		OH		H	

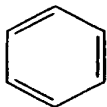
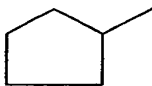
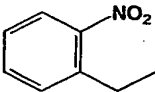
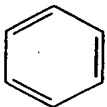
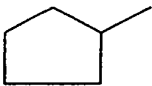
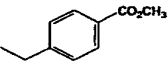

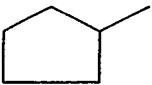
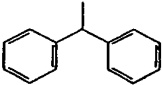
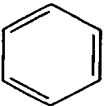
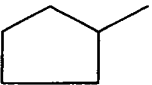
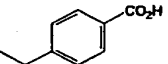
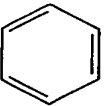
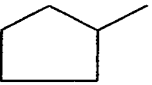
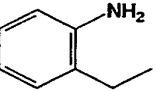
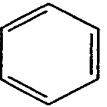
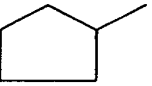
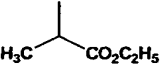
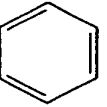
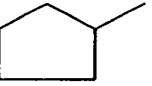
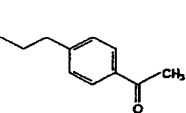
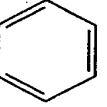
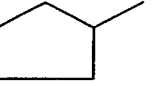
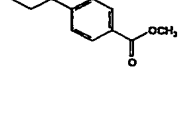
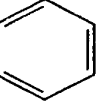
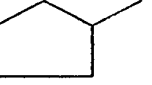
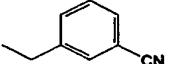
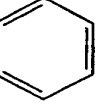
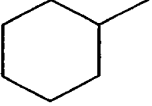
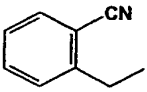
Compound No.	Ar	R ₁	R ₂	R ₃	R ₄
9		OH		H	
10		OH		H	
11		OH		H	
12		OH		H	
13		OH		H	
14		OH		H	
15		OH		H	
16		OH		H	
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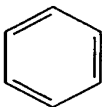
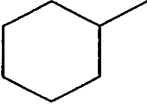
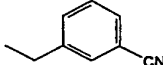
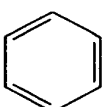
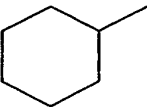
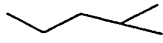
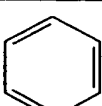
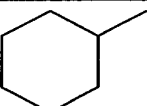
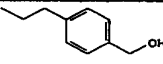
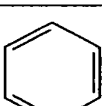
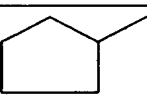
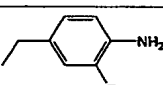
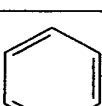
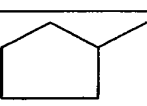
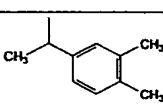

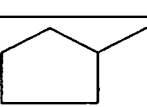
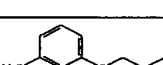

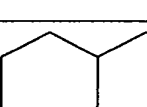
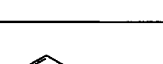
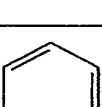
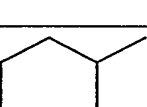
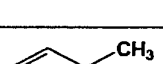

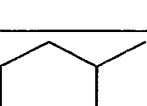
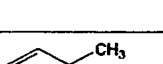

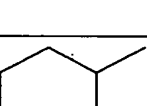
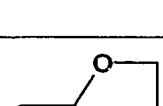
Compound No.	Ar	R ₁	R ₂	R ₃	R ₄
19		OH		H	
20		OH		H	
21		OH		H	
22		OH		H	
23		OH		H	
24		OH		H	
25		OH		H	
26		OH		H	
27		OH		H	
28		OH		H	

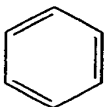
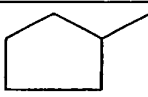
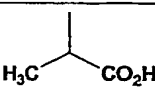

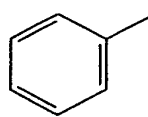
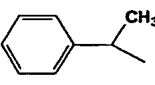
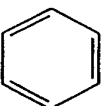
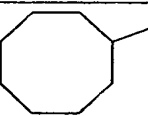
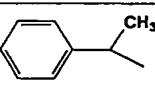
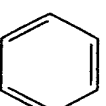
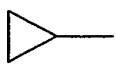
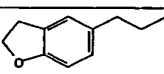
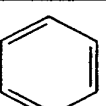
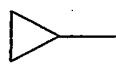
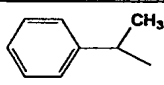
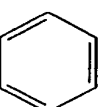
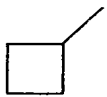
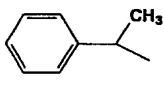
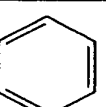
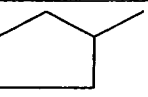
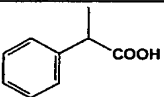
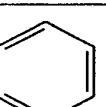
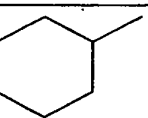
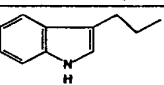
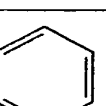
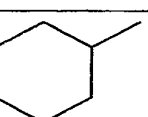
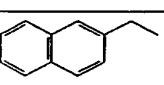
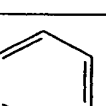
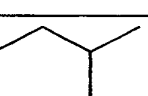

Compound No.	Ar	R ₁	R ₂	R ₃	R ₄
29		OH		H	
30		OH		H	
31		OH		H	
32		OH		H	
33		OH		H	
34		OH		H	
35		OH		H	
36		OH		H	
37		OH		H	
38		OH		H	

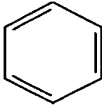
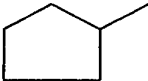

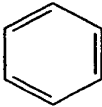
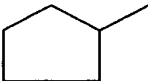
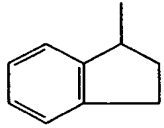

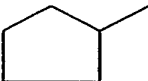
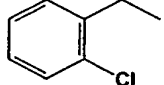
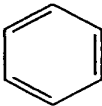
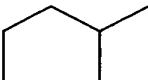
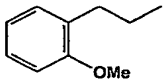
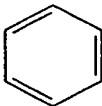
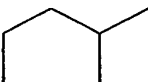
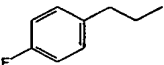
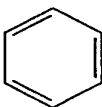
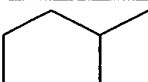
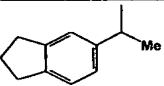
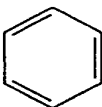
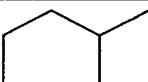
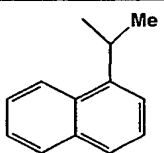
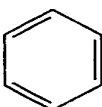
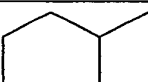
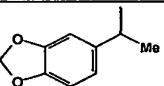
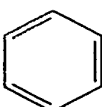
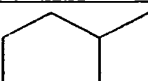
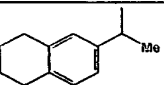
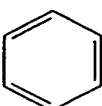
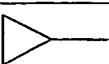

Compound No.	Ar	R ₁	R ₂	R ₃	R ₄
39		OH		H	
40		OH		H	
41		OH		H	
42		OH		H	
43		OH		H	
44		OH		H	
45		OH		H	
46		OH		H	
47		OH		H	
48		OH		H	


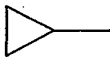


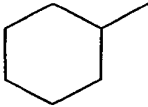


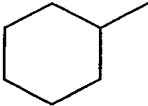

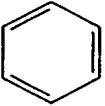
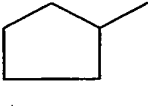


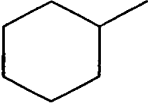

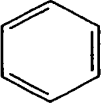
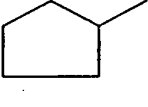
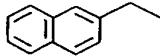
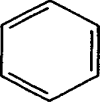
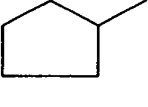
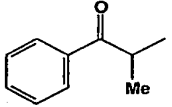
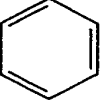
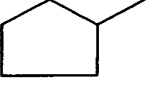
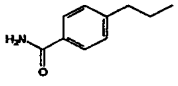
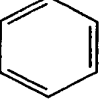
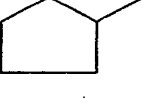
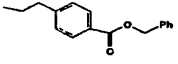
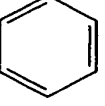
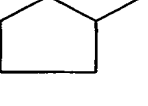
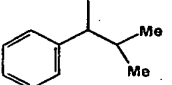
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50		OH		H	
51		OH		H	
52		OH		H	
53		OH		H	
54		OH		H	
55		OH		H	
56		OH		H	
57		OH		H	
58		OH		H	

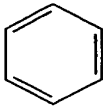
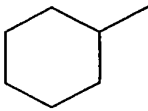
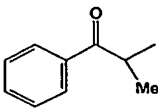
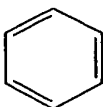
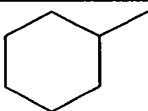

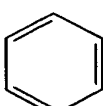
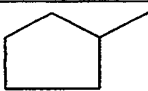
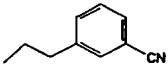
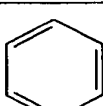
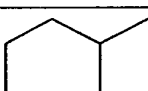
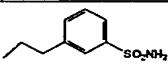
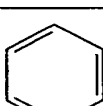
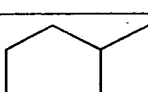
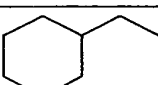
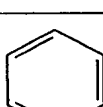
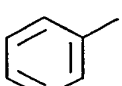
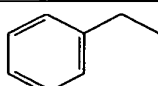

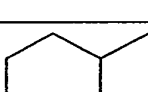
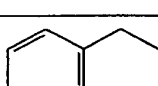

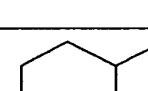
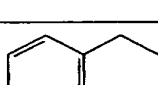

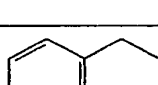

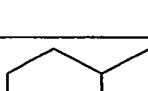
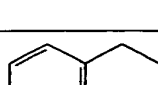
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60		OH		H	
61		OH		H	
62		OH		H	
63		OH		H	
64		OH		H	
65		OH		H	
66		OH		H	
67		OH		H	
68		OH		H	

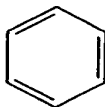
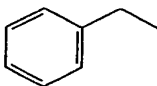
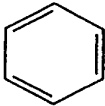
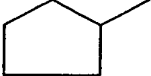
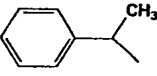

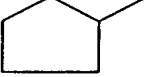
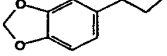

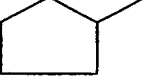
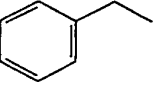

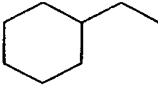
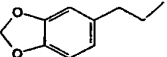
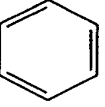
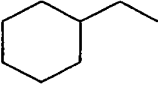
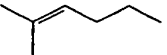
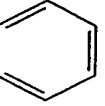
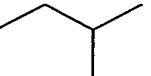
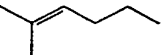
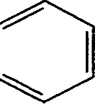
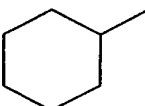
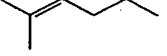
Compound No.	Ar	R ₁	R ₂	R ₃	R ₄
69		OH		H	
70		OH		H	
71		OH		H	
72		OH		H	
73		OH		H	
74		OH		H	
75		OH		H	
76		OH		H	
77		OH		H	
78		OH		H	

Compound No.	Ar	R ₁	R ₂	R ₃	R ₄
79		OH		H	
80		OH		H	
81		OH		H	
82		OH		H	
83		OH		H	
84		OH		H	
85		OH		H	
86		OH		H	
87		OH		H	
88		OH		H	

Compound No.	Ar	R ₁	R ₂	R ₃	R ₄
89		OH		H	
90		OH		H	
91		OH		H	
92		OH		H	
93		OH		H	
94		OH		H	
95		OH		H	
96		OH		H	
97		OH		H	
98		OH		H	

Compound No.	Ar	R ₁	R ₂	R ₃	R ₄
99		OH		H	
100		OH		H	
101		OH		H	
102		OH		H	
103		OH		H	
104		OH		H	
105		OH		H	
106		OH		H	
107		OH		H	
108		OH		H	

Compound No.	Ar	R ₁	R ₂	R ₃	R ₄
109		OH		H	
110		OH		H	
111		OH		H	
112		OH		H	
113		OH		H	
114		H		H	
115		Cl		H	
116		H		H	
117		OH	H	H	
118		H		H	

Compound No.	Ar	R ₁	R ₂	R ₃	R ₄
119		OH	CH ₃	H	
120		OH		CH ₃	
121		OH		CH ₃	
122		OH		CH ₃	
123		OH		CH ₃	
124		OH		CH ₃	
125		OH		CH ₃	
126		OH		CH ₃	

Compounds or compositions disclosed may be administered to an animal for treatment orally, or by parenteral route. Pharmaceutical compositions disclosed herein can be produced and administered in dosage units, each unit containing a certain amount of at least one compound described herein and/or at least one physiologically acceptable salt addition thereof. The dosage may be varied over extremely wide limits as the compounds are effective at low dosage levels and relatively free of toxicity. The compounds may be administered in

the low micromolar concentration, which is therapeutically effective, and the dosage may be increased as desired up to the maximum dosage tolerated by the patient.

The present invention also includes within its scope prodrugs of the compounds of Formulae I, II, III, IV, V and VI. In general, such prodrugs will be functional derivatives of these compounds, which readily are converted in vivo into the defined compounds. Conventional procedures for the selection and preparation of suitable prodrugs are known.

The present invention also includes the enantiomers, diastereomers, N-Oxides, polymorphs, solvates and pharmaceutically acceptable salts of these compounds as well as metabolites having the same type of activity. The present invention further includes pharmaceutical composition comprising the molecules of Formulae I, II, III, IV, V and VI or prodrugs, metabolite enantiomers, diastereomers. N-oxides, polymorphs solvates or pharmaceutically acceptable salts thereof, in combination with pharmaceutically acceptable carrier and optionally included excipient.

The examples mentioned below demonstrate the general synthetic procedure as well as the specific preparation of the preferred compound. The examples are provided to illustrate particular aspects of the disclosure and should not be constrained to limit the scope of the present invention, as defined by the claims.

EXPERIMENTAL DETAILS

Various solvents, such as acetone, methanol, pyridine, ether, tetrahydrofuran, hexanes, and dichloromethane, were dried using various drying reagents according to procedures well known in the literature. IR spectra were recorded as nujol mulls or a thin neat film on a Perkin Elmer Paragon instrument, Nuclear Magnetic Resonance (NMR) were recorded on a Varian XL-300 MHz instrument using tetramethylsilane as an internal standard.

EXAMPLE 1

Preparation of (1 α , 5 α , 6 α)-N-[3-(4-methyl-3-pentenyl)-3-azabicyclo[3.1.0]hex-6-yl]-2-hydroxy-2-cyclopentyl-2-(4-methoxy)phenyl acetamide (Compound No.1)

Step-1a: Synthesis of 2-Hydroxy-2-cyclopentyl-2-(4-methoxy)phenylacetic acid.

This was prepared following the procedure described in J.Amer. Chem. Soc. 75, 2654 (1953).

Step-1b: Synthesis of (1 α , 5 α , 6 α)-6-amino-3-azabicyclo[3.1.0]hexane:

This was synthesized as per reported procedure of Braish, T.F. et. al., Synlett. 1100 (1996).

Step-1c: Synthesis of (1 α , 5 α , 6 α)-6-tert-butoxy carbonylamino-3-azabicyclo[3.1.0]hexane.

5 This was synthesized as per reported procedure of Braish, T.F. et. al., Synlett. 1110 (1996).

Step-1d: Synthesis (1 α , 5 α , 6 α)-N-3-(4-methyl-3-pentenyl-6-tert-butoxycarbonylamino-3-azabicyclo [3.1.0]hexane:

To a solution of compound of step-1c (1mmol) in 10 ml of acetonitrile was added 5-bromo-4-methyl pent-3-ene (0.75 mmol) followed by the addition of potassium carbonate (3 mmol)
10 and potassium iodide (2 mmol). The reaction mixture was refluxed for 5 hours and then brought to room temperature and filtered. The filtrate was concentrated under reduced pressure and the residue was purified by column chromatography (60 x 20 mesh size silica gel). The compound was eluted with 1:1 EtOAc:Hexane mixture.

¹HNMR (CDCl₃): δ value: 5.09-5.04 (t, 4H), 4.56 (bs, 1H), 3.11-3.08 (d, 2H), 2.76 (s, 1H),
15 2.36-2.31 (m, 4H), 2.11-2.03 (m, 2H), 1.67 (s, 3H), 1.52-1.43 (m, 13H)

IR (DCM): 1706 cm⁻¹

Step-1e: Synthesis of (1 α ,5 α ,6 α)-3-N-(4-methyl-3-pentenyl)-6-amino-3-azabicyclo[3.1.0] hexane hydrochloride

To a solution of compound of step-1d in EtOAc (20 ml) at 0°C was added saturated solution
20 of hydrochloric acid in EtOAc. The reaction mixture was stirred at room temperature for 16 hours and then concentrated under reduced pressure to give a solid.

m.p.: 231°C

Step-1f: Synthesis of (1 α , 5 α , 6 α)-N-[3-(4-methyl-3-pentenyl)-3-azabicyclo[3.1.0]
25 hex-6-yl]-2-hydroxy-2-cyclopentyl-2-(4-methoxy)phenyl acetamide (Compound No.1)

A solution of 2-hydroxy-2-cyclopentyl-2-(4-methoxy)phenylacetic acid (1mmol) and (1 α ,
5 α , 6 α)-3-N-(4-methyl-3-pentenyl)-6-amino-3-azabicyclo[3.1.0]hexane hydrochloride
(1mmol) in DMF (5ml) was cooled to 0°C. The reaction mixture was treated with 1-
hydroxybenzotriazole (HOBT, 1.1 mmol) and N-methyl morpholine (NMM, 4mmol) and
30 stirred at 0°C for half an hr. EDC.HCl (1-[3-(dimethylamino)propyl]-3-ethyl-carbodiimide
hydrochloride; 1 mmol) was added and the reaction mixture was stirred at 0°C for 1 hr. and

then at room temperature overnight. The reaction mixture was poured into saturated sodium bicarbonate solution and extracted with EtOAc. The organic layer was washed with water, dried over sodium sulphate and concentrated under reduced pressure. The residue was purified by column chromatography (100 x 200 mesh size silicagel) eluting the compound with 70:30 EtOAc-hexane mixture.

¹HNMR (CDCl₃, δ-value): 7.54-6.84 (m, 4-Ar-H); 6.35 (bs, 1H) 5.04 (t, 1H); 3.79 (s, 3H); 3.19-1.17 (m, 26H)

IR (DCM): 1652 cm⁻¹

EXAMPLE 2

10 Preparation of (1α, 5α, 6α)-N-[3-(2-Thienylmethyl)-3-azabicyclo[3.1.0] hex-6-yl]-2-hydroxy-2-cyclohexyl-2-phenylacetamide (Compound No.2)

Step-2a: Synthesis of 2-hydroxy-2-cyclohexyl-2-phenylacetic acid:

This was prepared by following the procedure in J.Amer.Chem. Soc., 75, 2654 (1953).

15 **Step-2b:** Synthesis of (1α, 5α, 6α)-N-[3-benzyl-3-azabicyclo[3.1.0]-hex-6-yl]-2-hydroxy-2-cyclohexyl-2-phenylacetamide:

The compound was synthesized by procedure of Example 1, step-f, using 2-hydroxy-2-cyclohexyl-2-phenylacetic acid in place of 2-hydroxy-2-cyclopentyl-2-(4-methoxy) phenylacetic acid and (1α,5α,6α)-3-benzyl-3-azabicyclo-6-amino [3.1.0]hexane instead of (1α, 5α, 6α)-3-N-(4-methyl-3-pentenyl)-6-amino-3-azabicyclo[3.1.0]hexane hydrochloride.

20 **Step-2c:** Synthesis of (1α, 5α, 6α)-N-[3-azabicyclo [3.1.0]-hex-6-yl]-2-cyclohexyl-2-hydroxy-2-phenylacetamide.

The compound of Step-b (1mmol) in MeOH (20 ml) was added to a suspension of Pd-C in MeOH (10 ml) and the reaction mixture was hydrogenated in parr apparatus at 45 psi for 3 hrs. The reaction mixture was filtered over celite and concentrated under reduced pressure to give the compound.

¹HNMR (CDCl₃-δ value): 7.47-6.74 (m, 5ArH), 3.24-3.16 (m, 3H), 3.07-3.02 (m, 2H), 2.9-1.23 (m, 13H).

IR (DCM): 1660cm⁻¹

Step-2d: Synthesis of (1 α , 5 α , 6 α)-N-[3-(2-Thienylmethyl)-3-azabicyclo[3.1.0] hex-6-yl]-2-hydroxy-2-cyclohexyl-2-phenylacetamide (Compound No.2)

A solution of compound of step c (1mmol) and 2-formylthiophene (1.1 mmol) in dry THF was stirred over molecular sieves for 2 hours and then sodium triacetoxo borohydride was added and the reaction mixture stirred at room temperature overnight. The reaction mixture was filtered, concentrated under reduced pressure and EtOAc was added. The organic layer was washed with water, dried and concentrated under reduced pressure. The residue was purified by column chromatography (100-200 mesh, silica gel), eluting the compound with 40:60 EtOAc-hexane.

10 m.pt.: 153-154°C

¹HNMR (CDCl₃, δ value): 7.59-6.81 (m, 8 ArH), 6.59 (bs, 1H); 3.73 (s, 2H), 3.12-1.23 (m, 18H).

IR (KBr): 1656 cm⁻¹

EXAMPLE 3

15 **Preparation of (1 α , 5 α , 6 α)-N-[3-(2-thienylmethyl)-3-azabicyclo[3.1.0]hex-6-yl]-2-hydroxy-2-cyclopentyl-2-phenylacetamide (Compound No.3)**

Step-3a: Synthesis of 2-hydroxy-2-cyclopentyl-2-phenyl acetic acid.

This was prepared by following the procedure in J.Amer. Chem. Soc. 75, 2654 (1953).

20 **Step-3b:** Synthesis of (1 α , 5 α , 6 α)-N-[3-benzyl-3-azabicyclo [3.1.0]-hex-6-yl]-2-hydroxy-2-cyclopentyl-2-phenylacetamide.

This was synthesized by procedure of Example 2, Step b, using 2-hydroxy-2-cyclopentyl-2-phenylacetic acid in place of 2-hydroxy-2-cyclopentyl-2-(4-(methoxy)phenyl)acetic acid and (1 α , 5 α , 6 α)-3-benzyl-3-azabicyclo-6-amino [3.1.0]hexane instead of (1 α , 5 α , 6 α)-3-N-(4-methyl-3-pentyl)-6-amino-3-azabicyclo[3.1.0] hexane hydrochloride.

25 **Step-3c:** Synthesis of (1 α , 5 α , 6 α)-N-[3-azabicyclo-[3.1.0]hex-6-yl]-2-cyclopentyl-2-hydroxy-2-phenylacetamide.

The compound was synthesized by following the procedure of Example-2, Step-c, but using the compound (1 α , 5 α , 6 α)-N-[3-benzyl-3-azabicyclo [3.1.0]hex-6-yl]-2-hydroxy-2-cyclopentyl-2-phenylacetamide.

Step-3d: Synthesis of (1 α , 5 α , 6 α)-N-[3-(2-thienylmethyl)-3-azabicyclo[3.1.0]hex-6-yl]-2-hydroxy-2-cyclopentyl-2-phenylacetamide (Compound No.3)

The compound was synthesized by following the procedure of Example-2, Step-d, using (1 α , 5 α , 6 α)-N-[3-azabicyclo-[3.1.0]-hex-6-yl]-2-hydroxy-2-cyclopentyl-2-phenylacetamide instead of (1 α , 5 α , 6 α)-N-[3-azabicyclo-[3.1.0]-hex-6-yl]-2-hydroxy-2-cyclohexyl-2-phenylacetamide.

¹HNMR (CDCl₃- δ values): 7.58-6.82 (m, 8ArH), 6.36 (bs, 1H), 3.74 (s, 2H), 3.11-3.10 (m, 16H)

IR (DCM): 1658cm⁻¹

EXAMPLE 4

Preparation of (1 α , 5 α , 6 α)-N-[3-(5-nitro-2-furylmethyl)-3-azabicyclo[3.1.0]hex-6-yl]-2-hydroxy-2-cyclopentyl-2-phenylacetamide (Compound No.4)

A solution of (1 α , 5 α , 6 α)-N-[3-azabicyclo[3.1.0]-hex-6-yl]-2-hydroxy-2-cyclopentyl-2-phenylacetamide (1 mmol) in THF containing acetic acid (3.7 mmol); 5-nitrofurfural (2.5 mmol) and sodium triacetoxyborohydride (3.2 mmol) was stirred at room temperature overnight. The reaction mixture was poured into saturated bicarbonate solution and extracted with EtOAc. The organic layer was washed with water and dried. The crude compound obtained after removing the solvents was purified by column chromatography (100-200 mesh silica gel) eluting the compound with 20:80 EtOAc:Hexane mixture.

¹HNMR (CDCl₃ δ -value): 7.58-7.23 (m, 5ArH), 6.44 (bs, 1H); 6.37 (d, 1H), 3.66 (s, 2H), 3.14-2.90 (m, 5H), 2.52-2.48 (m, 2H), 1.60-1.47 (m, 3H), 1.46-1.42 (m, 2H)

IR (DCM): 1655 cm⁻¹

EXAMPLE 5

Preparation of (1 α , 5 α , 6 α)-N-[3-(4-methyl-pentyl)-3-azabicyclo [3.1.0]-hex-6-yl]-2-hydroxy-2-cyclopentyl-2-phenylacetamide (Compound No.5)

A solution of (1 α , 5 α , 6 α)-N-3-azabicyclo [3.1.0]-hex-6-yl]-2-hydroxy-2-phenylacetamide (1 mmol) in 15 ml of acetonitrile containing 4-methylpentyl methanesulphonate (2 mmol) and potassium carbonate (2 mmol) was refluxed for 8 hours. The reaction mixture was filtered and concentrated under reduced pressure. The residue was purified by column chromatography (100-200 mesh, silicagel) eluting the compound with 80 : 20 : EtOAc-hexane mixture.

¹HNMR (CDCl₃, δ value): 7.63-7.26 (m, 5ArH); 6.37 (bs, 1H), 3.14-3.07 (m, 4H); 2.85 (s, 1H); 2.33-2.28 (m, 3H), 1.7-0.82 (m, 21H)

IR (DCM) : 1651 cm⁻¹

EXAMPLE 6

Preparation of (1 α , 5 α , 6 α)-N-[3-(2-(1,4-benzodioxan-6-yl)ethyl)-3-azabicyclo [3.1.0]-hex-6-yl]-2-hydroxy-2-cyclopentyl-2-phenylacetamide (Compound No.6)

Step-6a: Synthesis of 6-(2-bromoethyl)-1,4-benzodioxan

The compound was synthesized following the procedure of EP 0388054 A1.

Step-6b: Synthesis of (1 α , 5 α , 6 α)-N-[3-(2-(1,4-benzodioxan-6-yl)ethyl)-3-azabicyclo [3.1.0]-hex-6-yl]-2-hydroxy-2-cyclopentyl-2-phenylacetamide.

The compound was synthesized following the procedure of Example-5 using 6-(2-bromoethyl)-1,4-benzodioxan, instead of 4-methylpentyl methane sulphonate.

¹HNMR (CDCl₃, δ values): 7.60-7.23 (m, 5ArH), 6.76-6.56 (m, 3H), 5.30 (s, 1H), 4.22 (s, 4H), 3.24-2.57 (m, 10H), 1.67-0.89 (m, 10H)

IR (DCM): 1661 cm⁻¹

EXAMPLE 7

Preparation of (1 α , 5 α , 6 α)-N-[3-(3,4,5-trimethoxyphenethyl)-3-azabicyclo[3.1.0]-hex-6-yl]-2-hydroxy-2-cyclopentyl-2-phenylacetamide (Compound No.7)

Step-7a: Synthesis of 3,4,5-trimethoxyphenethylbromide.

The compound was synthesized following the procedure described in EP 0388054 A1 and starting with 3,4,5-trimethoxyphenylacetic acid.

Step-7b: Synthesis of (1 α , 5 α , 6 α)-N-[3-(3,4,5-trimethoxyphenethyl)-3-azabicyclo[3.1.0]-hex-6-yl]-2-hydroxy-2-cyclopentyl-2-phenylacetamide.

- 5 The compound was synthesized following the procedure of Example 5, using 3,4,5-trimethoxyphenethyl bromide instead of 4-methylpentyl methane sulphonate.

¹HNMR (CDCl₃): 7.59-6.42 (m, 7ArH), 6.37 (bs, 1H), 3.82 (s, 9H), 3.19-0.89 (m, 20H).

IR (DCM): 1653cm⁻¹

EXAMPLE 8

- 10 **Preparation of (1 α , 5 α , 6 α)-N-[3-[3-(3,4-methylenedioxyphenyl)propyl]-3-azabicyclo[3.1.0]-hex-6-yl]-2-hydroxy-2-cyclopentyl-2-phenylacetamide (Compound No. 8)**

The compound was synthesized by following the procedure of Example 5, using 3-(3,4-methylenedioxyphenyl)propylbromide instead of 4-methylpentyl methane sulphonate.

- 15 ¹HNMR (CDCl₃): 7.59-6.56 (m, 8ArH), 5.29 (s, 2H), 3.19-0.89 (m, 22H)

IR (DCM): 1654 cm⁻¹

EXAMPLE 9

Preparation of (1 α , 5 α , 6 α)-N-[3-(3,4,5-trimethoxybenzyl)-3-azabicyclo [3.1.0] hex-6-yl]-2-hydroxy-2-cyclopentyl-2-phenylacetamide (Compound No.9)

- 20 **Step-9a:** Synthesis of 3,4,5-trimethoxybenzylchloride

The compound was synthesized following the procedure described in EP0388054 A1 and starting with 3,4,5-trimethoxybenzoic acid.

Step-9b: Synthesis of (1 α , 5 α , 6 α)-N-[3-(3,4,5-trimethoxybenzyl)-3-azabicyclo [3.1.0] hex-6-yl]-2-hydroxy-2-cyclopentyl-2-phenylacetamide

- 25 The compound was prepared by following the procedure of Example-5, using 3,4,5-trimethoxybenzylchloride instead of 4-methylpentyl methanesulphonate.

¹HNMR (CDCl₃, δ-values): 7.59-6.46 (m, 7ArH), 6.40 (bs, 1H), 3.82 (s, 9H), 3.46 (s, 2H), 3.09-1.01 (m, 16H)

IR (DCM): 1653cm⁻¹

EXAMPLE 10

5 **Preparation of (1α, 5α, 6α)-N-[3-(3,5-dimethoxybenzyl)-3-azabicyclo [3.1.0]-hex-6-yl]-2-hydroxy-2-cyclopentyl-2-phenylacetamide (Compound No.10)**

To a solution of (1α, 5α, 6α)-N-[3-azabicyclo[3.1.0]hex-6-yl]-2-cyclopentyl-2-hydroxy-2-phenylacetamide (1 mmol), 3,5-dimethoxybenzylchloride (1.3 mmol), potassium carbonate (2 mmol) and potassium iodide (2 mmol) in acetonitrile was refluxed for 8 hours. The reaction
10 mixture was filtered, concentrated under reduced pressure and the residue was purified by column chromatography (100-200 mesh size silicagel) eluting the compound with 1:1 EtOAc-hexane mixture.

¹HNMR (CDCl₃, δ values): 7.58-6.44 (m, 8ArH), 6.33 (bs, 1H), 3.76 (s, 6H), 3.52 (s, 2H), 3.11-3.10 (m, 16H)

15

EXAMPLE 11

Preparation of (1α, 5α, 6α)-N-[3-(3,4-dimethoxybenzyl)-3-azabicyclo[3.1.0]hex-6-yl]-2-hydroxy-2-cyclopentyl-2-phenylacetamide (Compound No.11)

The compound was synthesized by following the procedure of Example 10 but using 3,4-dimethoxybenzylchloride instead of 3,5-dimethoxybenzylchloride.

20 ¹HNMR (CDCl₃, δ-values): 7.58-6.74 (m, 8ArH), 6.42 (bs, 1H), 3.84 (s, 2H), 3.49-0.89 (m, 16H)

IR (DCM): 1657cm⁻¹

EXAMPLE 12

25 **Preparation of (1α, 5α, 6α)-N-[3-(3-methoxybenzyl)-3-azabicyclo [3.1.0]hex-6-yl]-2-hydroxy-2-cyclopentyl-2-phenylacetamide (Compound No. 12)**

The compound was synthesized following the procedure of Example 10, using 3-methoxybenzylchloride instead of 3,5-dimethoxybenzylchloride.

The pure product was eluted with 20:80 EtOAc-hexane mixture.

¹HNMR (CDCl₃, δ values): 7.60-6.76 (m, 9Ar-H), 6.44 (bs, 1H), 3.78 (s, 3H), 3.57 (s, 2H), 3.13-0.89 (m, 16H)

IR (DCM): 1661 cm⁻¹

EXAMPLE 13

5 **Preparation of (1α, 5α, 6α)-N-[3-(4-trifluoromethylbenzyl)-3-azabicyclo [3.1.0] hex-6-yl]-2-hydroxy-2-cyclopentyl 2-phenyl acetamide (Compound No.13)**

A solution of ((1α, 5α, 6α)-N-[3-azabicyclo [3.1.0]hex-6-yl]-2-hydroxy-2-cyclopentyl-2-phenylacetamide (1 mmol), 4-trifluoromethylbenzaldehyde (2.64 mmol), sodium triacetoxymethylborohydride (3.3 mmol) and acetic acid (3.8 mmol) in THF was stirred at room
10 temperature for 4 days. The reaction mixture was poured into saturated aqueous sodium bicarbonate solution and extracted with dichloromethane. The organic layer was washed with water, dried and concentrated under reduced pressure. The residue was purified by column chromatography (100-200 mesh size silicagel) and compound was eluted with 20:80 EtOAc-hexane mixture

15 ¹HNMR (CDCl₃, δ-values): 7.60-7.23 (m, 9ArH), 6.49 (ds, 1H), 3.68 (s, 2H), 3.12-1.10 (m, 16H)

IR (DCM): 1651cm⁻¹

EXAMPLE 14

20 **Preparation of (1α, 5α, 6α)-N-[3-(5-methyl-2-furylmethyl)-3-azabicyclo [3.1.0], hex-6-yl]-2-hydroxy-2-cyclopentyl-2-phenylacetamide (Compound No.14)**

The compound was synthesized by following the procedure of Example 13, using 5-methyl-2-furancarboxaldehyde instead of 4-trifluoromethylbenzaldehyde.

¹HNMR (CDCl₃, δ-values): 7.57-5.99 (m, 7ArH), 5.84 (s, 1H), 3.53 (s, 2H), 3.09-2.49 (m, 7H), 2.24 (s, 3H), 1.63-1.16 (m, 9H).

25 IR (DCM): 1638cm⁻¹

EXAMPLE 15**Preparation of (1 α , 5 α , 6 α)-N-[3-(2-(4-methylphenoxy)ethyl)-3-azabicyclo [3.1.0] hex-6-yl]-2-hydroxy-2-cyclopentyl-2-phenylacetamide (Compound No.15)**

5 The compound was synthesized by following the procedure of Example 10, using 4-methylphenoxyethyl bromide instead of 3,5-dimethoxybenzylchloride.

The compound was eluted with 30:70 – EtOAc-hexane mixture.

¹HNMR (CDCl₃, δ values): 7.58-6.73 (m, 9ArH), 6.48 (s, 1H), 4.01 (t, 3H), 3.25-2.63 (m, 9H), 2.26 (s, 3H), 1.62-1.18 (m, 9H)

IR (DCM): 1652cm⁻¹

10

EXAMPLE 16**Preparation of (1 α , 5 α , 6 α)-N-[3-[3-nitrobenzyl]-3-azabicyclo[3.1.0] hex-6-yl]-2-hydroxy-2-cyclopentyl-2-phenylacetamide (Compound No.16)**

The compound was prepared by following the procedure of Example 13 but using 3-nitrobenzaldehyde instead of 4-trifluoromethylbenzaldehyde.

15 ¹HNMR (CDCl₃, δ -values): 8.09-7.23 (m, 9ArH), 6.47 (bs, 1H), 3.67 (6, 2H), 3.22-1.23 (m, 16H)

IR (DCM): 1654 cm⁻¹

EXAMPLE 17**Preparation of (1 α , 5 α , 6 α)-N-[3-(4-chlorophenethyl)-3-azabicyclo [3.1.0]hex-6-yl]-2-hydroxy-2-cyclopentyl-2-phenylacetamide (Compound No.17)**

20

The compound was synthesized following the procedure of Example 5 but using 4-chlorophenylthylmethane sulphonate instead of 4-methylpentyl methanesulphonate.

¹HNMR (CDCl₃ δ -values): 7.58-7.06 (m, 9ArH), 6.39 (s, 1H), 3.16-3.11 (t, 2H), 3.02-0.87 (m, 18H)

25 IR (DCM): 1657cm⁻¹

EXAMPLE 18**Preparation of (1 α , 5 α , 6 α)-N-[3-(4-nitrobenzyl)-3-azabicyclo [3.1.0]hex-yl]-2-hydroxy-2-cyclopentyl-2-phenylacetamide (Compound No.18)**

The compound was synthesized using the procedure of Example 10, using 4-nitrobenzyl chloride instead of 3,5-dimethoxy benzyl chloride.

m.pt: 85-87°C

¹HNMR (CDCl₃, δ values): 7.58-7.06 (m, 9ArH), 6.39 (s, 1H), 3.16-3.11 (t, 2H), 3.02-0.87 (m, 18H)

IR (DCM): 1657cm⁻¹

EXAMPLE 19**Preparation of (1 α , 5 α , 6 α)-N-[3-(3-phenylpropyl)-3-azabicyclo [3.1.0]hex-6-yl]-2-hydroxy-2-cyclopentyl-2-phenylacetamide (Compound No.19)**

The compound was synthesized by following the procedure of Example 13, using phenylpropionaldehyde instead of 4-trifluoromethyl benzaldehyde.

¹HNMR (CDCl₃, δ -values): 7.59-7.12 (m, 10ArH), 6.38 (bs, 1H), 3.11-1.25 (m, 22H)

EXAMPLE 20**Preparation of (1 α , 5 α , 6 α)-N-[3-(3-hydroxybenzyl)-3-azabicyclo [3.1.0]hex-6-yl]-2-hydroxy-2-cyclopentyl-2-phenylacetamide (Compound No.20)**

The compound was synthesized by following the procedure of Example 13, using 3-hydroxybenzaldehyde instead of 4-trifluoromethyl benzaldehyde.

¹HNMR (CDCl₃, δ -values): 7.59-6.67 (m, 9ArH), 6.54 (bs, 1H), 3.47 (s, 2H), 3.04-0.83 (m, 16H)

EXAMPLE 21**Preparation of (1 α , 5 α , 6 α)-N-[3-(1-phenylethyl)-3-azabicyclo [3.1.0]hex-6-yl]-2-hydroxy-2-cyclopentyl-2-phenylacetamide (Compound No.21)**

The compound was synthesized by following the procedure of Example 13, using acetophenone instead of 4-trifluoromethyl benzaldehyde.

¹HNMR (CDCl₃, δ-values): 7.58-7.15 (m, 10ArH), 6.36 (bs, 1H), 3.29 (q, 1H), 3.19-1.23 (m, 20H)

IR (DCM) : 1652cm⁻¹

EXAMPLE 22

5 **Preparation of (1α, 5α, 6α)-N-[3-(4-t-butylbenzyl)-3-azabicyclo [3.1.0]hex-6-yl]-2-hydroxy-2-cyclopentyl-2-phenylacetamide (Compound No.22)**

The compound was synthesized by following the procedure of Example 10, using 4-t-butylbenzylbromide instead of 3,5-dimethoxybenzylbromide.

m.pt. : 60-62°C

10 ¹HNMR (CDCl₃, δ-values): 7.58-7.12 (m, 9ArH), 6.35 (bs, 1H), 3.40 (s, 2H), 3.13-1.36 (m, 16H), 1.29 (s, 9H)

IR (DCM) : 1652cm⁻¹

EXAMPLE 23

15 **Preparation of (1α, 5α, 6α)-N-[3-(2-methylquinolinyl)-3-azabicyclo [3.1.0]hex-6-yl]-2-hydroxy-2-cyclopentyl-2-phenylacetamide (Compound No. 23)**

The compound was synthesized by following the procedure of Example 10 but using 2-chloromethyl quinoline instead of 3,5-dimethoxybenzylbromide.

m.pt.: 54-57°C

20 ¹HNMR (CDCl₃, δ-values): 8.08-7.26 (m, 11ArH), 6.44 (bs, 1H), 3.87 (s, 2H), 3.13-1.15 (m, 16H)

IR (DCM) : 1646cm⁻¹

EXAMPLE 24

Preparation of (1α, 5α, 6α)-N-[3-(3-nitro-4-methoxybenzyl)-3-azabicyclo [3.1.0]hex-6-yl]-2-hydroxy-2-cyclopentyl-2-phenylacetamide (Compound No.24)

25 The compound was synthesized by following the procedure of Example 13 but using 3-nitro-4-methoxybenzaldehyde instead of 4-trifluoromethyl benzaldehyde.

¹HNMR (CDCl₃, δ-values): 7.68-6.97 (m, 8ArH), 6.46 (bs, 1H), 3.93 (s, 3H), 3.50 (s, 2H), 3.04-1.10 (m, 16H)

IR (DCM) : 1650cm⁻¹

EXAMPLE 25

5 **Preparation of (1α, 5α, 6α)-N-[3-(3-nitro-4-hydroxybenzyl)-3-azabicyclo [3.1.0]hex-6-yl]-2-hydroxy-2-cyclopentyl-2-phenylacetamide (Compound No.25)**

The compound was synthesized by following the procedure of Example 13 but using 3-nitro-4-hydroxy benzaldehyde instead of 4-trifluoromethyl benzaldehyde.

IR (DCM): 1658cm⁻¹

10 ¹HNMR (CDCl₃, δ-values): 7.91-7.05 (m, 8ArH), 6.44 (bs, 1H), 3.49 (s, 2H), 3.04-1.23 (m, 16H)

EXAMPLE 26

Preparation of (1α, 5α, 6α)-N-[3-(3,4-dichlorophenyl)-3-azabicyclo [3.1.0]hex-6-yl]-2-hydroxy-2-cyclopentyl-2-phenylacetamide (Compound No.26)

15 The compound was synthesized by following the procedure of Example 10, using 3,4-dichlorophenethyl methanesulphonate instead of 4-methylpentyl methane sulphonate.

¹HNMR (CDCl₃): 7.581-6.7 (m, 8ArH), 6.39 (bs, 1H), 3.14-0.88 (m, 20H)

EXAMPLE 27

20 **Preparation of (1α, 5α, 6α)-N-[3-(3-aminobenzyl)-3-azabicyclo [3.1.0]hex-6-yl]-2-hydroxy-2-cyclopentyl-2-phenylacetamide (Compound No.27)**

The solution of compound of Example 15 (1mmol) in methanol was cooled in an ice bath and to it raney nickel and hydrazine hydrate (2 mmol) were added. The reaction mixture was further stirred for 2 hours in an ice bath. It was filtered over celite, the filtrate was concentrated, and the residue taken in DCM. The residue was washed with water, dried and
25 purified by column chromatography (100-200 mesh, silicagel) eluting the compound with 70:30 EtOAc-hexane mixture.

¹HNMR (CDCl₃, δ-values): 7.59-6.52 (m, 9ArH), 6.37 (bs, 1H), 3.44 (s, 2H), 3.077-1.25 (m, 16H)

IR (DCM): 1645cm⁻¹

EXAMPLE 28

Preparation of (1 α , 5 α , 6 α)-N-[3-(6-aminopyridin-2-yl-methyl)-3-azabicyclo [3.1.0]hex-6-yl]-2-hydroxy-2-cyclopentyl-2-phenylacetamide (Compound No.28)

Step-a: Synthesis of 6-tert-butoxy carbonyl amino-2-pyridine methyl methane sulphonate

- 5 The compound was synthesized following the procedure described in J.Med.Chem., 2000, Vol. 43 (26), 5017-5029

Step-b: Synthesis of (1 α , 5 α , 6 α)-N-[3-(6-tert-butoxycarbonyl aminopyridin-2-yl methyl)-3-azabicyclo [3.1.0]hex-6-yl]-2-hydroxy-2-cyclopentyl-2-phenylacetamide

- 10 To a solution of compound of Step-a (1 mmol) in acetonitrile was added (1 α , 5 α , 6 α)-N-[3-(azabicyclo [3.1.0]hex-6-yl]-2-hydroxy-2-cyclopentyl phenyl acetamide (1 mmol), potassium carbonate (3 mmol) and the RM was stirred overnight at RT. The RM was poured into water and extracted with EtOAc. The organic layers were dried and concentrated under reduced pressure. The residue was purified by column chromatography eluting the compound with 5:95 MeOH-DCM.

- 15 m.pt: 60°C

¹HNMR (CDCl₃, δ -values): 7.74-6.93 (m, 8ArH), 6.39 (bs, 1H), 3.54 (s, 2H), 3.10-2.43 (m, 6H), 1.65-1.01 (m, 19H)

IR (DCM): 1658cm⁻¹

- 20 **Step-c:** Synthesis of Preparation of (1 α , 5 α , 6 α)-N-[3-(6-aminopyridin-2-yl-methyl)-3-azabicyclo [3.1.0]hex-6-yl]-2-hydroxy-2-cyclopentyl-2-phenylacetamide

The compound of Step-b (1 mmol) was taken in EtOAc and EtOAc saturated with hydrochloric acid was added to the RM. The RM was stirred at RT for 3 days. The RM was cooled to 0°C purified with aq. NaHCO₃. The organic layer was purified by 10% MeOH-DCM.

- 25 ¹HNMR (CDCl₃): 7.59-6.33 (m, 8H), 3.57 (s, 2H), 3.14-2.44 (m, 7H), 1.89-1.15 (m, 9H)

EXAMPLE 29**Preparation of (1 α , 5 α , 6 α)-N-[3-(2-phenoxyethyl)-3-azabicyclo [3.1.0]hex-6-yl]-2-hydroxy-2-cyclopentyl-2-phenylacetamide (Compound No.29)**

5 The compound was synthesized following the procedure of Example 10 but using 2-phenoxyethylbromide instead of 3,5-dimethoxybenzylbromide.

¹HNMR (CDCl₃, δ -values): 7.58-6.83 (m, 10ArH), 6.38 (bs, 1H), 3.96 (t, 2H), 3.077-1.25 (m, 16H)

IR (DCM): 1645cm⁻¹

EXAMPLE 30

10 **Preparation of (1 α , 5 α , 6 α)-N-[3-(3-phenoxypropyl)-3-azabicyclo [3.1.0]hex-6-yl]-2-hydroxy-2-cyclopentyl-2-phenylacetamide (Compound No.30)**

The compound was synthesized following the procedure of Example 10 using 3-phenoxypropylbromide instead of 3,5-dimethoxybenzylbromide.

15 ¹HNMR (CDCl₃, δ values): 7.58-6.84 (m, 10ArH), 6.38 (bs, 1H), 3.93 (t, 2H), 3.13-1.42 (m, 20H)

IR (DCM): 1652cm⁻¹

EXAMPLE 31**Preparation of (1 α , 5 α , 6 α)-N-[3-(2-methylpyrrolyl)-3-azabicyclo [3.1.0]hex-6-yl]-2-hydroxy-2-cyclopentyl-2-phenylacetamide (Compound No.31)**

20 The compound was synthesized following the procedure of Example 13 but using pyrrole-2-carboxaldehyde instead of 4-trifluoromethyl benzaldehyde.

¹HNMR (CDCl₃, δ -values): 9.17 (s, 1H), 7.58-6.05 (m, 8ArH), 5.96 (bs, 1H), 3.61 (s, 2H), 3.07-1.15 (m, 16H)

IR (DCM): 1645cm⁻¹

EXAMPLE 32**Preparation of (1 α , 5 α , 6 α)-N-[3-(1,4-benzodioxan-6-yl)-methyl-3-azabicyclo [3.1.0]hex-6-yl]-2-hydroxy-2-cyclopentyl-2-phenylacetamide (Compound No.32)**

The compound was synthesized following the procedure of Example 13 using 1,4-
5 benzodioxan-6-carboxaldehyde instead of 4-trifluoromethyl benzaldehyde.

m.pt.: 61-64°C

¹HNMR (CDCl₃, δ -values): 7.57-6.65 (m, 8ArH), 6.33 (bs, 1H), 4.22 (s, 4H), 3.41 (s, 2H),
3.04-1.10 (m, 16H)

IR (DCM): 1655cm⁻¹

10

EXAMPLE 33**Preparation of (1 α , 5 α , 6 α)-N-[3-benzyl-3-azabicyclo [3.1.0]hex-6-yl]-2-hydroxy-2-cyclobutyl-2-phenylacetamide (Compound No. 33)**

The compound was prepared by the following procedure:

Step-a: Synthesis of 2-hydroxy-2-cyclobutyl-2-phenylacetic acid.

15 This was synthesized as per reported procedure of Saul B. Kadin and Joseph G. Cannon, J. Org. Chem., 1962, 27, 240-245.

Step-b: Synthesis of (1 α , 5 α , 6 α)-N-[3-benzyl-3-azabicyclo [3.1.0]hex-6-yl]-2-hydroxy-2-cyclobutyl-2-phenylacetamide

This compound was prepared by following the procedure of Example 2, Step-b but using 2-
20 hydroxy-2-cyclobutyl-2-phenylacetic acid instead of 2-hydroxy-2-cyclohexyl-2-phenyl acetic acid.

¹HNMR (CDCl₃, δ -values): 7.47-6.19 (m, 10ArH), 6.19 (bs, 1H), 3.52 (s, 2H), 3.36-3.27 (m, 1H), 3.06-2.98 (m, 3H), 2.35-2.32 (m, 2H), 1.88-1.74 (m, 8H).

EXAMPLE 34**Preparation of (1 α , 5 α , 6 α)-N-[3-(4-methyl-3-pentyl)-3-azabicyclo [3.1.0]hex-6-yl]-2-hydroxy-2-cyclobutyl-2-phenylacetamide (Compound No.34)**

5 **Step-a:** Synthesis of (1 α , 5 α , 6 α)-N-[3-azabicyclo [3.1.0]hex-6-yl]-2-cyclobutyl-2-hydroxy-2-phenylacetamide.

The compound was prepared following the procedure of Example 2, Step-c by using (1 α , 5 α , 6 α)-N-[3-benzyl-3-azabicyclo [3.1.0] hex-6-yl]-2-cyclobutyl-2-hydroxy-2-phenylacetamide instead of (1 α , 5 α , 6 α)-N-[3-benzyl-3-bicyclo [3.1.0] hex-6-yl]-2-cyclohexyl-2-hydroxy-2-phenylacetamide.

10 **Step-b:** Synthesis of compound (1 α , 5 α , 6 α)-N-[3-benzyl-3-azabicyclo [3.1.0]hex-6-yl]-2-hydroxy-2-cyclobutyl-2-phenylacetamide

The compound was synthesized following the procedure of Example 5 using (1 α , 5 α , 6 α)-N-[3-azabicyclo[3.1.0]-hex-6-yl]-2-cyclobutyl-2-hydroxy-2-phenylacetamide instead of (1 α , 5 α , 6 α)-N-[3-azabicyclo [3.1.0]-hex-6-yl]-2-cyclopentyl-2-hydroxy-2-phenylacetamide and 5-bromo-2-methyl-pent-3-ene instead of 4-methylpentyl methane sulphonate.

¹HNMR (CDCl₃, δ -values): 7.48-7.26 (m, 5ArH), 6.13 (bs, 1H), 5.07-5.03 (t, 1H), 3.49 (bs, 1H), 3.34 (m, 1H), 3.10 (m, 2H), 2.86 (s, 1H), 2.33 (m, 4H), 2.09-1.57 (m, 16H).

IR (DCM): 1651 cm⁻¹

EXAMPLE 35

20 **Preparation of (1 α , 5 α , 6 α)-N-[3-[2-(3,4-methylenedioxyphenyl)ethyl]-3-azabicyclo [3.1.0]hex-6-yl]-2-hydroxy-2-cyclobutyl-2-phenylacetamide (Compound No. 35)**

The compound was prepared by following the procedure of Example 10 but using 3,4-methylenedioxy phenethylbromide instead of 3,5-dimethoxybenzyl bromide and (1 α , 5 α , 6 α)-N-3-[azabicyclo [3.1.0]hex-6-yl]-2-hydroxy-2-cyclobutyl-2-phenylacetamide instead
25 of (1 α , 5 α , 6 α)-N-[3-azabicyclo[3.1.0]hex-6-yl]-2-hydroxy-2-cyclopentyl-2-phenyl-acetamide.

¹HNMR (CDCl₃): 7.48-7.29 (m, 5H), 6.7-6.58 (m, 3H), 6.16 (s, 1H), 5.9 (s, 2H), 3.33 (m, 1H), 3.13 (m, 2H), 2.84 (s, 1H), 2.56 (m, 4H), 2.33 (m, 2H), 2.05-1.6 (m, 8H).

EXAMPLE 36**Preparation of (1 α , 5 α , 6 α)-N-[3-benzyl-3-azabicyclo [3.1.0]hex-6-yl]-2-hydroxy-2-cyclopropyl-2-phenylacetamide (Compound No.36)**

Step-a: Synthesis of 2-hydroxy-2-cyclopropyl-2-phenylacetic acid.

- 5 The compound was synthesized as per reported procedure of Saul B. Kadin and Joseph G. Cannon, J.Org. Chem. 1962, 27, 240-245.

Step-b: Synthesis of (1 α , 5 α , 6 α)-N-[3-benzyl-3-azabicyclo [3.1.0]hex-6-yl]-2-hydroxy-2-cyclopropyl-2-phenylacetamide.

- 10 The above compound was prepared by following the procedure of Example 2, Step-b using 2-hydroxy-2-cyclopropyl-2-phenylacetic acid instead of 2-hydroxy-2-cyclohexyl-2-phenylacetic acid.

¹HNMR (CDCl₃, δ -values): 7.59-7.29 (m, 5H), 6.05 (bs, 1H), 3.54 (s, 2H), 3.06 (m, 3H), 2.37 (m, 2H), 2.04 (s, 1H), 1.54-1.45 (m, 3H), 0.54 (m, 4H).

IR (DCM) : 1648 cm⁻¹

15

EXAMPLE 37**Preparation of (1 α , 5 α , 6 α)-N-[3-[4-methyl-3-pentenyl]-3-azabicyclo [3.1.0]hex-6-yl]-2-hydroxy-2-cyclopropyl-2-phenylacetamide (Compound No. 37)**

Step-a: Synthesis of (1 α , 5 α , 6 α)-N-[3-azabicyclo [3.1.0]hex-6-yl]-2-cyclopropyl-2-hydroxy-2-phenylacetamide.

- 20 The compound was prepared by following the procedure of Example 2 step-c, using (1 α , 5 α , 6 α)-N-[3-benzyl-3-azabicyclo-[3.1.0]hex-6-yl]-2-cyclopropyl-2-phenylacetamide instead of (1 α , 5 α , 6 α)-N-[3-benzyl-3-azabicyclo-[3.1.0]hex-6-yl]-2-hydroxy-2-cyclohexyl-2-phenylacetamide.

- 25 **Step-b:** Synthesis of (1 α , 5 α , 6 α)-N-[3-[4-methyl-3-pentenyl]-3-azabicyclo [3.1.0]hex-6-yl]-2-hydroxy-2-cyclopropyl-2-phenylacetamide

The compound was synthesized following the procedure of Example 5 using (1 α , 5 α , 6 α)-N-[3-azabicyclo[3.1.0]hex-6-yl]-2-cyclopropyl-2-hydroxy-2-phenylacetamide instead of (1 α ,

5 α , 6 α)-N-[3-azabicyclo[3.1.0]hex-6-yl]-2-cyclopentyl-2-hydroxy-2-phenylacetamide and 5-bromo-5-methyl-pent-3-one instead of 4-methylpentyl methane sulphonate.

¹HNMR (CDCl₃, δ -values): 7.59-7.29 (m, 5H), 6.00 (s, 1H), 5.06 (t, 1H), 3.44 (bs, 1H), 3.12 (m, 2H), 2.94 (s, 1H), 2.34 (m, 4H), 2.06 (m, 2H), 1.66-1.45 (m, 0H), 0.56 (m, 4H)

5 IR (DCM): 1651cm⁻¹

EXAMPLE 38

Preparation of (1 α , 5 α , 6 α)-N-[3-2-(3,4-methylenedioxyphenyl)ethyl]-3-azabicyclo[3.1.0]hex-6-yl]-2-hydroxy-2-cyclopropyl-2-phenylacetamide (Compound No.38)

10 The compound was prepared following the procedure of Example 10 using 3,4-methylenedioxyphenethylbromide instead of 3,4-dimethoxybenzylbromide and (1 α , 5 α , 6 α)-N-[3-azabicyclo[3.1.0]hex-6-yl]-2-hydroxy-2-cyclopropyl-2-phenylacetamide instead of (1 α , 5 α , 6 α)-N-[3-azabicyclo[3.1.0]hex-6-yl]-2-hydroxy-2-cyclopentyl-2-phenylacetamide.

¹HNMR (CDCl₃, δ -values): 7.59-7.30 (m, 5H), 6.67-6.66 (m, 3H), 6.03 (s, 1H), 5.9 (s, 2H), 3.17 (m, 2H), 2.92 (s, 1H), 2.58 (m, 4H), 2.36 (m, 2H), 1.65-1.47 (m, 3H), 0.80 (m, 1H), 0.50 (m, 4H)

15 IR (DCM): 1649cm⁻¹

EXAMPLE 39

Preparation of (1 α , 5 α , 6 α)-N-[3-(4-hydroxy-3-methoxybenzyl)]-3-azabicyclo[3.1.0] hex-6-yl]-2-hydroxy-2-cyclopentyl-2-phenylacetamide (Compound No.39)

20 The compound was prepared following the procedure of Example 13 using 4-hydroxy-3-methoxybenzaldehyde instead of 4-trifluoromethylbenzaldehyde.

m.pt: 68-73°C

¹HNMR (CDCl₃, δ values): 7.58-6.78 (m, 8ArH), 6.66 (bs, 1H), 6.41 (s, 1H), 5.85 (s, 3H), 3.46 (s, 2H), 3.05-1.11 (m, 17H)

25 IR (DCM): 1654cm⁻¹

EXAMPLE 40**Preparation of (1 α , 5 α , 6 α)-N-[3-(3-hydroxy-4-methoxybenzyl)]-3-azabicyclo[3.1.0]hex-6-yl]-2-hydroxy-2-cyclopentyl-2-phenylacetamide (Compound No.40)**

The compound was prepared following the procedure of Example 13 using 3-hydroxy-4-methoxybenzaldehyde instead of 4-trifluoromethylbenzaldehyde.

m.pt: 66-73°C

¹HNMR (CDCl₃, δ -value): 7.57-6.67 (m, 8ArH), 6.37 (bs, 1H), 3.85 (s, 3H), 3.45 (s, 2H), 3.13-2.94 (m, 4H), 2.38-2.35 (m, 2H), 1.67-1.25 9m, 10H)

IR (DCM): 1655cm⁻¹

10

EXAMPLE 41**Preparation of (1 α , 5 α , 6 α)-N-[3-(2-phenylcarboethoxyethyl)]-3-azabicyclo[3.1.0]hex-6-yl]-2-hydroxy-2-cyclopentyl-2-phenylacetamide (Compound No.41)**

The compound was synthesized following the procedure of Example 10 using 2-bromoethylphenylacetate instead of 3,5-dimethoxybenzylchloride.

¹HNMR (CDCl₃, δ values):7.58-7.26 (m, 10ArH), 6.38 (bs, 1H), 4.12-4.01 (m, 3H), 3.15-2.33 (m, 6H), 1.60-0.85 (m, 13H)

IR (DCM): 1646 and 1741 cm⁻¹

EXAMPLE 42**Preparation of (1 α , 5 α , 6 α)-N-[3-[1-(2-hydroxyphenyl)ethyl]]-3-azabicyclo[3.1.0]hex-6-yl]-2-hydroxy-2-cyclopentyl-2-phenylacetamide (Compound No.42)**

The compound was synthesized following the procedure of Example 13 using 2-hydroxyacetophenone instead of 4-trifluoromethyl benzaldehyde.

¹HNMR (CDCl₃, δ -values): 7.57-6.70 (m, 9ArH), 6.45 (bs, 1H), 3.38-1.16 (m, 20H)

IR (DCM): 1655 cm⁻¹

EXAMPLE 43**Preparation of (1 α , 5 α , 6 α)-N-[3-[1-(4-methylphenyl)ethyl]-3-azabicyclo[3.1.0]hex-6-yl]-2-hydroxy-2-cyclopentyl-2-phenylacetamide (Compound No.43)**

The compound was synthesized by following the procedure of Example 13 using 4-methylacetophenone instead of 4-trifluoromethylbenzaldehyde.

¹HNMR (CDCl₃, δ -values): 7.58-7.04 (m, 9ArH), 6.33 (bs, 1H), 3.28-1.45 (m, 12H), 1.25-1.21 (m, 11H)

IR (DCM): 1646 cm⁻¹

EXAMPLE 44**10 Preparation of (1 α , 5 α , 6 α)-N-[3-(3-(1-bromophenylmethyl)pyridine)-3-azabicyclo[3.1.0]hex-6-yl]-2-hydroxy-2-cyclopentyl-2-phenylacetamide (Compound No.44)**

The above compound was prepared by following the procedure of Example 10 using 3-(1-bromophenyl methyl)pyridine hydrochloride instead of 3,5-dimethoxybenzylbromide.

15 ¹HNMR (CDCl₃, δ -values): 8.45-7.06 (m, 14ArH), 6.46 (bs, 1H), 4.17 (s, 1H), 3.12-0.91 (m, 16H)

IR (DCM): 1660 cm⁻¹

EXAMPLE 45**20 Preparation of (1 α , 5 α , 6 α)-N-[3-(4-pyridylmethyl)-3-azabicyclo[3.1.0]hex-6-yl]-2-hydroxy-2-cyclopentyl-2-phenylacetamide (Compound No.45)**

The compound was synthesized following the procedure of Example 10 using 4-chloromethylpyridine hydrochloride instead of 3,5-dimethoxybenzylbromide.

m.pt: 70-73°C

25 ¹HNMR (CDCl₃, δ -values): 7.40-7.16 (m, 15ArH), 6.27 (bs, 1H), 3.82 (s, 1H), 3.33-1.24 (m, 11H)

IR (DCM): 1657 cm⁻¹

EXAMPLE 46**Preparation of (1 α , 5 α , 6 α)-N-[3-(1-indanyl)-3-azabicyclo[3.1.0]hex-6-yl]-2-hydroxy-2-cyclopentyl-2-phenylacetamide (Compound No.46)**

To a solution of (1 α , 5 α , 6 α)-N-(3-azabicyclo [3.1.0]hex-6-yl]-2-hydroxy-2-cyclopentyl-2-phenylacetamide (1 mmol) in THF was added 1-bromoindan (1.5 mmol) and N-ethyl-diisopropylamine (4 mmol) under nitrogen atmosphere. The reaction mixture was stirred at room temperature for 5 days. The reaction mixture was poured into saturated sodium bicarbonate solution and extracted with EtOAc. The organic layer was dried, concentrated under reduced pressure and purified by column chromatography (silicagel, 100-200 mesh) eluting the compound with 30:70 EtOAc-hexane.

¹HNMR (CDCl₃, δ -values): 7.58-7.12 (m, 9ArH), 6.36 (bs, 1H), 4.26-4.22 (t, 1H), 3.06-0.85 (m, 20H)

IR (DCM): 1652 cm⁻¹

EXAMPLE 47**Preparation of (1 α , 5 α , 6 α)-N-[3-(3-methylbenzyl)-3-azabicyclo[3.1.0]hex-6-yl]-2-hydroxy-2-cyclopentyl-2-phenylacetamide (Compound No.47)**

The compound was synthesized following the procedure of Example 13 using 3-methylbenzaldehyde instead of 4-trifluoromethylbenzaldehyde.

¹HNMR (CDCl₃, δ -values): 7.58-6.99 (m, 9ArH), 6.36 (bs, 1H), 3.49 (s, 2H), 3.06-0.87 (m, 19H)

IR (DCM): 1645 cm⁻¹

EXAMPLE 48**Preparation of (1 α , 5 α , 6 α)-N-[3-(2,4,6-trimethylbenzyl)-3-azabicyclo[3.1.0]hex-6-yl]-2-hydroxy-2-cyclopentyl-2-phenylacetamide (Compound No.48)**

The compound was synthesized following the procedure of Example 13 using 2,4,6-trimethylbenzaldehyde instead of 4-trifluoromethylbenzaldehyde.

¹HNMR (CDCl₃, δ -values): 7.56-7.22 (m, 7ArH), 6.30 (bs, 1H), 3.49 (s, 2H), 3.10-0.85 (m, 25H)

IR (DCM): 1646 cm⁻¹

EXAMPLE 49**Preparation of (1 α , 5 α , 6 α)-N-[3-[2-(3,4-dimethoxyphenyl)ethyl-3-azabicyclo[3.1.0]hex-6-yl]-2-hydroxy-2-cyclopentyl-2-phenylacetamide (Compound No.49)**

Step-a: Synthesis of 3,4-dimethoxyphenethylbromide

- 5 The compound was synthesized as per reported procedure in EP 0388054A1, using 1,2-dimethoxybenzene instead of 2,3-dihydrobenzofuran.

Step-b: Synthesis of (1 α , 5 α , 6 α)-N-[3-[2-(3,4-dimethoxyphenyl)ethyl-3-azabicyclo[3.1.0]hex-6-yl]-2-hydroxy-2-cyclopentyl-2-phenylacetamide

- 10 The compound was synthesized following the procedure described in Example 10 using 3,4-dimethoxyphenethyl bromide instead of 3,5-dimethoxybenzylbromide.

¹HNMR (CDCl₃, δ -values): 7.58-7.56 (d, 2ArH), 7.36-7.23 (m, 3H), 6.77-6.67 (m, 3H), 6.39 (bs, 1H), 3.88-3.83 (s, 6H), 3.18-3.15 (d, 2H), 3.15-2.37 (m, 10H), 1.73-0.87 (m, 10H)

IR (DCM): 1642 cm⁻¹

EXAMPLE 50

- 15 **Preparation of (1 α , 5 α , 6 α)-N-[3-[2-(3,4-dimethylphenyl)ethyl-3-azabicyclo[3.1.0]hex-6-yl]-2-hydroxy-2-cyclopentyl-2-phenylacetamide (Compound No.50)**

Step-a: Synthesis of 3,4-dimethylphenethylbromide.

The compound was synthesized as per reported procedure in EP0388054A1 using o-xylene instead of 2,3-dihydrobenzofuran.

- 20 **Step-b:** Synthesis of (1 α , 5 α , 6 α)-N-[3-[2-(3,4-dimethylphenyl)ethyl-3-azabicyclo[3.1.0]hex-6-yl]-2-hydroxy-2-cyclopentyl-2-phenylacetamide

The compound was synthesized following the procedure described in Example 10 using 3,4-dimethylphenethyl bromide instead of 3,5-dimethoxy benzylbromide.

- 25 ¹HNMR (CDCl₃): 7.58-7.56 (d, 2ArH), 7.38-7.28 (m, 2ArH), 7.28-6.36 (m, 2ArH), 7.02-7.00 (d, 1ArH), 6.92-6.87 (m, 2ArH), 6.36 (bs, 1H), 3.16-3.13 (m, 3H), 3.02-2.99 (m, 1H), 2.85 (bs, 1H), 2.63-2.53 (m, 4H), 2.37-2.34 (m, 2H), 2.20 (bs, 6H), 1.63-1.25 (m, 11H)

IR (DCM): 1646 cm⁻¹

EXAMPLE 51**Preparation of (1 α , 5 α , 6 α)-N-[3-pentyl-3-azabicyclo[3.1.0]hex-6-yl]-2-hydroxy-2-cyclopentyl-2-phenylacetamide (Compound No.51)**

The compound was synthesized following the procedure of Example 10, using 1-bromopentane instead of 3,5-dimethoxybenzylchloride.

¹HNMR (CDCl₃, δ -values): 7.58-7.55 (d, 2ArH), 7.35-7.22 (m, 3H), 6.35 (bs, 1H), 3.09-3.06 (m, 3H), 2.98 (m, 1H), 2.85 (bs, 1H), 2.31-2.27 (m, 4H), 1.77-0.83 (m, 7H)

EXAMPLE 52**Preparation of (1 α , 5 α , 6 α)-N-[3-(4-cyanobenzyl)-3-azabicyclo[3.1.0]hex-6-yl]-2-hydroxy-2-cyclopentyl-2-phenylacetamide (Compound No.52)**

The compound was prepared following the procedure of Example 10, using 4-cyanobenzylbromide instead of 3,5-dimethoxybenzylchloride.

¹HNMR (CDCl₃, δ -values): 7.58-7.53 (m, 4ArH), 7.34-7.26 (m, 5ArH), 6.47 (bs, 1H), 3.57 (s, 2H), 3.06-2.97 (m, 4H), 2.35 (d, 2H, J=7.6), 1.64-1.45 (m, 8H), 1.25-1.16 (m, 2H)

IR (KBr) : 1652cm⁻¹, 2228cm⁻¹

EXAMPLE 53**Preparation of (1 α , 5 α , 6 α)-N-[3-(2-cyanobenzyl)-3-azabicyclo [3.1.0]hex-6-yl]-2-hydroxy-2-cyclopentyl-2-phenylacetamide (Compound No.53)**

To a solution of (1 α , 5 α , 6 α)-N-[3-azabicyclo [3.1.0]hex-6-yl]-2-hydroxy-2-cyclopentyl-2-phenylacetamide (1 mmol) in DMF (10 ml) was added 2-cyanobenzylbromide (1.2 mmol), potassium carbonate (2 mmol) and potassium iodide (2 mmol). The reaction mixture was stirred overnight at room temperature, poured into water and extracted with ethyl acetate. The organic layer was dried and concentrated under reduced pressure. The residue was purified by column chromatography (100-200 mesh silicagel) eluting the compound with 25.75 EtOAc-hexane mixture.

¹HNMR (CDCl₃, δ -value): 7.59-7.23 (m, 10ArH), 6.40 (bs, 1H), 3.73 (s, 2H), 3.09-2.96 (m, 5H), 2.48-2.43 (m, 2H), 1.55-1.25 (m, 8H), 1.30-1.25 (m, 2H)

IR (KBr) : 1651cm⁻¹, 2225cm⁻¹

EXAMPLE 54**Preparation of (1 α , 5 α , 6 α)-N-[3-(2,3,4,5,6-pentafluorobenzyl)-3-azabicyclo [3.1.0]hex-6-yl]-2-hydroxy-2-cyclopentyl-2-phenylacetamide (Compound No.54)**

The compound was synthesized following the procedure of Example 10 using 2,3,4,5,6-pentafluorobenzylbromide instead of 3,5-dimethoxybenzylchloride.

¹HNMR (CDCl₃, δ -values): 7.57-7.22 (m, 5ArH), 6.38 (s, 1H), 3.72 (s, 2H), 3.05-1.23 (m, 16H),

IR (KBr) : 1653cm⁻¹

EXAMPLE 55**10 Preparation of (1 α , 5 α , 6 α)-N-[3-(4-cyanobenzyl)-3-azabicyclo [3.1.0]hex-6-yl]-2-hydroxy-2-cyclohexyl-2-phenylacetamide (Compound No.55)**

The compound was prepared following the procedure of Example 53, using cyanobenzylbromide instead of 2-cyanobenzylbromide.

m.pt.:66°C

¹HNMR (CDCl₃, δ -value): 7.66-7.46 (m, 4ArH), 7.33-7.26 (m, 5ArH), 6.66 (bs, 1H), 3.57 (s, 2H), 3.07-2.98 (m, 3H), 2.69 (m, 1H), 2.44-2.33 (m, 3H), 1.81-1.77 (m, 1H), 1.46-1.43 (m, 2H), 1.25-1.11 (m, 7H), 0.90-0.82 (m, 2H)

IR (KBr) : 1655cm⁻¹, 2228cm⁻¹

EXAMPLE 56**20 Preparation of (1 α , 5 α , 6 α)-N-[3-(3-methylpyridyl)-3-azabicyclo [3.1.0]hex-6-yl]-2-hydroxy-2-cyclopentyl-2-phenylacetamide (Compound No.56)**

The compound was prepared following the procedure of Example 10, using 3-chloromethylpyridine hydrochloride instead of 3,5-dimethoxybenzylchloride.

¹HNMR (CDCl₃, δ -value): 8.45-7.18 (m, (ArH), 6.44 (bs, 1H), 3.53 (s, 2H), 3.05-1.17 (m, 16H).

IR (KBr) : 1653cm⁻¹

EXAMPLE 57**Preparation of (1 α , 5 α , 6 α)-N-[3-(4-bromo-2-methylthienyl)-3-azabicyclo [3.1.0]hex-6-yl]-2-hydroxy-2-cyclopentyl-2-phenylacetamide (Compound No.57)**

The compound was prepared following the procedure of Example 13, using 4-bromo-
5 thiophene-2-carboxaldehyde instead of 4-trifluoromethylbenzaldehyde.

¹HNMR (CDCl₃, δ -values): 7.58-6.74 (m, 7ArH), 6.40 (bs, 1H), 3.74 (s, 2H), 3.13-1.10 (m, 16H)

IR (KBr) : 1653cm⁻¹

EXAMPLE 58

10 **Preparation of (1 α , 5 α , 6 α)-N-[3-[1-(phenyl)ethyl]-3-azabicyclo [3.1.0]hex-6-yl]-2-hydroxy-2-cyclohexyl-2-phenylacetamide (Compound No.58)**

The compound was prepared following the procedure of Example 10, using 1-phenylethyl bromide instead of 3,5-dimethoxybenzylbromide.

¹HNMR (CDCl₃, δ -values): 7.59-6.17 (m, 10ArH), 6.57 (bs, 1H), 4.13-4.10 (Q, 1H), 3.28-
15 0.87 (m, 21H)

IR (DCM) : 1659cm⁻¹

EXAMPLE 59**Preparation of (1 α , 5 α , 6 α)-N-[3-[2-nitrobenzyl]-3-azabicyclo[3.1.0]hex-6-yl]-2-hydroxy-2-cyclopentyl-2-phenylacetamide (Compound No.59)**

20 The compound was prepared following the procedure of Example 13, using 2-nitrobenzaldehyde instead of 4-trifluoromethylbenzaldehyde.

m.pt: 161-163°C

¹HNMR (CDCl₃, δ -values): 7.81-7.23 (m, 9ArH), 6.38 (bs, 1H), 3.84 (s, 2H), 3.08-1.25 (m, 16H)

25 IR (DCM) : 1640cm⁻¹

EXAMPLE 60**Preparation of (1 α , 5 α , 6 α)-N-[3-[4-methoxycarbonyl]benzyl]-3-azabicyclo[3.1.0]hex-6-yl]-2-hydroxy-2-cyclopentyl-2-phenylacetamide (Compound No.61)**

The compound was synthesized following the procedure of Example 10, using methyl-4-(bromomethyl)benzoate instead of 3,5-dimethoxybenzylchloride.

¹HNMR (CDCl₃, δ -values): 7.94-7.23 (m, 9ArH), 6.40 (bs, 1H), 3.89 (s, 3H), 3.57 (s, 2H), 3.07-0.82 (m, 16H)

IR (DCM) : 1643cm⁻¹

EXAMPLE 61**Preparation of (1 α , 5 α , 6 α)-N-[3-[diphenylmethyl]-3-azabicyclo[3.1.0]hex-6-yl]-2-hydroxy-2-cyclopentyl-2-phenylacetamide (Compound No.61)**

The compound was synthesized following the procedure of Example 10, using benzhydrylbromide instead of 3,5-dimethoxybenzylchloride.

¹HNMR (CDCl₃) δ -values): 7.59-7.10 (m, 15ArH), 6.39 (bs, 1H), 4.16 (s, 1H), 3.13-0.82 (m, 16H)

IR (DCM) : 1652cm⁻¹

EXAMPLE 62**Preparation of (1 α , 5 α , 6 α)-N-[3-(4-carboxybenzyl)-3-azabicyclo[3.1.0]hex-6-yl]-2-hydroxy-2-cyclopentyl-2-phenylacetamide (Compound No.62)**

The solution of compound (1 α , 5 α , 6 α)-N-[3-(4-carbomethoxybenzyl)-3-azabicyclo[3.1.0]hex-6-yl]-2-hydroxy-2-cyclopentyl-2-phenylacetamide (1 mmol) in methanol (20 ml) containing lithiumhydroxide (4 mmol) in 5 ml of water was stirred at room temperature for 24 hours. The reaction mixture was concentrated under reduced pressure, the residue was cooled in ice and acidified with acetic acid. It was extracted with ethyl acetate and the residue after removing the solvent was purified by column chromatography (100-200 mesh silicagel) eluting the compound with ethyl acetate.

m.pt: 124°-129°C

¹HNMR (DMSO-d₆, δ -values): 7.88-7.21 (m, 9ArH), 5.46 (s, 1H), 3.59 (s, 2H), 2.94-1.18 (m, 16H)

IR (DCM) : 1656cm⁻¹

EXAMPLE 63**Preparation of (1 α , 5 α , 6 α)-N-[3-(2-aminobenzyl)-3-azabicyclo[3.1.0]hex-6-yl]-2-hydroxy-2-cyclopentyl-2-phenylacetamide (Compound No.63)**

The compound was synthesized following the procedure of Example 27, using (1 α , 5 α , 6 α)-
5 N-[3-(2-nitrobenzyl)-3-azabicyclo[3.1.0]hex-6-yl]-2-hydroxy-2-cyclopentyl-2-phenylacetamide.

m.pt: 67-72°C

¹HNMR (CDCl₃, δ -values): 7.58-6.56 (m, 9ArH), 6.43 (bs, 1H), 3.51 (s, 2H), 3.02-0.83 (m, 16H)

10 IR (DCM) : 1647 cm⁻¹

EXAMPLE 64**Preparation of (1 α , 5 α , 6 α)-N-[3-(2-carboethoxypropyl)-3-azabicyclo[3.1.0]hex-6-yl]-2-hydroxy-2-cyclopentyl-2-phenylacetamide (Compound No.64)**

The compound was synthesized following the procedure of Example 46, using ethyl-2-
15 bromopropionate instead of 1-bromoindan.

¹HNMR (CDCl₃, δ -values): 7.58-7.23 (m, 5ArH), 6.38 (bs, 1H), 4.15-4.07 (q, 2H), 3.28-1.21 (m, 23H).

IR (DCM) : 1652 cm⁻¹ and 1731cm⁻¹

EXAMPLE 65**20 Preparation of (1 α , 5 α , 6 α)-N-[3-(2-(4-acetylphenyl)-3-azabicyclo[3.1.0]hex-6-yl]-2-hydroxy-2-cyclopentyl-2-phenylacetamide (Compound No.65)**

The above compound was prepared by following the procedure of Example 53, using 2-(4-acetylphenyl)ethylbromide instead of 2-cyanobenzylbromide.

25 ¹HNMR (CDCl₃, δ -values): 8.09-7.83 (m, 2ArH), 7.59-7.56 (m, 2ArH), 7.36-7.22 (m, 5ArH), 6.39 (bs, 1H), 3.76-3.16 (m, 2H), 3.14-2.83 (m, 3H), 2.75-2.63 (m, 4H), 2.58-2.57 (bs, 3H), 2.36 (bs, 2H), 1.67-0.87 (m, 10H)

IR (DCM) : 1662 cm⁻¹

EXAMPLE 66**Preparation of (1 α , 5 α , 6 α)-N-[3-(2-(4-methoxycarbonyl)phenyl)ethyl]-3-azabicyclo[3.1.0]hex-6-yl]-2-hydroxy-2-cyclopentyl-2-phenylacetamide (Compound No.66)**

- 5 The compound was synthesized by following the procedure of Example 10, using 4-methoxycarbonyl phenethylbromide instead of 3,5-dimethoxybenzylchloride.

¹HNMR (CDCl₃, δ -values): 7.93-7.90 (d, 2H), 7.58-7.56 (d, 2H), 7.35-7.30 (m, 2H), 7.27-7.20 (m, 3H), 6.36 (bs, 1H), 3.88 (s, 3H), 3.15-3.12 (d, 2H), 3.09 (bs, 1H), 3.01-2.99 (m, 1H), 2.82 (bs, 1H), 2.75-2.71 (m, 2H), 2.64-2.59 (m, 2H), 2.37-2.34 (m, 2H), 1.63-1.16 (m, 11H)

- 10 IR (DCM) : 1654 cm⁻¹ and 1720 cm⁻¹

EXAMPLE 67**Preparation of (1 α , 5 α , 6 α)-N-[3-[3-cyanobenzyl]-3-azabicyclo-[3.1.0]hex-6-yl]-2-hydroxy-2-cyclopentyl-2-phenylacetamide (Compound No.67)**

- 15 The compound was synthesized following the procedure of Example 53, using 3-cyanobenzylbromide instead of 2-cyanobenzylbromide.

¹HNMR (CDCl₃, δ -values): 7.59-7.46 (m, 5ArH), 7.38-7.23 (m, 4ArH), 6.41 (bs, 1H), 3.54 (s, 2H), 3.05-2.95 (m, 5H), 2.38-2.34 (m, 2H), 1.68-1.41 (m, 8H), 1.20-1.17 (m, 2H)

IR (DCM) : 1648 cm⁻¹ and 2229 cm⁻¹

EXAMPLE 68

- 20 **Preparation of (1 α , 5 α , 6 α)-N-[3-[2-cyanobenzyl]-3-azabicyclo-[3.1.0]hex-6-yl]-2-hydroxy-2-cyclohexyl-2-phenylacetamide (Compound No.68)**

- The compound was synthesized following the procedure of Example 53, using (1 α , 5 α , 6 α)-N-[3-azabicyclo-[3.1.0]hex-6-yl]-2-hydroxy-2-cyclohexyl-2-phenylacetamide-2-phenylacetamide instead of (1 α , 5 α , 6 α)-N-[3-azabicyclo[3.1.0]-hex-6-yl]-2-hydroxy-2-cyclopentyl-2-phenylacetamide.
- 25

¹HNMR (CDCl₃, δ -values): 7.58-7.24 (m, 9ArH), 6.65 (bs, 1H), 3.73 (s, 2H), 3.10-2.73 (m, 3H), 2.48 (m, 1H), 2.46-2.42 (m, 3H), 1.68-1.65 (m, 1H), 1.62-m, 9H), 0.99-0.95 (m, 2H).

IR (DCM) : 1648 cm⁻¹ and 2224 cm⁻¹

EXAMPLE 69**Preparation of (1 α , 5 α , 6 α)-N-[3-(3-cyanobenzyl)-3-azabicyclo-[3.1.0]hex-6-yl]-2-hydroxy-2-cyclohexyl-2-phenylacetamide (Compound No.69)**

The compound was synthesized following the procedure of Example 53, using (1 α , 5 α , 6 α)-N-[3-azabicyclo-[3.1.0]hex-6-yl]-2-hydroxy-2-cyclohexyl-2-phenylacetamide instead of (1 α , 5 α , 6 α)-N-[3-azabicyclo[3.1.0]-hex-6-yl]-2-hydroxy-2-cyclopentyl-2-phenylacetamide and 3-cyanobenzyl bromide instead of 2-cyanobenzylbromide.

m.pt : 68-70°C

¹HNMR (CDCl₃, δ -values): 7.59-7.46 (m, 5ArH), 7.38-7.22 (m, 4ArH) 6.63 (bs, 1H), 3.54 (s, 2H), 3.06-2.97 (m, 3H), 2.68 (m, 1H), 2.39-2.34 (m, 3H), 1.81-1.77 (m, 1H), 1.66-1.16 (m, 9H), 0.87-0.83 (m, 2H).

IR (DCM) : 1654 cm⁻¹ and 2229 cm⁻¹

EXAMPLE 70**Preparation of (1 α , 5 α , 6 α)-N-[3-(3-methylbutyl)-3-azabicyclo-[3.1.0]hex-6-yl]-2-hydroxy-2-cyclohexyl-2-phenylacetamide (Compound No.70)**

The compound was synthesized following the procedure of Example 53, using (1 α , 5 α , 6 α)-N-[3-azabicyclo-[3.1.0]hex-6-yl]-2-hydroxy-2-cyclohexyl-2-phenylacetamide instead of (1 α , 5 α , 6 α)-N-[3-azabicyclo[3.1.0]-hex-6-yl]-2-hydroxy-2-cyclopentyl-2-phenylacetamide and 1-bromo-3-methylbutane instead of 2-cyanobenzyl bromide.

¹HNMR (CDCl₃, δ -values): 7.59-7.56 (m, 2ArH), 7.35-7.22 (m, 3ArH), 6.56 (bs, 1H), 3.07 (t, 2H), 2.85-2.80 (m, 2H), 2.35-2.25 (m, 5H), 1.66-1.62 (m, 1H), 1.41-1.16 (m, 12H), 0.91-0.88 (m, 2H), 0.83 (d, 6H, J=6.0 Hz)

IR (DCM) : 1655 cm⁻¹

EXAMPLE 71**Preparation of (1 α , 5 α , 6 α)-N-[3-(4-hydroxymethylphenethyl)-3-azabicyclo [3.1.0]-hex-6-yl]-2-hydroxy-2-cyclopentyl-2-phenylacetamide (Compound No.71)**

Step-a: Synthesis of 4-hydroxymethylphenethyl chloride.

The compound was prepared following the procedure given in U.S. Patent No. 4,595,690.

Step-b: The title compound was synthesized following the procedure of Example 10, using 4-hydroxy methylphenethylchloride instead of 3,5-dimethoxybenzylchloride.

¹HNMR (CDCl₃): 7.58-7.56 (m, 2ArH), 7.36-7.24 (m, 5H), 7.16-7.13 (d, 2H), 6.40 (bs, 1H), 4.64 (s, 2H), 3.17-3.10 (m, 3H), 3.02-2.97 (m, 1H), 2.84 (bs, 1H), 2.67-2.62 (m, 4H), 2.41 (bs, 2H), 1.77-1.16 (m, 11H)

IR (DCM) : 1655 cm⁻¹

5

EXAMPLE 72

Preparation of (1 α , 5 α , 6 α)-N-[3-(3-fluoro-4-aminobenzyl)-3-azabicyclo [3.1.0]-hex-6-yl]-2-hydroxy-2-cyclopentyl-2-phenylacetamide (Compound No.72)

Step-a: Synthesis of 4-tert butoxy carboxylamino-3-fluorobenzylbromide

The compound was synthesized following the procedure described in J.Med.Chem., 2000,

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43(26), 5017-5029

Step-b: Synthesis of (1 α , 5 α , 6 α)-N-[3-(3-fluoro-4-tert-butoxy)carbonylamino-3-fluorobenzyl)-3-azabicyclo[3.1.0]hex-6-yl]-2-hydroxy-2-cyclopentylphenylacetamide

The compound was synthesized following the procedure of Example 10, using 4-tert-butoxycarbonylamino-3-fluorobenzylbromide instead of 3,5-dimethoxybenzylchloride

15

Step-c: Synthesis of (1 α , 5 α , 6 α)-N-[3-(3-fluoro-4-aminobenzyl)-3-azabicyclo [3.1.0]-hex-6-yl]-2-hydroxy-2-cyclopentyl-2-phenylacetamide.

The compound of Step-b was dissolved in EtOH and ethanolic hydrochloric acid (5 ml) was added to the RM. The RM was stirred overnight at RT. The RM was concentrated under reduced pressure to give the desired product.

20

¹HNMR(CDCl₃, δ -values): 7.58-7.55 (m, 2ArH), 7.35-7.55 (m, 2ArH), 7.35-7.22 (m, 3ArH), 6.87-6.63 (m, 3ArH), 6.34 (bs, 1H), 3.62 (bs, 2H), 3.49 (b, 2H), 3.10 (bs, 1H), 3.04-2.95 (bs, 4H), 2.33-2.30 (m, 2H), 1.63-0.88 (m, 10H)

IR (DCM): 1640cm⁻¹

EXAMPLE 73

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Preparation of (1 α , 5 α , 6 α)-N-[3-[1-(3,4-dimethylphenyl)ethyl]-3-azabicyclo [3.1.0]-hex-6-yl]-2-hydroxy-2-cyclopentyl-2-phenylacetamide (Compound No.73)

The compound was synthesized following the procedure of Example 10, using 1-(3,4-dimethylphenyl)ethylbromide instead of 3,5-dimethoxybenzylchloride.

30

¹HNMR (CDCl₃ δ -values): 7.63-6.92 (m, 8ArH), 6.34 (bs, 1H), 3.27-3.25 (q, 1 H), 3.14-0.85 (m, 25H).

IR (DCM) : 1658 cm⁻¹

EXAMPLE 74

Preparation of (1 α , 5 α , 6 α)-N-[3-[2-(3-methylphenoxy)ethyl]-3-azabicyclo [3.1.0]-hex-6-yl]-2-hydroxy-2-cyclopentyl-2-phenylacetamide (Compound No.74)

The compound was synthesized following the procedure of Example 10, using 2-(3-methylphenoxy)ethyl bromide instead of 3,5-dimethoxybenzylchloride.

¹HNMR (CDCl₃, δ -values): 7.58-6.64 (m, 9ArH), 6.37 (s, 1H), 3.97-3.93 (t, 2H), 3.18-1.17 (m, 21H).

IR (DCM) : 1658 cm⁻¹

EXAMPLE 75

Preparation of (1 α , 5 α , 6 α)-N-[3-[3-(3-methylphenoxy)propyl]-3-azabicyclo [3.1.0]-hex-6-yl]-2-hydroxy-2-cyclopentyl-2-phenylacetamide (Compound No.75)

The compound was synthesized following the procedure of Example 10, using 3-(3-methylphenoxy) propylbromide instead of 3,5-dimethoxybenzylchloride.

¹HNMR (CDCl₃, δ -values): 7.58-6.65 (m, 9ArH), 6.35 (bs, 1H), 3.94-3.89 (t, 2H), 3.12-1.25 (m, 23H).

IR (DCM) : 1657 cm⁻¹

EXAMPLE 76

Preparation of (1 α , 5 α , 6 α)-N-[3-(2-methylbenzyl)-3-azabicyclo [3.1.0]-hex-6-yl]-2-hydroxy-2-cyclopentyl-2-phenylacetamide (Compound No.76)

The compound was prepared following the procedure of Example 13, using 2-methylbenzaldehyde instead of 4-trifluoromethylbenzaldehyde.

¹HNMR (CDCl₃, δ -values): 7.58-7.08 (m, 9ArH), 6.35 (bs, 1H), 3.49 (s, 2H), 3.09-0.88 (m, 19H)

IR (DCM) : 1653 cm⁻¹

EXAMPLE 77

Preparation of (1 α , 5 α , 6 α)-N-[3-(2-(2-methylphenyl)ethyl)-3-azabicyclo [3.1.0]-hex-6-yl]-2-hydroxy-2-cyclopentyl-2-phenylacetamide (Compound No.77)

The compound was prepared following the procedure of Example 10, using 2-(2-methylphenyl)ethylbromide instead of 3,5-dimethoxybenzylchloride.

¹HNMR (CDCl₃, δ-values): 7.59-7.09 (m, 9ArH), 6.35 (bs, 1H), 3.19 (m, 10H), 2.27 (8, 3H), 160-1.25 (m, 10H)

IR (DCM) : 1654 cm⁻¹

EXAMPLE 78

5 **Preparation of (1α, 5α, 6α)-N-[3-(1,3-dioxolan-2-ylmethyl)-3-azabicyclo-[3.1.0]-hex-6-yl]-2-hydroxy-2-cyclopentyl-2-phenylacetamide (Compound No.78)**

The compound was synthesized by following the procedure of Example 10, but using 2-bromomethyl-1,3-dioxolane instead of 3,5-dimethoxybenzylchloride.

10 ¹HNMR (CDCl₃, δ-values): 7.57-7.22 (m, 5ArH), 6.39 (bs, 1H), 4.90 (t, 1H), 3.95-3.79 (m, 4H), 3.22-1.18 (m, 19H)

IR (DCM) : 1652 cm⁻¹

EXAMPLE 79

Preparation of (1α, 5α, 6α)-N-[3-2-(carboxy)propyl[3-azabicyclo-[3.1.0]-hex-6-yl]-2-hydroxy-2-cyclopentyl-2-phenylacetamide (Compound No.79)

15 The compound was synthesized by following the procedure of Example 62, using (1α, 5α, 6α)-N-[3-[2-(carboethoxy)propyl]-3-azabicyclo[3.1.0]hex-6-yl]-2-hydroxy-2-cyclopentyl-2-phenylacetamide instead of (1α, 5α, 6α)-N-[3-(4-carbomethoxy) benzyl-3-azabicyclo-[3.1.0]-hex-6-yl]-2-hydroxy-2-cyclopentyl-2-phenylacetamide.

m.pt: 91-95°C

20 ¹HNMR (CDCl₃, δ-value): 7.68-7.17 (m, 5ArH), 3.57-2.68 (m, 10H), 1.88 (s, 3H), 1.47-0.83 (m, 9H).

IR (KBr) : 1627cm⁻¹ and 1714 cm⁻¹

EXAMPLE 80

25 **Preparation of (1α, 5α, 6α)-N-[3-(1-phenylethyl)-3-azabicyclo[3.1.0]-hex-6-yl]-2-hydroxy-2,2-diphenylacetamide (Compound No.30)**

Step-a: Synthesis of (1α, 5α, 6α)-N-[3-benzyl-3-azabicyclo[3.1.0]-hex-6-yl]-2-hydroxy-2,2-diphenylacetamide

The compound was synthesized by following the procedure of Example 1, using 2,2-diphenylacetic acid instead of 2-hydroxy-2-cyclopentyl-2-(4-methoxy)phenylacetic acid and
30 (1α, 5α, 6α)-3-azabicyclo-[3.1.0]-hexane instead of (1α, 5α, 6α)-N-[3-[4-methyl-3-pentenyl]-6-amino-3-azabicyclo[-[3.1.0]hexane hydrochloride.

Step-b: Synthesis of (1 α , 5 α , 6 α)-N-[3-azabicyclo-[3.1.0]-hex-6-yl]-2-hydroxy-2,2-diphenylacetamide.

The compound was synthesized following the procedure of Example 2, Step-c, using (1 α , 5 α , 6 α)-N-[3-benzyl-3-azabicyclo-[3.1.0]-hex-6-yl]-2-hydroxy-2,2-diphenylacetamide instead of (1 α , 5 α , 6 α)-N-[3-benzyl-3-azabicyclo [3.1.0]-hex-6-yl]-2-hydroxy-2-cyclohexyl-2-phenylacetamide.

Step-c: Preparation of (1 α , 5 α , 6 α)-N-[3-(1-phenylethyl)-3-azabicyclo[3.1.0]-hex-6-yl]-2-hydroxy-2,2-diphenylacetamide

A solution of (1 α , 5 α , 6 α)-N-[3-azabicyclo [3.1.0]-hex-6-yl]-2-hydroxy-2,2-diphenylacetamide (1 mmol), 1-phenylethylbromide (1.2 mmol), potassium carbonate (2 mmol) and potassium iodide (2 mmol) in 10 ml of acetonitrile was refluxed for 8 hours. The reaction mixture was filtered and the filtrate was concentrated under reduced pressure. The crude compound was purified by column chromatography (100-200 mesh silicagel) eluting the compound with 60:40- EtOAc-hexane mixture.

m.pt: 70-73°C

¹HNMR (CDCl₃, δ -values): 7.40-7.16 (m, 15ArH), 6.27 (bs, 1H), 3.82 (s, 1H), 3.33-3.21 (m, 3H), 3.19-3.13 (d, 1H), 2.81-2.39 (m, 2H), 1.56-1.24 (m, 5H).

EXAMPLE 81

Preparation of (1 α , 5 α , 6 α)-N-[3-(1-phenylethyl)-3-azabicyclo[3.1.0]-hex-6-yl]-2-hydroxy-2-cycloheptyl-2-phenylacetamide (Compound No.81)

Step-a: Synthesis of (1 α , 5 α , 6 α)-N-[3-benzyl-3-azabicyclo[3.1.0]-hex-6-yl]-2-hydroxy-2-cycloheptyl-2-phenylacetamide.

The compound was synthesized following the procedure of Example 1 using 2-hydroxy-2-cycloheptyl-2-phenylacetic acid instead of 2-hydroxy-2-cyclopentyl-2-(4-methoxy)phenylacetic acid and (1 α , 5 α , 6 α)-3-benzyl-3-azabicyclo-6-amino-[3.1.0]hexane instead of (1 α , 5 α , 6 α)-N-[4-methyl-3-pentenyl]-6-amino-3-azabicyclo [3.1.0]hexane hydrochloride.

Step-b: Synthesis of (1 α , 5 α , 6 α)-N-[3-azabicyclo[3.1.0]-hex-6-yl]-2-hydroxy-2-cycloheptyl-2-phenylacetamide.

The compound was synthesized following the procedure of Example 2, Step-c, using (1 α , 5 α , 6 α)-N-[3-benzyl-3-azabicyclo[3.1.0]-hex-6-yl]-2-hydroxy-2-cycloheptyl-2-phenylacetamide instead of (1 α , 5 α , 6 α)-N-[3-benzyl-3-azabicyclo[3.1.0]-hex-6-yl]-2-hydroxy-2-cyclohexyl-2-phenylacetamide.

- 5 **Step-c:** Synthesis of (1 α , 5 α , 6 α)-N-[3-(1-phenylethyl)-3-azabicyclo[3.1.0]-hex-6-yl]-2-hydroxy-2-cycloheptyl-2-phenylacetamide.

The compound was synthesized following the procedure of Example 80, Step-c, using (1 α , 5 α , 6 α)-N-[3-azabicyclo[3.1.0]-hex-6-yl]-2-hydroxy-2-cycloheptyl-2-phenylacetamide instead of (1 α , 5 α , 6 α)-N-[3-azabicyclo[3.1.0]-hex-6-yl]-2-hydroxy-2-hydroxy-2,2-

10 diphenylacetamide.

¹HNMR (CDCl₃, δ -values): 7.60-7.14 (m, 10ArH), 6.54 (bs, 1H), 3.28-3.16 (m, 2H), 2.98 (s, 1H).

IR (DCM) : 1652cm⁻¹

EXAMPLE 82

- 15 **Preparation of (1 α , 5 α , 6 α)-N-[3-(2-(2,3-dihydrobenzofuran -5-yl)ethyl)-3-azabicyclo[3.1.0]-hex-6-yl]-2-hydroxy-2-cyclopropyl-2-phenylacetamide (Compound N**

The compound was synthesized following the procedure of Example 5, using (1 α , 5 α , 6 α)-N-[3-azabicyclo[3.1.0]-hex-6-yl]-2-cyclopropyl-2-hydroxy-2-cyclophenylacetamide instead of (1 α , 5 α , 6 α)-N-[3-azabicyclo[3.1.0]-hex-6-yl]-2-cyclopentyl-2-hydroxy-2-phenyl acetamide and 5-(2-bromoethyl)-2,3-dihydrobenzofuran instead of 4-methylpentylmethane sulphonate.

20

¹HNMR (CDCl₃, δ -values): 7.58-7.34 (m, 5ArH), 6.99 (bs, 1H), 6.88 (d, J=8Hz, 1H), 6.67 (d, J=8Hz, 1H), 6.03 (m, 1H), 4.54 (t, 2H), 3.15 (m, 4H), 2.59-2.38 (m, 6H), 1.8 (m, 1H), 1.47 (m, 2H), .28 (m, 1H), 0.56 (m, 4H)

IR (DCM) : 1665cm⁻¹

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EXAMPLE 83

Preparation of (1 α , 5 α , 6 α)-N-[3-(1-phenylethyl)-3-azabicyclo[3.1.0]-hex-6-yl]-2-hydroxy-2-cyclopropyl-2-phenylacetamide (Compound No. 83)

The compound was synthesized following the procedure of Example 5 using (1 α , 5 α , 6 α)-N-[3-azabicyclo[3.1.0]-hex-6-yl]-2-hydroxy-2-cyclopropyl-2-phenylacetamide instead of (1 α ,

5 α , 6 α)-N-[3-azabicyclo[3.1.0]-hex-6-yl]-2-cyclopropyl-2-hydroxy-2-phenylacetamide and 1-phenyl ethyl bromide instead of 4-methylpentylmethane sulphonate.

¹HNMR (CDCl₃, δ -values): 7.58 (m, 2H), 7.38-7.17 (m, 8H), 5.99 (bs, 1H), 3.40 (d, J=3.0, 1H), 3.31 (m, 1H), 3.20 (q, J=6.5, 1H), 3.06 (m, 1H), 2.78 (m, 1H), 2.4 (m, 1H), 2.15 (m, 1H), 1.50 (m, 2H), 1.4(m, 1H), 1.25 (d, J=6.5, 3H), 0.56 (m, 4H)

IR (KBr): 1655cm⁻¹

EXAMPLE 84

Preparation of (1 α , 5 α , 6 α)-N-[3-(1-phenylethyl)-3-azabicyclo[3.1.0]-hex-6-yl]-2-hydroxy-2-cyclobutyl-2-phenylacetamide (Compound No.84)

10 The compound was synthesized following the procedure of Example 80, Step-c using (1 α , 5 α , 6 α)-N-[3-azabicyclo[3.1.0]-hex-6-yl]-2-hydroxy-2-cyclobutyl-2-phenylacetamide instead of (1 α , 5 α , 6 α)-N-[3-azabicyclo[3.1.0]-hex-6-yl]-2-hydroxy-2,2-diphenyl acetamide.

15 ¹HNMR (CDCl₃, δ -values): 7.46-7.15 (m, 10ArH), 6.15 (m, 1H), 3.28 (m, 2H), 3.19 (q, J=6.5; 1H), 2.98 (m, 1H), 2.76 (m, 1H), 2.4 (m, 1H), 2.15-1.8 (m, 3H), 1.42 (m, 1H), 1.28 (m, 8H).

IR (DCM): 1655cm⁻¹

EXAMPLE 85

Preparation of (1 α , 5 α , 6 α)-N-[3-(2-phenylcarboxyethyl)-3-azabicyclo[3.1.0]-hex-6-yl]-2-hydroxy-2-cycloheptyl-2-phenylacetamide (Compound No.85)

20 The compound was prepared following the procedure of Example 63 using (1 α , 5 α , 6 α)-N-[3-(2-phenylcarboxyethyl)-3 azabicyclo[3.1.0]hex-6-yl]-2hydroxy-2-cycloheptyl-2-phenylacetamide.

¹HNMR (DMSO d₆, δ -values): 7.68-7.18 (m, 10ArH), 5.75 (s, 1H), 3.35-2.59 (m, 7H), 1.98 (m, 2H), 1.47-1.15 (m, 9H),

25 IR (DCM): 1638cm⁻¹

EXAMPLE 86

Preparation of (1 α , 5 α , 6 α)-N-[3-(2-(3-indoyl)ethyl)-3-azabicyclo[3.1.0]-hex-6-yl]-2-hydroxy-2-cyclohexyl-2-phenylacetamide (Compound No.86)

The compound was synthesized following the procedure of Example 53 using (1 α , 5 α , 6 α)-N-[3-azabicyclo[3.1.0]-hex-6-yl]-2-cyclohexyl-2-phenylacetamide instead of (1 α , 5 α , 6 α)-N-

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[3-azabicyclo[3.1.0]-hex-6-yl]-2-hydroxy-2-cyclopentyl-2-phenylacetamide and 3-(2-bromomethyl)indole instead of 2-cyanobenzyl bromide.

¹HNMR (CDCl₃, δ-values): 7.96 (m, 1H), 7.60-7.01 (m, 10ArH), 6.60 (bs, 1H), 3.20 (t, 2H), 2.95-2.68 (m, 6H), 2.39 (m, 3H), 1.32-1.12 (m, 10H), 0.87-0.85 (m, 2H)

5 IR (DCM): 1662cm⁻¹

EXAMPLE 87

Preparation of (1α, 5α, 6α)-N-[3-(2-methylnaphthyl-3-azabicyclo[3.1.0]-hex-6-yl]-2-hydroxy-2-cyclohexyl-2-phenylacetamide (Compound No.87)

The compound was synthesized following the procedure of Example 54 using (1α, 5α, 6α)-
10 N-[3-azabicyclo[3.1.0]-hex-6-yl]-2-hydroxy-2-cyclohexyl-2-phenylacetamide instead of (1α, 5α, 6α)-N-[3-azabicyclo[3.1.0]-hex-6-yl]-2-hydroxy-2-cyclopentyl-2-phenylacetamide and 2-(bromomethyl)naphthalene instead of 2-cyanobenzyl bromide.

m.pt.: 165-168°C

15 ¹HNMR (CDCl₃ δ-values): 7.78-7.72 (m, 3ArH), 7.63-7.57 (m, 3ArH), 7.44-7.31 (m, 6H), 6.59 (bs, 1H), 3.69 (s, 2H), 3.12-3.04 (m, 3H), 2.72 (m, 1H), 2.40 (m, 3H), 1.82-1.78 (m, 1H), 1.66-1.54 (m, 2H), 1.45-1.12 (m, 8H), 0.88-0.84 (m, 1H)

IR (KBr): 1653cm⁻¹

EXAMPLE 88

20 Preparation of (1α, 5α, 6α)-N-[3-(2-indol-3-yl)ethyl]-3-azabicyclo[3.1.0]-hex-6-yl]-2-hydroxy-2-cyclopentyl-2-phenylacetamide (Compound No. 88)

The compound was synthesized following the procedure of Example 54 using 3-(2-bromoethyl) indole instead of 2-cyanobenzyl bromide.

m.pt.: 55-57°C

25 ¹HNMR (CDCl₃, δ-values): 8.07-8.01 (m, 1H), 7.65-7.60 (m, 3ArH), 7.42-7.05 (m, 7H), 6.44 (bs, 1H), 2.96-2.87 (m, 5H), 2.78-2.76 (m, 2H), 2.47-2.43 (m, 2H), 1.75-1.73 (m, 4H), 1.71-1.53 (m, 4H), 1.04 (m, 1H), 0.95 (m, 1H),

IR (KBr): 1668 cm⁻¹

EXAMPLE 89

30 Preparation of (1α, 5α, 6α)-N-[3-hexyl-3-azabicyclo[3.1.0]-hex-6-yl]-2-hydroxy-2-cyclopentyl-2-phenylacetamide (Compound No.89)

The compound was synthesized using the procedure described in Example 54 using 1-bromohexane instead of 2-cyanobenzyl bromide.

¹HNMR (CDCl₃, δ-values): 7.58-7.56 (m, 2ArH), 7.36-7.26 (m, 3ArH), 6.31 (bs, 1H), 3.14-2.86 (m, 5H), 2.33-2.25 (m, 4H), 1.61-1.22 (m, 18H), 0.86 (t, 3H)

5 IR (DCM): 1653 cm⁻¹

EXAMPLE 90

Preparation of (1α, 5α, 6α)-N-[3-(1,2,3,4-tetrahydronaphth-1-yl)-3-azabicyclo[3.1.0]-hex-6-yl]-2-hydroxy-2-cyclopentyl-2-phenylacetamide (Compound No.90)

10 The compound was synthesized following the procedure of Example 46 using 1,2,3,4-tetrahydro-1-naphthylbromide instead of 1-bromoindan.

m.pt.: 66-71°C

¹HNMR (CDCl₃, δ-values): 7.62-7.03 (m, 9ArH), 6.37 (bs, 1H), 3.66 (bs, 1H), 3.18-2.72 (m, 9H), 2.08-1.29 (m, 13H)

IR (KBr): 1657 cm⁻¹

15

EXAMPLE 91

Preparation of (1α, 5α, 6α)-N-[3-(2-chlorobenzyl)-3-azabicyclo[3.1.0]-hex-6-yl]-2-hydroxy-2-cyclopentyl-2-phenylacetamide (Compound No.91)

The compound was synthesized following the procedure of Example 10, using 2-chlorobenzyl bromide instead of 3,5-dimethoxybenzyl bromide.

20 ¹HNMR (CDCl₃, δ-values): 7.58-7.12 (m, 9ArH), 6.38 (s, 1H), 3.65 (s, 2H), 3.12-1.10 (m, 16H),

IR (KBr): 1658 cm⁻¹

EXAMPLE 92

25 **Preparation of (1α, 5α, 6α)-N-[3-(2-(2-methoxyphenyl)ethyl)-3-azabicyclo[3.1.0]-hex-6-yl]-2-hydroxy-2-cyclopentyl-2-phenylacetamide (Compound No. 92)**

The compound was synthesized following the procedure of Example 10, using 2-methoxyphenethyl bromide instead of 3,5-dimethoxybenzylbromide.

¹HNMR (CDCl₃, δ-values): 7.58-6.79 (m, 9ArH), 6.31 (bs, 1H), 3.77 (s, 3H), 3.16-2.35 (m, 10H), 1.65-1.41 (m, 10H)

30 IR (KBr): 1659 cm⁻¹

EXAMPLE 93**Preparation of (1 α , 5 α , 6 α)-N-[3-(2-(4-fluorophenyl)ethyl)-3-azabicyclo[3.1.0]-hex-6-yl]-2-hydroxy-2-cyclopentyl-2-phenylacetamide (Compound No. 93)**

The compound was synthesized following the procedure of Example 10, using 2-(4-fluorophenyl)ethyl bromide instead of 3,5-dimethoxybenzylchloride.

¹HNMR (CDCl₃, δ -values): 7.59-6.89 (m, 9ArH), 6.37 (bs, 1H), 3.15-2.33 (m, 11H), 1.64-1.18 (m, 10H)

IR (DCM): 1654 cm⁻¹

EXAMPLE 94

10 **Preparation of (1 α , 5 α , 6 α)-N-[3-[1-(indan-5-yl)ethyl]-3-azabicyclo[3.1.0]-hex-6-yl]-2-hydroxy-2-cyclopentyl-2-phenylacetamide (Compound No.94)**

The compound was synthesized following the procedure of Example 10, using 5-(1-bromoethyl)indane instead of 3,5-dimethoxybenzylchloride.

15 ¹HNMR (CDCl₃, δ -values): 7.56-6.93 (m, 8ArH), 6.30 (bs, 1H), 3.27-2.76 (m, 11H), 2.05-1.20 (m, 15H)

EXAMPLE 95**Preparation of (1 α , 5 α , 6 α)-N-[3-[1-(naphth-1-yl)ethyl]-3-azabicyclo[3.1.0]-hex-6-yl]-2-hydroxy-2-cyclopentyl-2-phenylacetamide (Compound No.95)**

20 The compound was synthesized following the procedure of Example 10, using 1-(1-bromoethyl)naphthalene instead of 3,5-dimethoxybenzyl chloride.

m.pt: 82-87°C

¹HNMR (CDCl₃, δ -values): 8.36-7.25 (m, 12ArH), 3.95-3.93 (q, 1H), 3.43-2.04 (m, 7H), 1.57-1.23 (m, 13H)

IR (KBr): 1654cm⁻¹

25

EXAMPLE 96**Preparation of (1 α , 5 α , 6 α)-N-[3-[1-(3,4-methylene dioxyphenyl) ethyl]-3-azabicyclo[3.1.0]-hex-6-yl]-2-hydroxy-2-cyclopentyl-2-phenylacetamide (Compound No.96)**

30 The compound was synthesized following the procedure of Example 10, using 1-(1-bromoethyl)3,4-methylene dioxyphenyl instead of 3,5-dimethoxybenzyl chloride.

m.pt: 53-56°C

¹HNMR (CDCl₃, δ-values): 7.62-6.37 (m, 8ArH), 5.94 (m, 2H), 3.30-2.39 (m, 7H), 1.65-1.23 (m, 13H)

IR (KBr): 1655cm⁻¹

5

EXAMPLE 97

Preparation of (1α, 5α, 6α)-N-[3-[1-(1,2,3,4-tetrahydronaphth-6yl)ethyl-3-azabicyclo[3.1.0]-hex-6-yl]-2-hydroxy-2-cyclopentyl-2-phenylacetamide (Compound No.97)

The compound was synthesized following the procedure of Example 10, using 1-(1-bromoethyl)1,2,3,4-tetrahydronaphthalene instead of 3,5-dimethoxybenzyl chloride.

m.pt: 73-78°C

¹HNMR (CDCl₃, δ-values): 7.60-6.89 (m, 8ArH), 6.33 (s, 1H), 3.28-2.73 (m, 9H), 2.37 (q, 1H), 2.02-1.58 (m, 14H), 1.27-1.12 (m, 5H)

IR (KBr): 1654.8 cm⁻¹

15

EXAMPLE 98

Preparation of (1α, 5α, 6α)-N-[3-[1-(cis-(hex-3-enyl))-3-azabicyclo[3.1.0]-hex-6-yl]-2-hydroxy-2-cyclopropyl-2-phenylacetamide (Compound No.98)

The compound was synthesized following the procedure of Example 10 using (1α,5α,6α)-N-[3-azabicyclo[3.1.0]-hex-6-yl]-2-hydroxy-2-cyclopropyl-2-phenylacetamide instead of (1α, 5α, 6α)-N-[3-azabicyclo[3.1.0]-hex-6-yl]-2-hydroxy-2-cyclopentyl-2-phenylacetamide and cis-3-hexen-1-methanesulphonate instead of 3,5-dimethoxybenzyl chloride.

¹HNMR (CDCl₃, δ-values): 7.59-7.26 (m, 5ArH), 6.0 (bs, 1H), 5.38-5.26 (m, 2H), 3.15-2.93 (m, 2H), 2.83 (s, 1H), 2.37-2.32 (m, 9H), 2.13-2.11 (m, 2H), 2.04-2.01 (m, 2H), 1.45-1.25 (m, 2H), 0.97-0.92 (m, 3H), .058-.052 (m, 5H)

IR (DCM): 1652cm⁻¹

25

EXAMPLE 99

Preparation of (1α, 5α, 6α)-N-[3-[1-(trans hex-3-enyl))-3-azabicyclo[3.1.0]-hex-6-yl]-2-hydroxy-2-cyclopropyl-2-phenylacetamide (Compound No.99)

The compound was synthesized following the procedure of Example 10 using (1α, 5α, 6α)-N-[3-azabicyclo[3.1.0]-hex-6-yl]-2-hydroxy-2-cyclopropyl-2-phenylacetamide instead of

30

(1 α , 5 α , 6 α)-N-[3-azabicyclo[3.1.0]-hex-6-yl]-2-hydroxy-2-cyclopentyl-2-phenylacetamide and trans-3-hexen-1-methane sulphonate instead of 3,5-dimethoxybenzyl chloride.

¹HNMR (CDCl₃, δ -values): 7.62-7.33 (m, 5ArH), 6.04 (bs, 1H), 5.55-5.33 (m, 2H), 3.15-2.93 (m, 2H), 2.83 (s, 1H), 2.37-2.32 (m, 9H), 2.13-2.11 (m, 2H), 2.04-2.01 (m, 2H), 1.45-1.25 (m, 2H), 0.97-0.92 (m, 3H), .058-.052 (m, 5H)

IR (DCM): 1652cm⁻¹

EXAMPLE 100

Preparation of (1 α , 5 α , 6 α)-N-[3-(1-(trans hex-3-enyl))-3-azabicyclo[3.1.0]-2-hydroxy-2-cyclohexyl-2-phenylacetamide (Compound No.100)

The compound was synthesized following the procedure of Example 10 using (1 α , 5 α , 6 α)-N-[3-azabicyclo[3.1.0]-hex-6-yl]-2-hydroxy-2-cyclohexyl-2-phenylacetamide instead of (1 α , 5 α , 6 α)-N-[3-azabicyclo[3.1.0]-hex-6-yl]-2-hydroxy-2-cyclopentyl-2-phenylacetamide and trans-3-hexen-1-methanesulphonate instead of 3,5-dimethoxybenzyl chloride.

¹HNMR (CDCl₃, δ -values): 7.59-7.23 (m, 5ArH), 6.59 (bs, 1H), 5.45-5.30 (m, 2H), 3.11-3.08 (m, 2H), 2.39-2.36 (m, 3H), 3.11-3.08 (m, 2H), 2.86 (s, 1H), 2.39-2.36 (m, 3H), 2.06-1.97 (m, 6H), 1.45-1.22 (m, 13H), 0.96-0.89 (m, 2H)

IR (DCM): 1652cm⁻¹

EXAMPLE 101

Preparation of (1 α , 5 α , 6 α)-N-[3-(1-(cis hex-3-enyl))-3-azabicyclo[3.1.0]-2-hydroxy-2-cyclohexyl-2-phenylacetamide (Compound No.101)

The compound was synthesized following the procedure of Example 10 using cis-3-hexene-1-methanesulphonate instead of 3,5-dimethoxybenzyl chloride and (1 α , 5 α , 6 α)-N-[3-azabicyclo[3.1.0]-hex-6-yl]-2-hydroxy-2-cyclohexyl-2-phenylacetamide instead of (1 α , 5 α , 6 α)-N-[3-azabicyclo[3.1.0]-hex-6-yl]-2-hydroxy-2-cyclopentyl-2-phenylacetamide.

¹HNMR (CDCl₃, δ -values): 7.59-7.23 (m, 5ArH), 6.58 (bs, 1H), 5.38-5.23 (m, 2H), 3.10-3.07 (m, 2H), 2.8 (s, 1H), 2.39-2.34 (m, 4H), 2.13-2.01 (m, 5H), 1.66-1.42 9m, 10H), 1.26-0.89 (m, 5H).

IR (DCM): 1651cm⁻¹

EXAMPLE 102**Preparation of (1 α , 5 α , 6 α)-N-[3-(1-(trans-hex-3-enyl))-3-azabicyclo[3.1.0]hex-6-yl]-2-hydroxy-2-cyclopentyl-2-phenylacetamide (Compound No.102)**

The compound was synthesized following the procedure of Example 10 using trans-hex-3-ene-1-methane sulphonate instead of 3,5-dimethoxybenzyl chloride.

¹HNMR (CDCl₃, δ -values): 7.63-7.23 (m, 10ArH), 6.11 (bs, 1H), 3.56 (m, 2H), 3.41 (bs, 1H), 3.14-3.10 (m, 2H), 2.93-2.90 (m, 2H), 2.30-2.04 (m, 2H), 1.59-1.42 (m, 3H), 1.42-1.37 (m, 1H), 1.25 (s, 2H), 0.67-0.47 (m, 5H).

EXAMPLE 103

10 **Preparation of (1 α , 5 α , 6 α)-N-[3-(1-(cis hex-3-enyl))-3-azabicyclo[3.1.0]-hex-6-yl]-2-hydroxy-2-cyclopentyl-2-phenylacetamide (Compound No.103)**

The compound was synthesized following the procedure of Example 10 using cis-hex-3-ene-1-methanesulphonate instead of 3,5-dimethoxybenzyl chloride.

15 ¹HNMR (CDCl₃, δ -values): 7.58-7.27 (m, 5ArH), 6.34 (bs, 1H), 5.40-5.22 (m, 2H), 3.4-3.0 (m, 4H), 2.84 (m, 1H), 2.33 (m, 4H), 2.12-1.98 (4H), 1.7-1.2 (m, 13H)

IR (DCM): 1651cm⁻¹

EXAMPLE 104**Preparation of (1 α , 5 α , 6 α)-N-[3-(2-naphthylmethyl)-3-azabicyclo[3.1.0]-hex-6-yl]-2-hydroxy-2-cyclopentyl-2-phenylacetamide (Compound No.104)**

20 The compound was synthesized following the procedure of Example 53 using 2-(bromomethyl)naphthalene instead of 2-cyanobenzylbromide.

m.pt.: 70-72°C

25 ¹HNMR (CDCl₃, δ -values): 7.79-7.72 (m, 3ArH), 7.63-7.56 (m, 3ArH), 7.44-7.23 (m, 6ArH), 6.38 (bs, 1H), 3.69 (s, 2H), 3.11-2.98 (m, 5H), 2.41-2.38 (m, 2H), 1.69-1.43 (m, 8H), 1.28-1.11 (m, 2H)

IR (KBr): 1656cm⁻¹

EXAMPLE 105**Preparation of (1 α , 5 α , 6 α)-N-[3-(2-phenyl-1-methyl)-2-oxoethyl]-3-azabicyclo[3.1.0]-hex-6-yl]-2-hydroxy-2-cyclopentyl-2-phenylacetamide (Compound No.105)**

30 The compound was synthesized following the procedure of Example 53 using 2-(bromomethyl)phenone instead of 2-cyanobenzyl bromide.

m.pt.: 57-59°C

¹HNMR (CDCl₃, δ-values): 8.04-8.01 (m, 2ArH), 7.60-7.22 (m, 8ArH), 6.39 (bs, 1H), 3.98 (q, 1H), 3.09-2.92 (m, 4H), 2.73-2.55 (m, 3H), 1.79-1.41 (m, 8H), 1.25-1.10 (m, 5H).

IR (KBr): 1658cm⁻¹

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EXAMPLE 106

Preparation of (1α, 5α, 6α)-N-[3-(2-(4-carbamoylphenyl) ethyl)-3-azabicyclo[3.1.0]-hex-6-yl]-2-hydroxy-2-cyclopentyl-2-phenylacetamide (Compound No.106)

The compound was synthesized following the procedure of Example 10, using 4-carbamoyl phenethylbromide instead of 3,5-dimethoxybenzyl chloride.

10 ¹HNMR (CDCl₃, δ-values): 7.70-7.67 (d, 2ArH), 7.52-7.41 (m, 2ArH), 7.35 (m, 1H), 7.22-6.86 (m, 3H), 3.01-2.98 (m, 1H), 2.72-2.58 (m, 7H), 1.55-0.78 (m, 10H).

IR (KBr): 1659, 1618 cm⁻¹

EXAMPLE 107

15 **Preparation of (1α, 5α, 6α)-N-[3-(2-(4-benzyloxycarbonylphenyl)ethyl)-3-azabicyclo[3.1.0]-hex-6-yl]-2-hydroxy-2-cyclopentyl-2-phenylacetamide (Compound No.107)**

The compound was synthesized following the procedure of Example 10 using benzyl-4-(2-bromoethylbenzoate instead of 3,5-dimethoxybenzyl chloride.

20 ¹HNMR (CDCl₃, δ-values): 7.96-7.93 (d, 2H), 7.55-7.51 (d, 2H), 7.44-7.19 (m, 10H), 6.39 (bs, 1H), 5.33 (s, 2H), 3.16-2.98 (m, 4H), 2.82-2.62 (m, 5H), 2.40-2.32 (s, 2H), 1.82-0.84 (m, 10H).

IR (DCM): 1718, 1659 cm⁻¹

EXAMPLE 108

25 **Preparation of (1α, 5α, 6α)-N-[3-(1-(2-methylpropyl)benzene-3-azabicyclo[3.1.0]-hex-6-yl]-2-hydroxy-2-cyclopentyl-2-phenylacetamide (Compound No.108)**

The compound was synthesized by following the procedure described in Example 10 using (1-bromo-2-methylpropyl)benzene instead of 3,5-dimethoxybenzylchloride.

m.pt: 143-145°C

30 ¹HNMR (CDCl₃, δ-values): 7.58-7.08 (m, 8ArH), 6.35 (bs, 1H), 3.16-2.84 (m, 5H), 2.09-2.05 (m, 2H), 2.74-2.67 (m, 6H), 2.4 (m, 1H), 1.64-1.25 (m, 10H)

EXAMPLE 109**Preparation of (1 α , 5 α , 6 α)-N-[3-[2-(phenyl-1-methyl)-2-oxoethyl-3-azabicyclo [3.1.0]-hex-6-yl]-2-hydroxy-2-cyclohexyl-2-phenylacetamide (Compound No.109)**

The compound was synthesized following the procedure of Example 53, using (1 α , 5 α , 6 α)-N-[3-azabicyclo [3.1.0]-hex-6-yl]-2-hydroxy-2-cyclohexyl-2-phenylacetamide instead of (1 α , 5 α , 6 α)-N-[3-azabicyclo [3.1.0]-hex-6-yl]-2-hydroxy-2-cyclopentyl-2-phenylacetamide and 2-bromopropiophenone instead of 2-cyanobenzylbromide.

m.pt: 79-81°C

¹HNMR (CDCl₃, δ -values): 8.04-8.02 (m, 2ArH), 7.58-7.25 (m, 8ArH), 6.60 (bs, 1H), 3.98 (q, 1H), 3.08-3.04 (m, 1H), 2.94-2.90 (m, 1H), 2.73-2.56 (m, 5H), 1.68-1.64 (m, 1H), 1.59-1.10 (m, 13H), 0.99 (m, 1H)

IR (KBr): 1674cm⁻¹

EXAMPLE 110**Preparation of (1 α , 5 α , 6 α)-N-[3-hexyl-3-azabicyclo[3.1.0]-hex-6-yl]-2-hydroxy-2-cyclohexyl-2-phenylacetamide (Compound No.110)**

The compound was synthesized by following the procedure of Example 53 using (1 α , 5 α , 6 α)-N-[3-azabicyclo [3.1.0]hex-6-yl]-2-cyclohexyl-2-hydroxy-2-phenylacetamide instead of (1 α , 5 α , 6 α)-N-(3-azabicyclo-[3.1.0]-hex-6-yl)-2-hydroxy-2-cyclopentyl-2-phenylacetamide and 1-bromohexane instead of 2-cyanobenzyl bromide.

m.pt: 59-61°C

¹HNMR (CDCl₃, δ -values): 7.59-7.56 (m, 2ArH), 7.35-7.22 (m, 3ArH), 6.57 (bs, 1H), 3.09-3.04 (m, 2H), 2.85-2.77 (m, 2H), 2.37-2.26 (m, 5H), 1.64-1.11 (m, 18H), 0.87-0.83 (m, 4H)

IR (KBr): 1655cm⁻¹

EXAMPLE 111**Preparation of (1 α , 5 α , 6 α)-N-[3-(2-(4-cyanophenyl)ethyl-3-azabicyclo[3.1.0]-hex-6-yl]-2-hydroxy-2-cyclopentyl-2-phenylacetamide (Compound No.111)**

The compound was synthesized by following the procedure of Example 10, using 4-cyanophenyl bromide instead of 3,4-dimethoxybenzylchloride.

¹HNMR (CDCl₃, δ-values): 7.56 (m, 4H), 7.33-7.26 (m, 5H), 6.53 (bs, 1H), 3.63 (s, 1H), 3.24 (m, 2H), 3.01 (m, 2H), 2.85-2.74 (m, 3H), 2.55 (m, 2H), 2.4 (m, 1H), 1.86-0.86 (m, 10H)

IR (KBr): 1658cm⁻¹ and 2228 cm⁻¹

EXAMPLE 112

5 **Preparation of (1α, 5α, 6α)-N-[3-(2-(4-sulphamoylphenyl)ethyl)-3-azabicyclo[3.1.0]-hex-6-yl]-2-hydroxy-2-cyclopentyl-2-phenylacetamide (Compound 112)**

The compound was synthesized by following the procedure of Example 10 using 4-sulphamoyl phenethylbromide instead of 3,5-dimethoxybenzyl chloride.

10 ¹HNMR (CDCl₃, δ-values): 7.81-7.78 (m, 2H), 7.60-7.58 (m, 2H), 7.44-7.22 (m, 6H), 3.18-3.02 (m, 3H), 2.78-2.68 (m, 5H), 2.50 (bs, 2H), 2.4 (m, 1H), 1.61-0.86 (m, 10H)

IR (KBr): 1656cm⁻¹

EXAMPLE 113

Preparation of (1α, 5α, 6α)-N-[3-cyclohexylmethyl-3-azabicyclo[3.1.0]-hex-6-yl]-2-hydroxy-2-cyclopentyl-2-phenylacetamide (Compound No.113)

15 The compound was synthesized by following the procedure of Example 10 cyclohexylmethyl methane sulphonate instead of 3,5-dimethoxybenzylchloride.

¹HNMR (CDCl₃, δ-values): 7.58-7.14 (m, 5H), 6.35 (s, 1H), 3.38-2.88 (m, 5H), 2.25-1.78 (m, 4H), 1.7-1.1 (m, 20H)

IR (DCM): 1645cm⁻¹

20

EXAMPLE 114

Preparation of (1α, 5α, 6α)-N-[3-benzyl-3-azabicyclo[3.1.0]-hex-6-yl]-2,2-diphenylacetamide (Compound No.114)

A solution of diphenylacetic acid (1 mmol) and (1α, 5α, 6α)-3-benzyl-3-azabicyclo[3.1.0]-6-amino hexane (1.1 mmol) in 5 ml of DMF was cooled to 0°C. HOBT (1.2 mmol) and NMM (1 mmol) were added to the reaction mixture and stirred for 30 min. at 0°C. EDC (1mmol) was added to the reaction mixture and stirred for 1 hr. at 0°C and then at room temperature overnight. The reaction mixture was poured into water and extracted with ethyl acetate. The organic layer was dried and concentrated under reduced pressure. The residue was purified by column chromatography (100-200 mesh silicagel) eluting the compound with 50:50
30 EtOAc-hexane mixture to give a yellow solid.

m.pt: 169°C

¹HNMR (CDCl₃, δ-values): 7.37-7.18 (m, 15ArH), 5.57 (bs, 1H), 4.83 (s, 1H), 3.54 (s, 2H), 3.08-2.93 (m, (3H), 2.37-2.35 (d, 2H), 1.28-1.24 (m, 2H)

IR (KBr): 1648cm⁻¹

EXAMPLE 115

5 Preparation of (1α, 5α, 6α)-N-[3-benzyl-3-azabicyclo[3.1.0]-hex-6-yl]-2-chloro-2-cyclohexyl-2-phenylacetamide (Compound No. 115)

A solution of (1α, 5α, 6α)-3-benzyl-3-azabicyclo-6-amino[3.1.0] hexane (1 mmol) was dissolved in 5 ml of DCM and cooled to -20°C. A solution of 2-chloro-2-cyclohexyl-2-phenylacetylchloride (1.1 mmol) in DCM (5 ml) was added to the reaction mixture and the
10 reaction mixture was stirred at the same temperature for half an hour. It was then warmed to room temperature for 15 minutes. Triethylamine (2 mmol) was added after cooling the reaction mixture to -20°C. The reaction mixture was stirred at the same temperature for 30 minutes, warmed to room temperature and stirred at room temperature for 2 hours. The reaction mixture was poured into water and extracted with DCM. The organic layer was
15 dried, concentrated under reduced pressure and the residue purified by column chromatography (100-200 mesh size, silicagel) eluting the compound with 15:85 EtOAc-hexane mixture.

¹HNMR (CDCl₃, δ-values): 7.67-7.20 (m, 5ArH), 6.82 (s, 1H), 3.53 (s, 2H), 3.10-3.02 (m, 3H), 2.38-2.31 (m, 2H), 1.73-0.87 (m, 13H).

20 IR (KBr): 1674cm⁻¹

EXAMPLE 116

Preparation of (1α, 5α, 6α)-N-[3-benzyl-3-azabicyclo[3.1.0]-hex-6-yl]-2-cyclohexyl-2-phenylacetamide (Compound No.116)

Step-a: Synthesis of α-cyclohexylphenylacetonitrile.

25 The compound was synthesized following the procedure described in Organic Synthesis Coll. Vol. 3 pg 220.

Step-b: Synthesis of α-cyclohexylphenylacetic acid.

To a mixture of 7.5 ml each of conc. sulphuric acid, acetic acid and water, the compound of Step-a (10 mmol) was added and the reaction mixture was refluxed for 12 hours. The
30 reaction mixture was poured into ice and extracted with dichloromethane. The organic layer was separated and concentrated under reduced pressure and purified by column chromatography.

Step-c: Synthesis of (1 α , 5 α , 6 α)-N-[3-benzyl-3-azabicyclo[3.1.0]-hex-6-yl]-2-cyclohexyl-2-phenylacetamide.

The compound was synthesized following the procedure of Example 1 using α -cyclohexylphenylacetic acid instead of 2-hydroxy-2-cyclopentyl-2-(4-methoxy)phenylacetic acid and (1 α , 5 α , 6 α)-N-[3-benzyl-6-amino-3-azabicyclo [3.1.0] hexane (1 α , 5 α , 6 α)-N-[3-(4-methyl-3-pentenyl)]-6-amino-3-azabicyclo[3.1.0]-hexane hydrochloride.

^1H NMR (CDCl_3): 7.34-7.16 (m, 10ArH), 5.47 (bs, 1H), 3.60 (s, 2H), 3.08-2.98 (m, 3H), 2.76 (dm, 2H), 2.35 (m, 2H), 1.43-0.91 (m, 11H)

IR (KBr): 1646 cm^{-1}

10

EXAMPLE 117

Preparation of (1 α , 5 α , 6 α)-N-[3-benzyl-3-azabicyclo[3.1.0]-hex-6-yl]-2-hydroxy-2-phenylacetamide (Compound No.117)

(1 α , 5 α , 6 α)-3-benzyl-3-azabicyclo-6-amino[3.1.0]-hexane (1 mmol) was dissolved in DMF (10 ml) and to it 2-hydroxy-2-phenylacetylchloride (1.2 mmol) was added followed by the addition of potassium carbonate (2 mmol) and potassium iodide (2 mmol). The reaction mixture was stirred at room temperature for 3 hours. The reaction mixture was poured into water and extracted with ethyl acetate. The organic layer was dried and the residue obtained after removal of solvents was purified by column chromatography (100-200 mesh size silicagel) eluting the compound with DCM.

20 m.pt. 81 $^{\circ}\text{C}$

^1H NMR (CDCl_3 , δ -values): 7.41-7.21 (m, 10ArH), 6.69 (bs, 1H), 5.34 (s, 1H), 3.59 (s, 2H), 3.15-3.11 (m, 3H), 2.45-2.41 (m, 2H), 1.62-1.55 (m, 2H)

IR (KBr): 1666 cm^{-1}

EXAMPLE 118

25 **Preparation of (1 α , 5 α , 6 α)-N-[3-benzyl-3-azabicyclo[3.1.0]-hex-6-yl]-2-cyclopentyl-2-phenylacetamide (Compound No.118)**

Step-a: Synthesis of α -cyclopentylphenylacetoneitrile.

The compound was synthesized following the procedure described in Organic Synthesis Coll. Vol. 3 pg. 220, using cyclopentylbromide instead of cyclohexylbromide.

Step-b: Synthesis of α -cyclopentylphenylacetic acid.

The compound was synthesized following the procedure described of Example-116, step-b, using α -cyclopentylphenylacetonitrile instead of α -cyclohexylphenylacetonitrile.

Step-c: Synthesis of (1 α , 5 α , 6 α)-N-[3-benzyl-3-azabicyclo[3.1.0]-hex-6-yl]-2-cyclopentyl-2-phenylacetamide

The compound was synthesized following the procedure of Example-1, using α -cyclopentylphenylacetic acid instead of 2-hydroxy-2-cyclopentyl-2-(4-methoxy) phenylacetic acid and (1 α , 5 α , 6 α)-3-benzyl-3-azabicyclo-6-amino[3.1.0]hexane instead of (1 α , 5 α , 6 α)-N-[3-(4-methyl-3-pentenyl)]-6-amino-3-azabicyclo[3.1.0]hexanehydrochloride.

¹HNMR (CDCl₃, δ -value): 7.34-7.16 (m, 10ArH), 5.42 (s, 1H), 3.64 (s, 2H), 3.08-2.86 (m, 4H), 2.35 (m, 2H), 1.68-1.19 (m, 8H), 0.88 (m, 2H).

IR (DCM): 1644cm⁻¹

EXAMPLE 119

Preparation of (1 α , 5 α , 6 α)-N-[3-benzyl-3-azabicyclo[3.1.0]-hex-6-yl]-2-hydroxy-2-phenylpropionamide (Compound No.119).

The compound was synthesized following the procedure of Example-1 using 2-hydroxy-2-phenyl propionic acid instead of 2-hydroxy-2-cyclopentyl-2-(4-methoxy)phenyl acetic acid and (1 α , 5 α , 6 α)-3-benzyl-3-azabicyclo-6-amino[3.1.0]hexane instead of (1 α , 5 α , 6 α)-N-[3-(4-methyl-3-pentenyl)]-6-amino-3-azabicyclo[3.1.0]-hexane hydrochloride.

¹HNMR (CDCl₃, δ -value): 7.53-7.18 (m, 10ArH), 6.35 (bs, 1H), 3.53 (s, 2H), 3.07-3.04 (m, 3H), 2.38-2.33 (m, 2H), 1.78 (s, 3H), 0.970-0.85 (m, 2H)

IR (DCM): 1659cm⁻¹

EXAMPLE 120

Preparation of N-methyl-N-(1 α , 5 α , 6 α)-N-[3-(1-phenyl ethyl)-3-azabicyclo [3.1.0]-hex-6-yl]-2-cyclopentyl-2-hydroxy-2-phenylacetamide (Compound No.120)

Step-a: Preparation of N-(1-tert-Butoxycarbonyl (1 α , 5 α , 6 α)-N-[3-azabicyclo[3.1.0]-hex-6-yl]-2-hydroxy-2-cyclopentyl-2-phenylacetamide

To a cold solution of 1gm (1mmol) of (1 α , 5 α , 6 α)-N-[3-pentyl-2-phenylacetamide in DCM (50 ml) were added 0.9 ml (2mmol) of triethylamine and 0.6 ml, 1.2 mmol of Dittert-butyl dicarbonate diluted with DCM (2 ml) at 0°C. The reaction mixture was stirred at 0°C for 20

minutes and then at room temperature for 2 hours. The reaction mixture was poured into water, and the organic layer was separated, dried over anhydrous Na₂SO₄ and concentrated under reduced pressure. The crude compound was purified by column chromatography and the desired product eluted with 30:70 EtOAc-Hexane.

5 m.pt: 69-75°C

¹HNMR (CDCl₃, δ-value): 7.23-7.50 (m, 5ArH), 6.59 (s, 1H), 3.67-3.64 (m, 2H), 3.35-3.31 (m, 2H), 2.96 (m, 1H), 2.94 (m, 1H), 1.66-1.45 (m, 8H), 1.40 (s, 9H), 1.26 (1.25 (m, 1H)

Step-b: Preparation of N-(1-tert-Butyloxycarbonyl-(1α, 5α, 6α)-N-[3-azabicyclo[3.1.0]-hex-6-yl]-2-cyclopentyl-2-trimethylsilyloxy-2-phenylacetamide

10 To a stirred solution of compound in step 120-a (960mg, 1 mmol) and imidazole (604 mg, 3.7 mmol) in DMF (20 mg), was added trimethylsilylchloride (0.8 ml, 2.7 mmol) at room temperature and the reaction mixture was stirred for 18 hours. The reaction mixture was poured into water and extracted with diethylether. The organic layer was washed with H₂O, brine, and dried over anhydrous Na₂SO₄. The evaporation of solvent gave the crude product
15 which was purified by silicagel column chromatography. The desired product was eluted with 10:90 EtOAc -hexane mixture.

¹HNMR (CDCl₃, δ-value): 7.63-7.53 (m, 5ArH), 7.30 (s, 1H), 4.02-3.98 (d, 2H), 3.66 (s, 2H), 3.24-3.13 (m, 1H), 2.74 (s, 1H), 2.11-1.84 (m, 8H), 1.69 (s, 9H), 1.38 (m, 1H), 1.15 (m, 1H), 0.214 (s, 9H).

20 **Step-c: Preparation of N-methyl-N-(1-tert-butoxycarbonyl (1α, 5α, 6α)-N-[3-azabicyclo[3.1.0]-hex-6-yl]-2-hydroxy-2-cyclopentyl-2-phenylacetamide**

To a stirred solution of compound synthesized in step-120b (825 mg, 1 mmol) in dry THF (15 ml), were sequentially added sodium hydride (556 ml, 152 mg, 1.8 mmol), and tetrabutyl ammonium iodide (50 mg, 0.07 mmol) at 0°C. After 10 minutes, iodomethane was added.

25 The mixture was allowed to warm to room temperature and stirred for 19 hours. The reaction mixture was quenched with saturated NH₄Cl solution and the mixture was extracted with ethyl acetate. The organic layer was washed with brine, dried over anhydrous Na₂SO₄ and concentrated. The residue was purified by silica gel column chromatography and the desired product eluted with 8:92 EtOAc-Hexane mixture.

30 IR: 1699.1 cm⁻¹, 1651.9 cm⁻¹

¹HNMR (CDCl₃, δ-value): 7.29-7.23 (m, 5ArH), 3.7 (bs, 2H), 3.40 (bs, 2H), 2.76 (bs, 2H), 2.44 (s, 3H), 1.80-1.51 (m, 8H), 1.43 (s, 9H), 1.25 (m, 1H), 1.22 (m, 1H), 0.19 (s, 3H)

Step-d: Preparation of N-methyl (1 α , 5 α , 6 α)-N-[3-azabicyclo[3.1.0]-hex-6-yl]-2-cyclopentyl-2-hydroxy-2-phenylacetamide hydrochloride.

The compound synthesized in step c (330 mg, 1 mmol) was dissolved in 10% HCl-MeOH (8 ml) and the mixture was stirred for 17 hours at room temperature. The solvent was
5 evaporated to obtain the crude compound which was used without purification.

IR: 1631.30 cm^{-1}

^1H NMR (CDCl_3 , δ -value): 7.40-7.13 (m, 5ArH), 3.60 (bs, 2H), 3.42 (bs, 2H), 2.96 (bs, 2H), 2.75 (s, 3H), 2.00-1.55 (m, 8H), 1.32-1.25 (m, 2H).

**Step-e: Preparation of N-methyl-N-(1 α , 5 α , 6 α)-N-[3-(1-phenyl ethyl)-3-azabicyclo
10 [3.1.0]-hex-6-yl]-2-cyclopentyl-2-hydroxy-2-phenylacetamide**

To a solution of compound of step-120d (230 mg, 1 mmol) in CH_3CN (25 ml) were added potassium carbonate (226 mg, 3 mmol), 1-bromo-1-phenylethane (160 mg, 1.5 mmol) and potassium iodide (170 mg, 1.5 mmol) at room temperature. The reaction mixture was refluxed for 8 hours. The reaction mixture was extracted with EtOAc. The combined
15 organic extract was dried over anhy. Na_2SO_4 and concentrated. The crude compound was purified by silica gel (100-200 mesh) column chromatography and the desired product was eluted with 20:80 EtOAc/Hexane mixture.

IR= 1628 cm^{-1}

^1H NMR (CDCl_3 , δ -value): 7.41-7.19 (m, 10ArH), 5.27 (s, 1H), 3.20-3.18 (m, 2H), 3.02-2.99 (m, 2H), 2.74-2.70 (m, 1H), 2.68 (s, 3H), 2.25 (m, 1H), 2.21 (m, 1H), 1.18-1.38 (m, 8H), 1.29 (s, 3H), 1.26 (m, 1H), 1.25 (s, 1H)

EXAMPLE 121

N-methyl-N-(1 α , 5 α , 6 α)-N-[3-(3,4-methylenedioxyethyl)-3-azabicyclo[3.1.0]hex-6-yl]-2-cyclopentyl-2-hydroxy-2-phenylacetamide (Compound No.121)

25 This compound was synthesized following the same procedure as for Example 120, using 3,4-methylenedioxyphenyl ethyl bromide instead of 1-bromo-1-phenyl ethane. The desired product was eluted with 50:50 EtOAc-Hexane mixture.

IR (DCM): 1621.2 cm^{-1}

^1H NMR (CDCl_3 - δ -values): 7.39-7.21 (m, 5ArH), 6.74-6.60 (m, 3Ar-H), 5.92 (s, 2H), 5.17 (s, 1H), 3.14-3.01 (m, 4H), 2.71 (s, 3H), 2.60-2.58 (m, 4H), 2.33 (m, 2H), 1.79-1.38 (m, 10H).

EXAMPLE 122**Preparation of N-methyl-N-(1 α , 5 α , 6 α)-N-[3-(1-benzyl)-3-azabicyclo [3.1.0]-hex-6-yl]-2-cyclopentyl-2-hydroxy-2-phenylacetamide (Compound No.122)**

This compound was synthesized following the same method as for Example 120e, using
5 benzyl bromide instead of 1-bromo-1-phenyl ethane. The desired product eluted with 50:50
EtoAc/Hexane mixture.

¹HNMR (CDCl₃, δ -value): 7.40-7.23 (m, 10ArH), 5.19 (s, 1H), 3.54 (s, 2H), 3.03 (m, 4H),
2.70 (s, 3H), 2.35 (m, 2H), 1.79-1.44 (m, 8H), 1.42 (m, 1H), 1.25 (m, 1H)

IR = 1627.8 cm⁻¹

EXAMPLE 123**Preparation of N-methyl(1 α , 5 α , 6 α)-N-[3-(3,4-methylenedioxyethyl-3-azabicyclo[3.1.0]-hex-6-yl]-2-cyclohexyl-2-hydroxy-2-phenylacetamide (Compound No.123)****Step-a: Preparation of N-(1-tert-butoxycarbonyl (1 α , 5 α , 6 α)-N-[3-azabicyclo [3.1.0]-hex-6-yl]-2-hydroxy -cyclohexyl-2-phenylacetamide**

This compound was synthesized following the same method as for Example 120, step a, by
15 using (1 α , 5 α , 6 α)-N-[3-(3-azabicyclo[3.1.0]-hex-6-yl]-2-hydroxy-2-cyclohexyl-2-
phenylacetamide instead of (1 α , 5 α , 6 α)-N-[3-azabicyclo [3.1.0]-hex-6-yl]-2-hydroxy -2-
phenylacetamide.

m.pt : 93-97°C

¹HNMR (CDCl₃, δ -values): 7.59-7.23 (m, 5ArH), 6.78 (s, 1H), 3.67-3.61 (m, 2H), 3.35-3.32
20 (m, 2H), 2.61 (s, 1H), 2.41-2.37 (m, 2H), 1.77-1.44 (m, 10H), 1.40 (s, 9H), 1.11 (m, 1H),
0.85 (m, 1H).

IR : 1698.8 cm⁻¹ and 1676cm⁻¹

Step-b: Preparation of N-(1-tert-butyloxycarbonyl (1 α , 5 α , 6 α)-N-[3-azabicyclo [3.1.0]-hex-6-yl]-2-cyclohexyl-2-trimethylsilyloxy-2-phenylacetamide

This compound was synthesized following the same procedure as for Example 120, step-b,
using N-(1-tert-butyloxycarbonyl (1 α , 5 α , 6 α)-N-[3-azabicyclo [3.1.0]-hex-6-yl]-2-
cyclohexyl-2-hydroxy-2-phenyl acetamide instead of N-(t-tert-butyloxycarbonyl (1 α , 5 α ,
6 α)-N-[3-azabicyclo [3.1.0]-hex-6-yl]-2-cyclopentyl-2-trimethylsilyloxy-2-phenylacetamide.

m.pt. : 62-66°C

¹HNMR (CDCl₃, δ-value): 7.26-7.14 (m, 5ArH), 3.74-3.64 (m, 2H), 3.40 (bs, 2H), 2.37 (s, 3H), 2.30 (bs, 2H), 1.71-1.53 (m, 10H), 1.42 (s, 3H), 1.33-1.21 (m, 2H), 0.19 (s, 9H).

IR :1701.15cm⁻¹ 1652.3cm⁻¹

Step-c: N-methyl-N-(1-tert-butyloxy carbonyl 1α, 5α, 6α)-N-[3-azabicyclo [3.1.0]hex-6-yl]-2-cyclohexyl-2-trimethyl-silyloxy-2-phenylacetamide.

This compound was synthesized following the same procedure as for Example 120, step-c, using N-methyl-N-(1-tert-butyloxy carbonyl 1α, 5α, 6α)-N-[3-azabicyclo [3.1.0]hex-6-yl]-2-cyclohexyl-2-trimethyl-silyloxy-2-phenylacetamide instead of N-(1-tert-butyloxy carbonyl (1α, 5α, 6α)-N-[3-azabicyclo [3.1.0]hex-6-yl]-2-cyclohexyl-2-trimethylsilyloxy-2-phenylacetamide. The desired product eluted with 25:75 EtoAc/hexane mixture.

m.pt.: 62-66°C

¹HNMR (CDCl₃-δ-values): 7.26-7.14 (m, 5ArH), 3.74-3.64 (m, 2H), 3.40 (bs, 2H), 2.37 (s, 3H), 2.30 (bs, 2H), 1.71-1.53 (m, 10H), 1.42 (s, 3H), 1.33-1.21 (m, 2H), 0.19 (s, 9H).

IR (KBr): 1701.5 cm⁻¹ and 1652.3 cm⁻¹

Step-d: Preparation of N-methyl(1α, 5α, 6α)-N-[3-azabicyclo [3.1.0]-hex-6-yl]-2-cyclohexyl-2-hydroxy-2-phenylacetamide hydrochloride

This compound was synthesized following the same procedure as for Example 120, Step-d, by using N-methyl-N-(1-tert-butyloxy carbonyl (1α, 5α, 6α)-N-[3-azabicyclo [3.1.0]-hex-6-yl]-2-cyclohexyl-2-trimethylsilyloxy-2-phenylacetamide.

¹HNMR (CDCl₃, δ-value): 7.42-7.22 (m, 5ArH), 5.30 (s, 1H), 3.73-3.00 (m, 6H), 2.81 (s, 3H), 1.82-1.38 (m, 10H), 1.32-1.25 (m, 2H)

IR: 1627.10cm⁻¹

Step e: Preparation of N-methyl(1α, 5α, 6α)-N-[3-(3,4-methylenedioxyethyl-3-azabicyclo[3.1.0]-hex-6-yl]-2-cyclohexyl-2-hydroxy-2-phenylacetamide

This compound was synthesized following the same procedure as for Example 120, using compound synthesized in step-123d and 3,4-methylenedioxyphenylethylbromide. The crude compound was purified by silicagel (100-200) column chromatography and the desired product was eluted with 40:60 EtoAc/Hexane.

¹HNMR (CDCl₃, δ-value): 7.41-7.21 (m, 5ArH), 6.74-6.61 (m, 3 ArH), 5.92 (s, 2H), 4.80 (s, 1H), 3.21-3.18 (m, 1H), 3.06-2.95 (m, 2H), 2.75 (s, 3H), 2.65-2.49 (m, 5H), 2.37-2.32 (t, 2H), 1.80-0.88 (m, 12H)

IR (KBr): 1622.2 cm^{-1}

EXAMPLE 124

Preparation of N-methyl-N-(1 α , 5 α , 6 α)-N-[3-(4-methyl-3-pentenyl)-3-azabicyclo[3.1.0]-hex-6-yl]-2-cyclohexyl-2-hydroxy-2-phenylacetamide (Compound No.124)

- 5 This compound was synthesized following the same procedure as for Example 123, using 5-bromo-2-methyl-2-pentene instead of 3,4-methylenedioxyphenylethylbromide.

Eluent = 40% EtoAc/Hexane

- 10 ^1H NMR (CDCl_3 , δ -value): 7.43-7.21 (m, 5ArH), 5.12-5.07 (t, 1H), 4.87 (s, 1H), 3.39-3.36 (m, 1H), 3.18-2.98 (m, 2H), 2.75 (s, 3H), 2.50 (bs, 1H), 2.38-2.27 (m, 3H), 2.12-2.05 (m, 2H), 1.69-1.25 (m, 14H), 1.11 (s, 6H)

IR: 1627.1 cm^{-1}

EXAMPLE 125

Preparation of N-methyl-N-(1 α , 5 α , 6 α)-N-[3-(4-methyl-3-pentenyl)-3-azabicyclo[3.1.0]-hex-6-yl]-2-cyclopentyl-2-hydroxy-2-phenylacetamide (Compound No.125)

- 15 The compound was synthesized following the same procedure as for Example 120, using 5-bromo-2-methyl-2-pentene instead of 1-bromo-1-phenyl ethane.

^1H NMR (CDCl_3 , δ -value): 7.40-7.21 (m, 5ArH), 5.21 (s, 1H), 5.09-5.05 (t, 1H), 3.12-3.09 (m, 2H), 2.95 (s, 1H), 2.71 (s, 3H), 2.37-2.32 (m, 3H), 2.09-2.07 (m, 2H), 1.68 (s, 6H), 1.65-1.51 (m, 8H), 1.48-1.41 (m, 2H), 1.25 (m, 2H).

- 20 IR: 1632.8 cm^{-1} , 1651.9 cm^{-1}

EXAMPLE 126

Preparation of N-methyl-N-(1 α , 5 α , 6 α)-N-[3-(4-methyl-3-pentenyl)-3-azabicyclo[3.1.0]-hex-6-yl]-2-cyclopentyl-2-hydroxy-2-phenylacetamide L(+) Tartarate salt (Compound No.126)

- 25 To a solution of compound synthesized in Example 125 (485 mg, 1mmol) in 8 ml of EtOH was added L (+) tartaric acid (184 mg, 1mmol) and the reaction mixture heated at 60°C for 1 hr. After 1 hour the reaction mixture was concentrated to give a solid compound.

mpt.: 71-75°C

IR (Kbi): 1735 cm^{-1} and 1625.7 cm^{-1}

- 30 HPLC: 98.60%

Biological Activity

Radioligand Binding Assays:

The affinity of test compounds for M₂ and M₃ muscarinic receptor subtypes was determined by [³H]-N-methylscopolamine binding studies using rat heart and submandibular gland respectively as described by Moriya et al., (*Life Sci.*, 1999,64(25):2351-2358) with minor
5 modifications.

Membrane preparation : Submandibular glands and heart were isolated and placed in ice cold homogenizing buffer (HEPES 20mM, 10mM EDTA, pH 7.4) immediately after sacrifice. The tissues were homogenized in 10 volumes of homogenizing buffer and the homogenate was filtered through two layers of wet gauze and filtrate was centrifuged at 500g
10 for 10min. The supernatant was subsequently centrifuged at 40,000g for 20 min. The pellet thus obtained was resuspended in same volume of assay buffer (HEPES 20 mM, EDTA 5mM, pH 7.4) and were stored at -70°C until the time of assay.

Ligand binding assay The compounds were dissolved and diluted in DMSO. The membrane homogenates (150-250 µg protein) were incubated in 250 µl of assay buffer (HEPES 20 mM, pH 7.4) at 24-25°C for 3h. Non-specific binding was determined in the presence of 1 µM atropine. The incubation was terminated by vacuum filtration over GF/B fiber filters(Wallac). The filters were then washed with ice cold 50mM Tris HCl buffer (pH 7.4). The filter mats were dried and bound radioactivity retained on filters was counted. The IC₅₀ & K_d were estimated by using the non-linear curve fitting program using G Pad Prism
15 software. The value of inhibition constant K_i was calculated from competitive binding studies by using Cheng & Prusoff equation (*Biochem Pharmacol*, 1973,22: 3099-3108), $K_i = IC_{50} / (1 + L/K_d)$, where L is the concentration of [³H]NMS used in the particular experiment.
20

Functional Experiments using isolated rat bladder:**Methodology:**

25 Animals were euthanized by overdose of urethane and whole bladder was isolated and removed rapidly and placed in ice cold Tyrode buffer with the following composition (mMol/L) NaCl 137; KCl 2.7; CaCl₂ 1.8; MgCl₂ 0.1; NaHCO₃ 11.9; NaH₂PO₄ 0.4; Glucose 5.55 and continuously gassed with 95% O₂ and 5 % CO₂.

The bladder was cut into longitudinal strips (3mm wide and 5-6 mm long) and mounted in 10

ml organ baths at 30° C, with one end connected to the base of the tissue holder and the other end connected to a polygraph through a force displacement transducer. Each tissue was maintained at a constant basal tension of 2 g and allowed to equilibrate for 1 hour during which the PSS was changed every 15 min. At the end of equilibration period the stabilization
5 of the tissue contractile response was assessed with 1 μmol/L of Carbachol consecutively for 2-3 times. Subsequently a cumulative concentration response curve to carbachol (10^{-9} mol/L to 3×10^{-5} mol/L) was obtained. After several washes, once the baseline was achieved, cumulative concentration response curve was obtained in presence of NCE (NCE added 20 min. prior to the second CRC).

- 10 The contractile results were expressed as % of control E max. ED50 values were calculated by fitting a non-linear regression curve (Graph Pad Prism). PKB values were calculated by the formula $pKB = -\log [(molar\ concentration\ of\ antagonist / (dose\ ratio - 1))]$

where,

dose ratio = ED50 in the presence of antagonist / ED50 in the absence of antagonist.

The results of In-Vitro tests are listed in Table II .

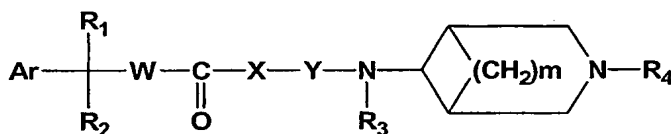
Table-II

	Receptor Binding Assay pKi (nM)		Functional Assay pK _B (nM)
	M ₂	M ₃	
Compound No. 2	5.5	6.89	7.52
Compound No. 3	5.4	6.28	8.04
Compound No. 17	6.3	7.1	7.02
Compound No. 19	5.58	6.11	7.52
Compound No. 21	6.2	7.6	8.2
Compound No. 43	5.91	7.23	6.86
Compound No. 50	6.09	7.36	7.48
Compound No. 58	6.81	8.23	7.89
Compound No. 66	6.27	7.36	7.67
Compound No. 71	6.01	7.37	6.8
Compound No. 81	7.27	8.62	7.89
Compound No. 115	<6	<6	5.45
Compound No. 116	<6	<6	6.03
Compound No. 117	<6	<6	5.08
Compound No. 125	7.61	7.58	8.36

- 5 While the present invention has been described in terms of its specific embodiments, certain modifications and equivalents will be apparent to those skilled in the art and are intended to be included within the scope of the present invention.

We Claim:

1. A compound having the structure of Formula I:

**Formula I**

and its pharmaceutically acceptable salts, pharmaceutically acceptable solvates, ester,
 10 enantiomers, diastereomers, N-oxides, polymorphs, prodrugs, or metabolites wherein

Ar represents an aryl or a heteroaryl ring having 1-2 hetero atoms selected from the
 group consisting of oxygen, sulphur and nitrogen atoms, the aryl or heteroaryl rings
 may be unsubstituted or substituted by one to three substituents independently selected
 from lower alkyl (C₁-C₄), trifluoromethyl cyano, hydroxy, nitro, halogen (e.g. F, Cl, Br
 15 or I), lower alkoxy (C₁-C₄), amino or lower alkylamino(C₁-C₄);

R₁ represents a hydrogen, hydroxy, hydroxymethyl, loweralkyl (C₁-C₄), amino, alkoxy,
 cycloalkyl (C₃-C₇), carbamoyl, halogen (e.g. F, Cl, Br, I) or aryl;

R₂ represents alkyl, C₃-C₇ cycloalkyl ring, C₃-C₇ cycloalkenyl ring, an aryl or a
 heteroaryl ring having 1 to 2 hetero atoms selected from the group consisting of oxygen,
 20 sulphur and nitrogen atoms; the aryl or a hetero aryl ring may be unsubstituted or
 substituted by one to three substituents independently selected from lower alkyl (C₁-
 C₄), trifluoromethyl, cyano, hydroxy, nitro, lower alkoxy, carbonyl, halogen, lower
 alkoxy (C₁-C₄), unsubstituted amino or lower alkyl (C₁-C₄) amino;

W represents (CH₂)_p, where p represents 0 to 1;

25 X represents an oxygen, sulphur, NR or no atom wherein R represents hydrogen or C₁₋₆
 alkyl;

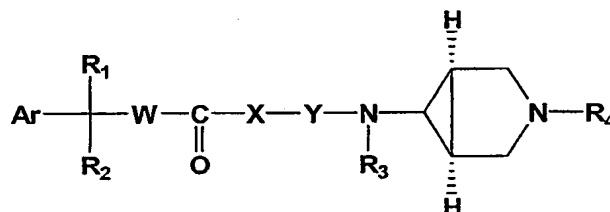
Y represents CHR₅CO wherein R₅ represents hydrogen or methyl or (CH₂)_q wherein q
 represents 0 to 4;

m represents 0 to 2;

R₃ represents hydrogen, lower alkyl (C₁-C₄) or CO₂C (CH₃)₃; and

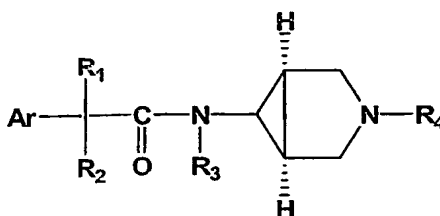
R₄ represents C₁-C₁₅ saturated or unsaturated aliphatic hydrocarbon (straight chain or branched) in which any 1 to 6 hydrogen atoms may be substituted with the group independently selected from halogen (e.g. F, Cl, Br, I), carboxylic acid, carboxylic acid ester, aryl, aryloxy, arylalkyl, arylalkenyl, heteroaryl, heteroarylalkyl, heteroarylalkenyl having 1 to 2 hetero atoms selected from the group consisting of nitrogen, oxygen and sulphur with option that any 1 to 5 hydrogen atoms on the ring in said aryl, aryloxy, arylalkyl, arylalkenyl, heteroaryl, heteroarylalkenyl may be substituted with lower alkyl, trifluoromethyl, halogen (e.g. F, Cl, Br, I), cyano, nitro, hydroxy, lower (C₁-C₄) alkoxy, amino, lower (C₁-C₄) alkylamino, sulphonylamino, amide, carboxylic acid, carboxylic acid ester or benzyl ester.

2. The compound according to claim 1 having the structure of Formula II and its pharmaceutically acceptable salts, pharmaceutically acceptable solvates, esters, enantiomers, diastereomers, N-oxides, polymorphs, prodrugs, metabolites, wherein Ar, R₁, R₂, R₃, R₄, W, X and Y are as defined for Formula I.



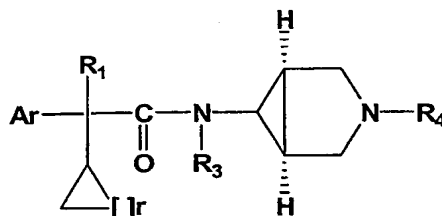
Formula II

3. The compound according to claim 1 having the structure of Formula III and its pharmaceutically acceptable salts, pharmaceutically acceptable solvates, esters, enantiomers, diastereomers, N-oxides, polymorphs, prodrugs, metabolites, wherein Ar, R₁, R₂, R₃ and R₄ are as defined for Formula I.



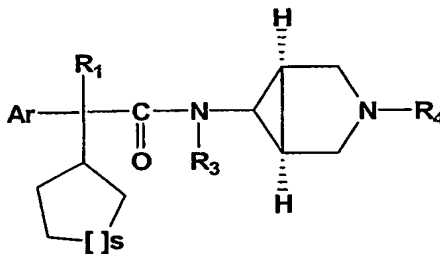
Formula III

4. The compound according to claim 1 having the structure of Formula IV and its pharmaceutically acceptable salts, pharmaceutically acceptable solvates, esters, enantiomers, diastereomers, N-oxides, polymorphs, prodrugs, metabolites, wherein Ar, R₁, R₃ and R₄ are as defined for Formula I and r is 1 to 4.



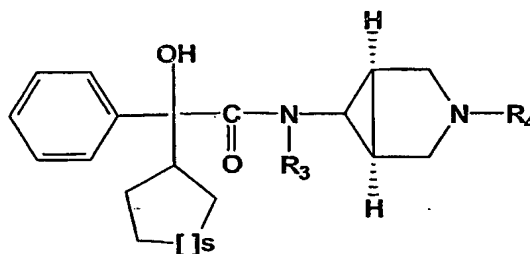
Formula IV

5. The compound according to claim 1 having the structure of Formula V and its pharmaceutically acceptable salts, pharmaceutically acceptable solvates, esters, enantiomers, diastereomers, N-oxides, polymorphs, prodrugs, metabolites, wherein Ar, R₁, R₃ and R₄ are as defined for Formula I and s is 1 to 3.



Formula V

6. The compound according to claim 1 having the structure of Formula VI and its pharmaceutically acceptable salts, pharmaceutically acceptable solvates, esters, enantiomers, diastereomers, N-oxides, polymorphs, prodrugs, metabolites, wherein R₃, R₄ and s are as defined for Formula I and s is 1 to 3.



Formula VI

7. A compound selected from the group consisting of:

(1 α ,5 α ,6 α)-N-[3-(4-methyl-3-pentenyl)-3-azabicyclo[3.1.0]hex-6-yl]-2-hydroxy-2-cyclopentyl-2-(4-methoxy)phenylacetamide

(1 α ,5 α ,6 α)-N-[3-(2-thienylmethyl)-3-azabicyclo[3.1.0]hex-6-yl]-2-hydroxy-2-cyclohexyl-2-phenylacetamide

(1 α ,5 α ,6 α)-N-[3-(2-thienylmethyl)-3-azabicyclo[3.1.0]hex-6-yl]-2-hydroxy-2-cyclopentyl-2-phenylacetamide

(1 α ,5 α ,6 α)-N-[3-(5-nitro-2-furylmethyl)-3-azabicyclo[3.1.0]hex-6-yl]-2-hydroxy-2-cyclopentyl-2-phenylacetamide

(1 α ,5 α ,6 α)-N-[3-(4-methyl-pentyl)-3-azabicyclo[3.1.0]hex-6-yl]-2-hydroxy-2-cyclopentyl-2-phenylacetamide

(1 α ,5 α ,6 α)-N-[3-(2-(1,4-benzodioxan-6-yl)ethyl)-3-azabicyclo[3.1.0]hex-6-yl]-2-hydroxy-2-cyclopentyl-2-phenylacetamide

(1 α ,5 α ,6 α)-N-[3-(3,4,5-trimethoxyphenethyl)-3-azabicyclo[3.1.0]hex-6-yl]-2-hydroxy-2-cyclopentyl-2-phenylacetamide

(1 α ,5 α ,6 α)-N-[3-[3-(3,4-methyldioxyphenyl)propyl]-3-azabicyclo[3.1.0]hex-6-yl]-2-hydroxy-2-cyclopentyl-2-phenylacetamide

(1 α ,5 α ,6 α)-N-[3-(3,4,5-trimethoxybenzyl)-3-azabicyclo[3.1.0]hex-6-yl]-2-hydroxy-2-cyclopentyl-2-phenylacetamide

(1 α ,5 α ,6 α)-N-[3-(3,5-dimethoxybenzyl)-3-azabicyclo[3.1.0]hex-6-yl]-2-hydroxy-2-cyclopentyl-2-phenylacetamide

(1 α ,5 α ,6 α)-N-[3-(3,4-dimethoxybenzyl)-3-azabicyclo[3.1.0]hex-6-yl]-2-hydroxy-2-cyclopentyl-2-phenylacetamide

(1 α ,5 α ,6 α)-N-[3-(3-methoxybenzyl)-3-azabicyclo[3.1.0]hex-6-yl]-2-hydroxy-2-cyclopentyl-2-phenylacetamide

(1 α ,5 α ,6 α)-N-[3-(4-trifluoromethylbenzyl)-3-azabicyclo[3.1.0]hex-6-yl]-2-hydroxy-2-cyclopentyl-2-phenylacetamide

(1 α ,5 α ,6 α)-N-[3-(5-methyl-2-furylmethyl)-3-azabicyclo[3.1.0]hex-6-yl]-2-hydroxy-2-cyclopentyl-2-phenylacetamide

(1 α ,5 α ,6 α)-N-[3-(2-(4-methylphenoxy)ethyl)-3-azabicyclo[3.1.0]hex-6-yl]-2-hydroxy-2-cyclopentyl-2-phenylacetamide

(1 α ,5 α ,6 α)-N-[3-(3-nitrobenzyl)-3-azabicyclo[3.1.0]hex-6-yl]-2-hydroxy-2-cyclopentyl-2-phenylacetamide

(1 α ,5 α ,6 α)-N-[3-(4-chlorophenethyl)-3-azabicyclo[3.1.0]hex-6-yl]-2-hydroxy-2-cyclopentyl-2-phenylacetamide

5 (1 α ,5 α ,6 α)-N-[3-(4-nitrobenzyl)-3-azabicyclo[3.1.0]hex-6-yl]-2-hydroxy-2-cyclopentyl-2-phenylacetamide

(1 α ,5 α ,6 α)-N-[3-(4-phenylpropyl)-3-azabicyclo[3.1.0]hex-6-yl]-2-hydroxy-2-cyclopentyl-2-phenylacetamide

10 (1 α ,5 α ,6 α)-N-[3-(3-hydroxybenzyl)-3-azabicyclo[3.1.0]hex-6-yl]-2-hydroxy-2-cyclopentyl-2-phenylacetamide

(1 α ,5 α ,6 α)-N-[3-(3-hydroxybenzyl)-3-azabicyclo[3.1.0]hex-6-yl]-2-hydroxy-2-cyclopentyl-2-phenylacetamide

(1 α ,5 α ,6 α)-N-[3-(4-t-butylbenzyl)-3-azabicyclo[3.1.0]hex-6-yl]-2-hydroxy-2-hydroxy-2-cyclopentyl-2-phenylacetamide

15 (1 α ,5 α ,6 α)-N-[3-(2-methylquinolinyl)-3-azabicyclo[3.1.0]hex-6-yl]-2-hydroxy-2-cyclopentyl-2-phenylacetamide

(1 α ,5 α ,6 α)-N-[3-(3-nitro-4-methoxybenzyl)-3-azabicyclo[3.1.0]hex-6-yl]-2-hydroxy-2-cyclopentyl-2-phenylacetamide

20 (1 α ,5 α ,6 α)-N-[3-(3-nitro-4-hydroxybenzyl)-3-azabicyclo[3.1.0]hex-6-yl]-2-hydroxy-2-cyclopentyl-2-phenylacetamide

(1 α ,5 α ,6 α)-N-[3-(3,4-dichlorophenyl)-3-azabicyclo[3.1.0]hex-6-yl]-2-hydroxy-2-cyclopentyl-2-phenylacetamide

(1 α ,5 α ,6 α)-N-[3-(3-aminobenzyl)-3-azabicyclo[3.1.0]hex-6-yl]-2-hydroxy-2-cyclopentyl-2-phenylacetamide

25 (1 α ,5 α ,6 α)-N-[3-(6-aminopyridin-2-yl-methyl)-3-azabicyclo[3.1.0]hex-6-yl]-2-hydroxy-2-cyclopentyl-2-phenylacetamide

(1 α ,5 α ,6 α)-N-[3-(2-phenoxyethyl)-3-azabicyclo[3.1.0]hex-6-yl]-2-hydroxy-2-cyclopentyl-2-phenylacetamide

30 (1 α ,5 α ,6 α)-N-[3-(3-phenoxypropyl)-3-azabicyclo[3.1.0]hex-6-yl]-2-hydroxy-2-cyclopentyl-2-phenylacetamide

(1 α ,5 α ,6 α)-N-[3-(2-methylpyrrollyl)-3-azabicyclo[3.1.0]hex-6-yl]-2-hydroxy-2-cyclopentyl-2-phenylacetamide

(1 α ,5 α ,6 α)-N-[3-(1,4-benzodioxan-6-yl)-3-methyl-3-azabicyclo[3.1.0]hex-6-yl]-2-hydroxy-2-cyclopentyl-2-phenylacetamide

(1 α ,5 α ,6 α)-N-[3-benzyl-3-azabicyclo[3.1.0]hex-6-yl]-2-hydroxy-2-cyclopentyl-2-phenylacetamide

5 (1 α ,5 α ,6 α)-N-[3-(4-methyl-3-pentyl)-3-azabicyclo-[3.1.0]hex-6-yl]-2-hydroxy-2-cyclopentyl-2-phenylacetamide

(1 α ,5 α ,6 α)-N-[3-(2-(3,4-methylenedioxyphenyl)ethyl)-3-azabicyclo-[3.1.0]hex-6-yl]-2-hydroxy-2-cyclobutyl-2-phenylacetamide

10 (1 α ,5 α ,6 α)-N-[3-benzyl-3-azabicyclo-[3.1.0]hex-6-yl]-2-hydroxy-2-cyclopentyl-2-phenylacetamide

(1 α ,5 α ,6 α)-N-[3-(4-methyl-3-pentenyl)-3-azabicyclo-[3.1.0]hex-6-yl]-2-hydroxy-2-cyclopropyl-2-phenylacetamide

(1 α ,5 α ,6 α)-N-[3-[2-(3,4-methylenedioxyphenyl)ethyl]-3-azabicyclo-[3.1.0]hex-6-yl]-2-hydroxy-2-cyclopropyl-2-phenylacetamide

15 (1 α ,5 α ,6 α)-N-[3-(4-hydroxy-3-methoxybenzyl)-3-azabicyclo-[3.1.0]hex-6-yl]-2-hydroxy-2-cyclopropyl-2-phenylacetamide

(1 α ,5 α ,6 α)-N-[3-(3-hydroxy-4-methoxybenzyl)-3-azabicyclo-[3.1.0]hex-6-yl]-2-hydroxy-2-cyclopentyl-2-phenylacetamide

20 (1 α ,5 α ,6 α)-N-[3-(2-phenylcarboethoxyethyl)-3-azabicyclo[3.1.0]hex-6-yl]-2-hydroxy-2-cyclopentyl-2-phenylacetamide

(1 α ,5 α ,6 α)-N-[3-(1-(2-hydroxyphenyl)ethyl)-3-azabicyclo[3.1.0]hex-6-yl]-2-hydroxy-2-cyclopentyl-2-phenylacetamide

(1 α ,5 α ,6 α)-N-[3-(1-(4-methylphenyl)ethyl)-3-azabicyclo[3.1.0]hex-6-yl]-2-hydroxy-2-cyclopentyl-2-phenylacetamide

25 (1 α ,5 α ,6 α)-N-[3-(1-bromophenylmethylpyridine)-3-azabicyclo-[3.1.0]hex-6-yl]-2-hydroxy-2-cyclopentyl-2-phenylacetamide

(1 α ,5 α ,6 α)-N-[3-(4-pyridylmethyl)-3-azabicyclo[3.1.0]hex-6-yl]-2-hydroxy-2-cyclopentyl-2-phenylacetamide

30 (1 α ,5 α ,6 α)-N-[3-(1-indanyl)-3-azabicyclo[3.1.0]hex-6-yl]-2-hydroxy-2-cyclopentyl-2-phenylacetamide

(1 α ,5 α ,6 α)-N-[3-(3-methylbenzyl)-3-azabicyclo[3.1.0]hex-6-yl]-2-hydroxy-2-cyclopentyl-2-phenylacetamide

(1 α ,5 α ,6 α)-N-[3-(2,4,6-trimethylbenzyl)-3-azabicyclo[3.1.0]hex-6-yl]-2-hydroxy-2-cyclopentyl-2-phenylacetamide

(1 α ,5 α ,6 α)-N-[3-(2-(3,4-dimethoxyphenyl)-3-azabicyclo[3.1.0]hex-6-yl)-2-hydroxy-2-cyclopentyl-2-phenylacetamide

5 (1 α ,5 α ,6 α)-N-[3-(2-(3,4-dimethylphenyl)ethyl-3-azabicyclo[3.1.0]hex-6-yl)-2-hydroxy-2-cyclopentyl-2-phenylacetamide

(1 α ,5 α ,6 α)-N-[3-pentyl-3-azabicyclo[3.1.0]hex-6-yl]-2-hydroxy-2-cyclopentyl-2-phenylacetamide

10 (1 α ,5 α ,6 α)-N-[3-(4-cyanobenzyl)-3-azabicyclo[3.1.0]hex-6-yl]-2-hydroxy-2-cyclopentyl-2-phenylacetamide

(1 α ,5 α ,6 α)-N-[3-(2-cyanobenzyl)-3-azabicyclo[3.1.0]hex-6-yl]-2-hydroxy-2-cyclopentyl-2-phenylacetamide

(1 α ,5 α ,6 α)-N-[3-(2,3,4,5,6-pentafluorobenzyl)-3-azabicyclo[3.1.0]hex-6-yl]-2-hydroxy-2-cyclopentyl-2-phenylacetamide

15 (1 α ,5 α ,6 α)-N-[3-(4-cyanobenzyl)-3-azabicyclo-[3.1.0]hex-6-yl]-2-hydroxy-2-cyclohexyl-2-phenylacetamide

(1 α ,5 α ,6 α)-N-[3-(3-methylpyridyl)-3-azabicyclocyanobenzyl[3.1.0]hex-6-yl]-2-hydroxy-2-cyclopentyl-2-phenylacetamide

20 (1 α ,5 α ,6 α)-N-[3-(4-bromo-2-methylthienyl)-3-azabicyclo[3.1.0]hex-6-yl]-2-hydroxy-2-cyclohexyl-2-phenylacetamide

(1 α ,5 α ,6 α)-N-[3-(1-(phenyl)ethyl)-3-azabicyclo[3.1.0]hex-6-yl]-2-hydroxy-2-cyclohexyl-2-phenylacetamide

(1 α ,5 α ,6 α)-N-[3-(2-nitrobenzyl)-3-azabicyclo[3.1.0]hex-6-yl]-2-hydroxy-2-cyclopentyl-2-phenylacetamide

25 (1 α ,5 α ,6 α)-N-[3-(4-methoxycarbonyl]benzyl)-3-azabicyclo[3.1.0]hex-6-yl]-2-hydroxy-2-cyclopentyl-2-phenylacetamide

(1 α ,5 α ,6 α)-N-[3-(diphenylmethyl)-3-azabicyclo[3.1.0]hex-6-yl]-2-hydroxy-2-cyclopentyl-2-phenylacetamide

30 (1 α ,5 α ,6 α)-N-[3-(4-carboxybenzyl)-3-azabicyclo[3.1.0]hex-6-yl]-2-hydroxy-2-cyclopentyl-2-phenylacetamide

(1 α ,5 α ,6 α)-N-[3-(2-aminobenzyl)-3-azabicyclo[3.1.0]hex-6-yl]-2-hydroxy-2-cyclopentyl-2-phenylacetamide

(1 α ,5 α ,6 α)-N-[3-(2-carboethoxypropyl)-3-azabicyclo[3.1.0]hex-6-yl]-2-hydroxy-2-cyclopentyl-2-phenylacetamide

(1 α ,5 α ,6 α)-N-[3-(2-(4-acetylphenyl)-3-azabicyclo[3.1.0]hex-6-yl]-2-hydroxy-2-cyclopentyl-2-phenylacetamide

5 (1 α ,5 α ,6 α)-N-[3-(2-(4-methoxycarbonyl)phenyl)ethyl-3-azabicyclo[3.1.0]hex-6-yl]-2-hydroxy-2-cyclopentyl-2-phenylacetamide

(1 α ,5 α ,6 α)-N-[3-(3-cyanobenzyl)-3-azabicyclo[3.1.0]hex-6-yl]-2-hydroxy-2-cyclopentyl-2-phenylacetamide

10 (1 α ,5 α ,6 α)-N-[3-(2-cyanobenzyl)-3-azabicyclo[3.1.0]hex-6-yl]-2-hydroxy-2-cyclohexyl-2-phenylacetamide

(1 α ,5 α ,6 α)-N-[3-(3-cyanobenzyl)-3-azabicyclo[3.1.0]hex-6-yl]-2-hydroxy-2-cyclohexyl-2-phenylacetamide

(1 α ,5 α ,6 α)-N-[3-(3-methylbutyl)-3-azabicyclo[3.1.0]hex-6-yl]-2-hydroxy-2-cyclohexyl-2-phenylacetamide

15 (1 α ,5 α ,6 α)-N-[3-(4-hydroxymethyl phenethyl)-3-azabicyclo[3.1.0]hex-6-yl]-2-hydroxy-2-cyclobutyl-2-phenylacetamide

(1 α ,5 α ,6 α)-N-[3-(3-Fluoro-4-aminobenzyl)-3-azabicyclo[3.1.0]hex-6-yl]-2-hydroxy-2-cyclopentyl-2-phenylacetamide

20 (1 α ,5 α ,6 α)-N-[3-(1-(3,4-dimethylphenyl)ethyl)-3-azabicyclo[3.1.0]hex-6-yl]-2-hydroxy-2-cyclopentyl-2-phenylacetamide

(1 α ,5 α ,6 α)-N-[3-(2-(3-methylphenoxy)ethyl)-3-azabicyclo[3.1.0]hex-6-yl]-2-hydroxy-2-cyclopentyl-2-phenylacetamide

(1 α ,5 α ,6 α)-N-[3-(3-(3-methylphenoxy)propyl)-3-azabicyclo[3.1.0]hex-6-yl]-2-hydroxy-2-cyclopentyl-2-phenylacetamide

25 (1 α ,5 α ,6 α)-N-[3-(2-methylbenzyl)-3-azabicyclo[3.1.0]hex-6-yl]-2-hydroxy-2-cyclopentyl-2-phenylacetamide

(1 α ,5 α ,6 α)-N-[3-(2-(2-methylbenzyl)-3-azabicyclo[3.1.0]hex-6-yl]-2-hydroxy-2-cyclopentyl-2-phenylacetamide

30 (1 α ,5 α ,6 α)-N-[3-(1,3-dioxolan-2-yl-methyl)-3-azabicyclo[3.1.0]hex-6-yl]-2-hydroxy-2-cyclopentyl-2-phenylacetamide

(1 α ,5 α ,6 α)-N-[3-(2-carboxy)propyl-3-azabicyclo[3.1.0]hex-6-yl]-2-hydroxy-2-cyclopentyl-2-phenylacetamide

(1 α ,5 α ,6 α)-N-[3-(1-phenylethyl)-3-azabicyclo[3.1.0]hex-6-yl]-2-hydroxy-2,2-diphenylacetamide

(1 α ,5 α ,6 α)-N-[3-(1-phenylethyl)-3-azabicyclo[3.1.0]hex-6-yl]-2-hydroxy-2-cyclopentyl-2-phenylacetamide

5 (1 α ,5 α ,6 α)-N-[3-(2-(2,3-dihydrobenzofuran-5-yl)ethyl)-3-azabicyclo[3.1.0]hex-6-yl]-2-hydroxy-2-cyclopropyl-2-phenylacetamide

(1 α ,5 α ,6 α)-N-[3-(1-phenylethyl)-3-azabicyclo[3.1.0]hex-6-yl]-2-hydroxy-2-cyclopropyl-2-phenylacetamide

10 (1 α ,5 α ,6 α)-N-[3-(1-phenylethyl)-3-azabicyclo[3.1.0]hex-6-yl]-2-hydroxy-2-cyclobutyl-2-phenylacetamide

(1 α ,5 α ,6 α)-N-[3-(2-phenylcarboxy)ethyl-3-azabicyclo[3.1.0]hex-6-yl]-2-hydroxy-2-cycloheptyl-2-phenylacetamide

(1 α ,5 α ,6 α)-N-[3-(2-(3-indoyl)ethyl)-3-azabicyclo[3.1.0]hex-6-yl]-2-hydroxy-2-cyclohexyl-2-phenylacetamide

15 (1 α ,5 α ,6 α)-N-[3-(2-methylnaphthyl)-3-azabicyclo[3.1.0]hex-6-yl]-2-hydroxy-2-cyclohexyl-2-phenylacetamide

(1 α ,5 α ,6 α)-N-[3-(2-indoyl-3-yl)ethyl-3-azabicyclo[3.1.0]hex-6-yl]-2-hydroxy-2-cyclopentyl-2-phenylacetamide

20 (1 α ,5 α ,6 α)-N-[3-hexyl-3-azabicyclo[3.1.0]hex-6-yl]-2-hydroxy-2-cyclopentyl-2-phenylacetamide

(1 α ,5 α ,6 α)-N-[3-(1,2,3,4-tetrahydronaphth-1-yl)-3-azabicyclo[3.1.0]hex-6-yl]-2-hydroxy-2-cyclopentyl-2-phenylacetamide

(1 α ,5 α ,6 α)-N-[3-(2-chlorobenzyl)-3-azabicyclo[3.1.0]hex-6-yl]-2-hydroxy-2-cyclopentyl-2-phenylacetamide

25 (1 α ,5 α ,6 α)-N-[3-(2-(2-methoxyphenyl)ethyl)-3-azabicyclo[3.1.0]hex-6-yl]-2-hydroxy-2-cyclopentyl-2-phenylacetamide

(1 α ,5 α ,6 α)-N-[3-(2-(4-fluorophenyl)ethyl)-3-azabicyclo[3.1.0]hex-6-yl]-2-hydroxy-2-cyclopentyl-2-phenylacetamide

30 (1 α ,5 α ,6 α)-N-[3-(indan-5-yl)ethyl)-3-azabicyclo[3.1.0]hex-6-yl]-2-hydroxy-2-cyclopentyl-2-phenylacetamide

(1 α ,5 α ,6 α)-N-[3-(1-(naphth-1-yl)ethyl)-3-azabicyclo[3.1.0]hex-6-yl]-2-hydroxy-2-cyclopentyl-2-phenylacetamide

(1 α ,5 α ,6 α)-N-[3-(1-(3,4-methylenedioxyphenyl)ethyl)-3-azabicyclo[3.1.0]hex-6-yl]-2-hydroxy-2-cyclopentyl-2-phenylacetamide

(1 α ,5 α ,6 α)-N-[3-(1,2,3,4-tetrahydronaphth-6-yl)ethyl-3-azabicyclo[3.1.0]hex-6-yl]-2-hydroxy-2-cyclopentyl-2-phenylacetamide

5 (1 α ,5 α ,6 α)-N-[3-(1-(cis-(hex-3-enyl)-3-azabicyclo[3.1.0]hex-6-yl)-2-hydroxy-2-cyclopropyl-2-phenylacetamide

(1 α ,5 α ,6 α)-N-[3-(1-(trans-hex-3-enyl)-3-azabicyclo[3.1.0]hex-6-yl)-2-hydroxy-2-cyclopropyl-2-phenylacetamide

10 (1 α ,5 α ,6 α)-N-[3-(1-(trans-hex-3-enyl)-3-azabicyclo[3.1.0]-2-hydroxy-2-cyclohexyl-2-phenylacetamide

(1 α ,5 α ,6 α)-N-[3-(1-(cis-hex-3-enyl)-3-azabicyclo[3.1.0]hex-6-yl)-2-hydroxy-2-cyclohexyl-2-phenylacetamide

(1 α ,5 α ,6 α)-N-[3-(1-(trans-hex-3-enyl)-3-azabicyclo[3.1.0]hex-6-yl)-2-hydroxy-2-cyclopentyl-2-phenylacetamide

15 (1 α ,5 α ,6 α)-N-[3-(1-(cis-hex-3-enyl)-3-azabicyclo[3.1.0]hex-6-yl)-2-hydroxy-2-cyclopentyl-2-phenylacetamide

(1 α ,5 α ,6 α)-N-[3-(2-naphthylmethyl)-3-azabicyclo[3.1.0]hex-6-yl]-2-hydroxy-2-cyclopentyl-2-phenylacetamide

20 (1 α ,5 α ,6 α)-N-[3-(2-phenyl-1-methyl)-2-oxoethyl]-3-azabicyclo[3.1.0]hex-6-yl]-2-hydroxy-2-cyclopentyl-2-phenylacetamide

(1 α ,5 α ,6 α)-N-[3-(2-(4-carbamoylphenyl)ethyl)-3-azabicyclo[3.1.0]hex-6-yl]-2-hydroxy-2-cyclopentyl-2-phenylacetamide

(1 α ,5 α ,6 α)-N-[3-(2-(4-benzyloxycarbonylphenyl)ethyl)-3-azabicyclo[3.1.0]hex-6-yl]-2-hydroxy-2-cyclopentyl-2-phenylacetamide

25 (1 α ,5 α ,6 α)-N-[3-(1-(2-methylpropyl)benzane-3-azabicyclo[3.1.0]hex-6-yl)-2-hydroxy-2-cyclopentyl-2-phenylacetamide

(1 α ,5 α ,6 α)-N-[3-(2-(phenyl-1-methyl)-2-oxoethyl)-3-azabicyclo[3.1.0]hex-6-yl]-2-hydroxy-2-cyclohexyl-2-phenylacetamide

30 (1 α ,5 α ,6 α)-N-[3-hexyl-3-azabicyclo[3.1.0]hex-6-yl]-2-hydroxy-2-cyclohexyl-2-phenylacetamide

(1 α ,5 α ,6 α)-N-[3-(2-(4-cyanophenyl)ethyl)-3-azabicyclo[3.1.0]hex-6-yl]-2-hydroxy-2-cyclopentyl-2-phenylacetamide

(1 α ,5 α ,6 α)-N-[3-(2-(4-sulphamoylphenyl)ethyl)-3-azabicyclo[3.1.0]hex-6-yl]-2-hydroxy-2-cyclopentyl-2-phenylacetamide

(1 α ,5 α ,6 α)-N-[3-cyclohexylmethyl-3-azabicyclo[3.1.0]hex-6-yl]-2-hydroxy-2-cyclopentyl-2-phenylacetamide

5 (1 α ,5 α ,6 α)-N-[3-benzyl-3-azabicyclo[3.1.0]hex-6-yl]-2,2-diphenylacetamide

(1 α ,5 α ,6 α)-N-[3-benzyl-3-azabicyclo[3.1.0]hex-6-yl]-2-chloro-2-cyclohexyl-2-phenylacetamide

(1 α ,5 α ,6 α)-N-[3-benzyl-3-azabicyclo[3.1.0]hex-6-yl]-2-cyclohexyl-2-phenylacetamide

10 (1 α ,5 α ,6 α)-N-[3-benzyl-3-azabicyclo[3.1.0]hex-6-yl]-2-hydroxy-2-phenylacetamide

(1 α ,5 α ,6 α)-N-[3-benzyl-3-azabicyclo[3.1.0]hex-6-yl]-2-cyclopentyl-2-phenylacetamide

(1 α ,5 α ,6 α)-N-[3-benzyl-3-azabicyclo[3.1.0]hex-6-yl]-2-hydroxy-2-phenylpropionamide

15 N-methyl-N-(1 α ,5 α ,6 α)-N-[3-(1-phenyl-ethyl)-3-azabicyclo[3.1.0]-hex-6-yl]-2-cyclopentyl-2-hydroxy-2-phenylacetamide

N-methyl-N-(1 α ,5 α ,6 α)-N-[3-(3,4-methylenedioxyethyl)-3-azabicyclo[3.1.0]-hex-6-yl]-2-cyclopentyl-2-hydroxy-2-phenylacetamide

20 N-methyl-N-(1 α ,5 α ,6 α)-N-[3-(9-benzyl-3-azabicyclo[3.1.0]-hex-6-yl)-2-cyclopentyl-2-hydroxy-2-phenylacetamide

N-methyl-(1 α ,5 α ,6 α)-N-[3-(3,4-methylenedioxyethyl)-3-azabicyclo[3.1.0]-hex-6-yl]-2-cyclohexyl-2-hydroxy-2-phenylacetamide

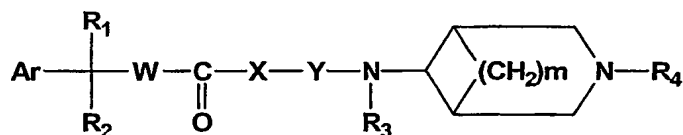
N-methyl-N-(1 α ,5 α ,6 α)-N-[3-(4-methyl-3-pentenyl)-3-azabicyclo[3.1.0]-hex-6-yl]-2-cyclohexyl-2-hydroxy-2-phenylacetamide

25 N-methyl-N-(1 α ,5 α ,6 α)-N-[3-(4-methyl-3-pentenyl)-3-azabicyclo[3.1.0]-hex-6-yl]-2-cyclopentyl-2-hydroxy-2-phenylacetamide

N-methyl-N-(1 α ,5 α ,6 α)-N-[3-(4-methyl-3-pentenyl)-3-azabicyclo[3.1.0]-hex-6-yl]-2-cyclopentyl-2-hydroxy-2-phenylacetamide L (+)tartarate salt.

8. A pharmaceutical composition comprising a therapeutically effective amount of a
30 compound as defined in any of claims 1-7 together with pharmaceutically acceptable carriers, excipients or diluents.

9. A method for treating or prophylaxis of an animal or a human suffering from a disease or disorder of the respiratory, urinary and gastrointestinal systems, wherein the disease or disorder is mediated through muscarinic receptors, comprising administering to said animal or human, a therapeutically effective amount of a compound having the structure of Formula I,



Formula I

and its pharmaceutically acceptable salts, pharmaceutically acceptable solvates, esters, enantiomers, diastereomers, N-oxides, polymorphs, prodrugs, or metabolites, wherein

Ar represents an aryl or a heteroaryl ring having 1-2 hetero atoms selected from the group consisting of oxygen, sulphur and nitrogen atoms, the aryl or heteroaryl rings may be unsubstituted or substituted by one to three substituents independently selected from lower alkyl (C₁-C₄), trifluoromethyl cyano, hydroxy, nitro, halogen (e.g. F, Cl, Br or I), lower alkoxy (C₁-C₄), amino or lower alkylamino(C₁-C₄);

R₁ represents a hydrogen, hydroxy, hydroxymethyl, loweralkyl (C₁-C₄), amino, alkoxy, cycloalkyl (C₃-C₇), carbamoyl, halogen (e.g. F, Cl, Br, I) or aryl;

R₂ represents alkyl, C₃-C₇ cycloalkyl ring, C₃-C₇ cycloalkenyl ring, an aryl or a heteroaryl ring having 1 to 2 hetero atoms selected from the group consisting of oxygen, sulphur and nitrogen atoms; the aryl or a hetero aryl ring may be unsubstituted or substituted by one to three substituents independently selected from lower alkyl (C₁-C₄), trifluoromethyl, cyano, hydroxy, nitro, lower alkoxycarbonyl, halogen, lower alkoxy (C₁-C₄), unsubstituted amino or lower alkyl (C₁-C₄) amino;

W represents (CH₂)_p, where p represents 0 to 1;

X represents an oxygen, sulphur, nitrogen or no atom;

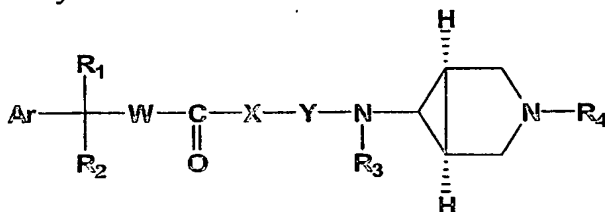
Y represents CHR_5CO wherein R_5 represents hydrogen or methyl or $(\text{CH}_2)_q$ wherein q represents 0 to 4;

m represents 0 to 2;

R_3 represents hydrogen, lower alkyl ($\text{C}_1\text{-C}_4$) or $\text{CO}_2\text{C}(\text{CH}_3)_3$; and

5 R_4 represents $\text{C}_1\text{-C}_{15}$ saturated or unsaturated aliphatic hydrocarbon (straight chain or branched) in which any 1 to 6 hydrogen atoms may be substituted with the group independently selected from halogen (e.g. F, Cl, Br, I), carboxylic acid, carboxylic acid ester, aryl, aryloxy, arylalkyl, arylalkenyl, heteroaryl, heteroarylalkyl, heteroarylalkenyl having 1 to 2 hetero atoms selected from the group consisting of
10 nitrogen, oxygen and sulphur with option that any 1 to 5 hydrogen atoms on the ring in said aryl, aryloxy, arylalkyl, arylalkenyl, heteroaryl, heteroarylalkenyl may be substituted with lower alkyl, trifluoromethyl, halogen (F, Cl, Br, I), cyano, nitro, hydroxy, lower ($\text{C}_1\text{-C}_4$) alkoxy, amino, lower ($\text{C}_1\text{-C}_4$) alkylamino, sulphonylamino, amide, carboxylic acid, carboxylic acid ester or benzyl ester.

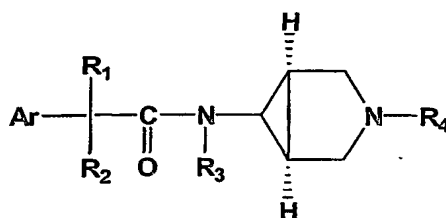
15 10. The method according to claim 9 for treatment or prophylaxis of an animal or a human suffering from a disease or disorder of the respiratory, urinary and gastrointestinal systems, wherein the disease or disorder is mediated through muscarinic receptors, comprising administering to said animal or human, a therapeutically effective amount of compound having the structure of Formula II and
20 its pharmaceutically



Formula II

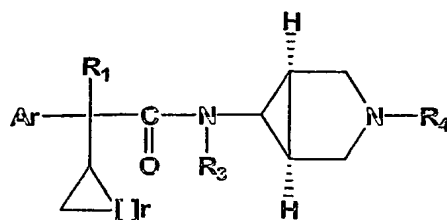
25 acceptable salts, pharmaceutically acceptable solvates, esters, enantiomers, diastereomers, N-oxides, polymorphs, prodrugs, metabolites, wherein Ar, R_1 , R_2 , R_3 , R_4 , W, X and Y are as defined for Formula I.

11. The method according to claim 9 for treatment or prophylaxis of an animal or a human suffering from a disease or disorder of the respiratory, urinary and gastrointestinal systems, wherein the disease or disorder is mediated through muscarinic receptors, comprising administering to said animal or human, a therapeutically effective amount of a compound having the structure of Formula III and its pharmaceutically acceptable salts, pharmaceutically acceptable solvates, esters, enantiomers, diastereomers, N-oxides, polymorphs, prodrugs, metabolites, wherein Ar, R₁, R₂, R₃ and R₄ are as defined for Formula I.



Formula III

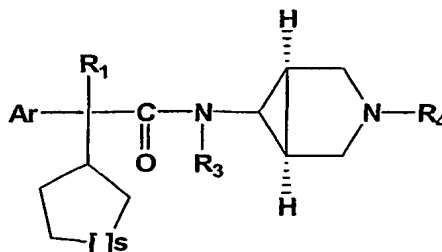
12. The method according to claim 9 for treatment or prophylaxis of an animal or a human suffering from a disease or disorder of the respiratory, urinary and gastrointestinal systems, wherein the disease or disorder is mediated through muscarinic receptors, comprising administering to said animal or human, a therapeutically effective amount of a compound having the structure of Formula IV and its pharmaceutically acceptable salts, pharmaceutically acceptable solvates, esters, enantiomers, diastereomers, N-oxides, polymorphs, prodrugs, metabolites, wherein Ar, R₁, R₃ and R₄ are as defined for Formula I and r is 1 to 4.



Formula IV

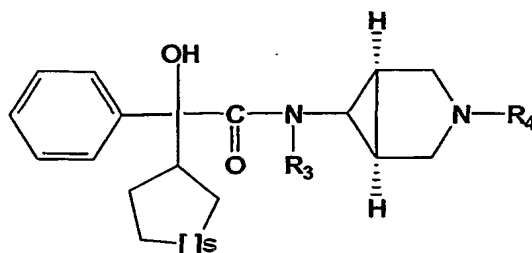
13. The method according to claim 9 for treatment or prophylaxis of an animal or a human suffering from a disease or disorder of the respiratory, urinary and gastrointestinal systems, wherein the disease or disorder is mediated through muscarinic receptors, comprising administering to said animal or human, a

therapeutically effective amount of a compound having the structure of Formula V and its pharmaceutically acceptable salts, pharmaceutically acceptable solvates, esters, enantiomers, diastereomers, N-oxides, polymorphs, prodrugs, metabolites, wherein Ar, R₁, R₃ and R₄ are as defined for Formula I and s is 1 to 3.



Formula V

14. The method according to claim 9 for treatment or prophylaxis of an animal or a human suffering from a disease or disorder of the respiratory, urinary and gastrointestinal systems, wherein the disease or disorder is mediated through muscarinic receptors, comprising administering to said animal or human, a therapeutically effective amount of a compound having the structure of Formula VI and its pharmaceutically acceptable salts, pharmaceutically acceptable solvates, esters, enantiomers, diastereomers, N-oxides, polymorphs, prodrugs, metabolites, wherein R₃, R₄ are as defined for Formula I and s is 1 to 3.



Formula VI

15. The method according to claim 9 wherein the disease or disorder is urinary incontinence, lower urinary tract symptoms (LUTS), bronchial asthma, chronic obstructive pulmonary disorders (COPD), pulmonary fibrosis, irritable bowel syndrome, obesity, diabetes or gastrointestinal hyperkinesis.
16. The method according to claim 10 wherein the disease or disorder is urinary incontinence, lower urinary tract symptoms (LUTS), bronchial asthma, chronic

obstructive pulmonary disorders (COPD), pulmonary fibrosis, irritable bowel syndrome, obesity, diabetes or gastrointestinal hyperkinesis.

17. The method according to claim 11 wherein the disease or disorder is urinary incontinence, lower urinary tract symptoms (LUTS), bronchial asthma, chronic obstructive pulmonary disorders (COPD), pulmonary fibrosis, irritable bowel syndrome, obesity, diabetes or gastrointestinal hyperkinesis.

18. The method according to claim 12 wherein the disease or disorder is urinary incontinence, lower urinary tract symptoms (LUTS), bronchial asthma, chronic obstructive pulmonary disorders (COPD), pulmonary fibrosis, irritable bowel syndrome, obesity, diabetes or gastrointestinal hyperkinesis.

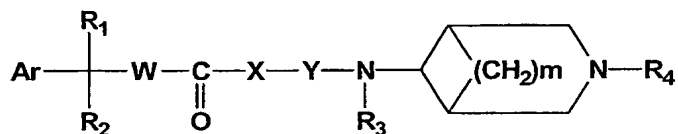
19. The method according to claim 13 wherein the disease or disorder is urinary incontinence, lower urinary tract symptoms (LUTS), bronchial asthma, chronic obstructive pulmonary disorders (COPD), pulmonary fibrosis, irritable bowel syndrome, obesity, diabetes or gastrointestinal hyperkinesis.

20. The method according to claim 14 wherein the disease or disorder is urinary incontinence, lower urinary tract symptoms (LUTS), bronchial asthma, chronic obstructive pulmonary disorders (COPD), pulmonary fibrosis, irritable bowel syndrome, obesity, diabetes or gastrointestinal hyperkinesis.

21. The method for treatment or prophylaxis of an animal or a human suffering from a disease or disorder of the respiratory, urinary and gastrointestinal systems, wherein the disease or disorder is mediated through muscarinic receptors, comprising administering to said animal or human, a therapeutically effective amount of the pharmaceutical composition according to claim 8.

22. The method according to claim 21 wherein the disease or disorder is urinary incontinence, lower urinary tract symptoms, (LUTS), bronchial asthma, chronic obstructive pulmonary disorders (COPD), pulmonary fibrosis, irritable bowel syndrome, obesity, diabetes or gastrointestinal hyperkinesis.

23. A process of preparing a compound of Formula I,



Formula I

and its pharmaceutically acceptable salts, pharmaceutically acceptable solvates, esters, enantiomers, diastereomers, N-oxides, polymorphs, prodrugs, or metabolites, wherein

Ar represents an aryl or a heteroaryl ring having 1-2 hetero atoms selected from the group consisting of oxygen, sulphur and nitrogen atoms, the aryl or heteroaryl rings may be unsubstituted or substituted by one to three substituents independently selected from lower alkyl (C₁-C₄), trifluoromethyl cyano, hydroxy, nitro, halogen (e.g. F, Cl, Br or I), lower alkoxy (C₁-C₄), amino or lower alkylamino(C₁-C₄);

R₁ represents a hydrogen, hydroxy, hydroxymethyl, loweralkyl (C₁-C₄), amino, alkoxy, cycloalkyl (C₃-C₇), carbamoyl, halogen (e.g. F, Cl, Br, I) or aryl;

R₂ represents alkyl, C₃-C₇ cycloalkyl ring, C₃-C₇ cycloalkenyl ring, an aryl or a heteroaryl ring having 1 to 2 hetero atoms selected from the group consisting of oxygen, sulphur and nitrogen atoms; the aryl or a hetero aryl ring may be unsubstituted or substituted by one to three substituents independently selected from lower alkyl (C₁-C₄), trifluoromethyl, cyano, hydroxy, nitro, lower alkoxy, carbonyl, halogen, lower alkoxy (C₁-C₄), unsubstituted amino or lower alkyl (C₁-C₄) amino;

W represents (CH₂)_p, where p represents 0 to 1;

X represents an oxygen, sulphur, nitrogen or no atom;

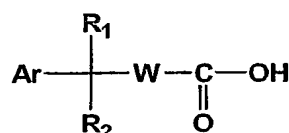
Y represents CHR₅CO wherein R₅ represents hydrogen or methyl or (CH₂)_q wherein q represents 0 to 4;

m represents 0 to 2;

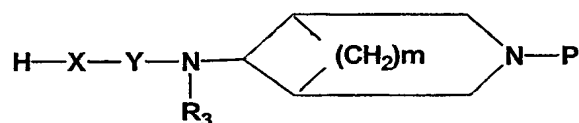
R₃ represents hydrogen, lower alkyl (C₁-C₄) or CO₂C (CH₃)₃; and

R_4 represents C_1 - C_{15} saturated or unsaturated aliphatic hydrocarbon (straight chain or branched) in which any 1 to 6 hydrogen atoms may be substituted with the group independently selected from halogen (e.g. F, Cl, Br, I), carboxylic acid, carboxylic acid ester, aryl, aryloxy, arylalkyl, arylalkenyl, heteroaryl, heteroarylalkyl, heteroarylalkenyl having 1 to 2 hetero atoms selected from the group consisting of nitrogen, oxygen and sulphur with option that any 1 to 5 hydrogen atoms on the ring in the said aryl, aryloxy, arylalkyl, arylalkenyl, heteroaryl, heteroarylalkenyl may be substituted with lower alkyl, trifluoromethyl, halogen (e.g. F, Cl, Br, I), cyano, nitro, hydroxy, lower (C_1 - C_4) alkoxy, amino, lower (C_1 - C_4) alkylamino, sulphonylamino, amide, carboxylic acid, carboxylic acid ester or benzyl ester, comprising

(a) condensing a compound of Formula VIII with a compound of Formula VII



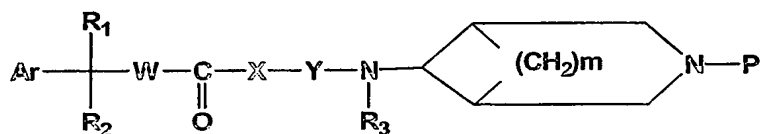
Formula VII



Formula VIII

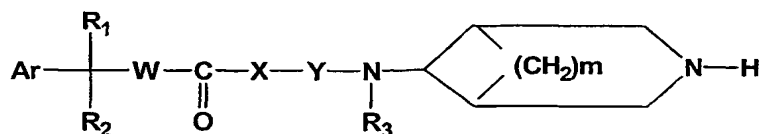
wherein Ar, R_1 , R_2 , W, X, Y and R_3 have the same meanings as defined earlier for Formula I, to give a protected compound of Formula IX

wherein Ar, R_1 , R_2 , W, X, Y and R_3 are the same as defined earlier and P is a protecting group for an amino group,



Formula IX

- (b) deprotecting the compound of Formula IX in the presence of a deprotecting agent to give an unprotected intermediate of Formula X wherein Ar, R₁, R₂, W, X, Y and R₃ as defined earlier, and



Formula X

- (c) N-alkylating or benzylating the intermediate of Formula X with a suitable alkylating or benzylating agent to give a compound of Formula I wherein Ar, R₁, R₂, W, X, Y, R₃ and R₄ are as defined earlier.

24. The process according to claim 23 wherein P is selected from the group consisting of benzyl and t-butyloxy carbonyl groups.

25. The process according to claim 23 wherein the reaction of a compound of Formula VII with a compound of Formula VIII to give a compound of Formula IX is carried out in the presence of a condensing agent which is selected from the group consisting of 1-(3-dimethylaminopropyl)-3-ethyl carbodiimide hydrochloride (EDC) and 1,8-diazabicyclo [5.4.0]undec-7-ene (DBU).

26. The process according to claim 23 wherein the reaction of a compound of Formula VII with a compound of Formula VIII to give a compound of Formula IX is carried out in a suitable solvent selected from the group consisting of N,N'-dimethylformamide, dimethylsulfoxide, toluene and xylene.

27. The process according to claim 23 wherein the reaction of a compound of Formula VII with a compound of Formula VIII is carried out at temperature ranging from 0-140°C.

28. The process according to claim 23 wherein the reaction of a compound of Formula IX to give a compound of Formula X is carried out with a deprotecting agent which is selected from the group consisting of palladium on carbon trifluoroacetic acid (TFA) and hydrochloric acid.

29. The process according to claim 23 wherein the deprotection of a compound of Formula IX to give a compound of Formula X is carried out in a suitable organic solvent selected from the group consisting of methanol, ethanol, tetrahydrofuran and acetonitrile.
- 5 30. The process according to claim 23 wherein the N-alkylation or benzylation of a compound of Formula X to give a compound of Formula I is carried out with a suitable alkylating or benzylating agent L-R₄ wherein L is any leaving group and R₄ is as defined earlier.
- 10 31. The process according to claim 30 wherein the leaving group is selected from the group consisting of halogen, O-methyl and O-tosyl groups.
32. The process according to claim 30 wherein the N-alkylation or benzylation of a compound of Formula X to give a compound of Formula I is carried out in a suitable organic solvent selected from the group consisting of N,N-dimethylformamide, dimethylsulfoxide, tetrahydrofuran and acetonitrile.

INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

Internati Application No
PCT/IB 03/00256

A. CLASSIFICATION OF SUBJECT MATTER

IPC 7 C07D209/52 C07D471/08 A61K31/445

According to International Patent Classification (IPC) or to both national classification and IPC

B. FIELDS SEARCHED

Minimum documentation searched (classification system followed by classification symbols)

IPC 7 C07D A61K A61P

Documentation searched other than minimum documentation to the extent that such documents are included in the fields searched

Electronic data base consulted during the international search (name of data base and, where practical, search terms used)

EPO-Internal, CHEM ABS Data, WPI Data, BIOSIS, EMBASE, PAJ

C. DOCUMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT

Category *	Citation of document, with indication, where appropriate, of the relevant passages	Relevant to claim No.
A	EP 0 930 298 A (BANYU PHARMA CO LTD) 21 July 1999 (1999-07-21) abstract; claims & US 5 948 792 A 7 September 1999 (1999-09-07) cited in the application ---	1-32
A	US 6 174 900 B1 (TAKAHASHI YOSHINORI ET AL) 16 January 2001 (2001-01-16) cited in the application abstract; claims ---	1-32
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☒ Further documents are listed in the continuation of box C.☒ Patent family members are listed in annex.

° Special categories of cited documents:

- *A* document defining the general state of the art which is not considered to be of particular relevance
- *E* earlier document but published on or after the international filing date
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- *O* document referring to an oral disclosure, use, exhibition or other means
- *P* document published prior to the international filing date but later than the priority date claimed

- *T* later document published after the international filing date or priority date and not in conflict with the application but cited to understand the principle or theory underlying the invention
- *X* document of particular relevance; the claimed invention cannot be considered novel or cannot be considered to involve an inventive step when the document is taken alone
- *Y* document of particular relevance; the claimed invention cannot be considered to involve an inventive step when the document is combined with one or more other such documents, such combination being obvious to a person skilled in the art.
- * & * document member of the same patent family

Date of the actual completion of the international search

13 June 2003

Date of mailing of the international search report

25/06/2003

Name and mailing address of the ISA

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NL - 2280 HV Rijswijk
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Fax: (+31-70) 340-3016

Authorized officer

Frelon, D

INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

Internal Application No
PCT/IB 03/00256

C.(Continuation) DOCUMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT

Category *	Citation of document, with indication, where appropriate, of the relevant passages	Relevant to claim No.
A	EP 0 823 423 A (BANYU PHARMA CO LTD) 11 February 1998 (1998-02-11) abstract; claims & WO 96 33973 A 31 October 1996 (1996-10-31) cited in the application ----	1-32
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INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

Inter. application No.
PCT/IB 03/00256

Box I Observations where certain claims were found unsearchable (Continuation of item 1 of first sheet)

This International Search Report has not been established in respect of certain claims under Article 17(2)(a) for the following reasons:

1. ☒ Claims Nos.:
because they relate to subject matter not required to be searched by this Authority, namely:
Although claims 9-22 are directed to a method of treatment of the human/animal body, the search has been carried out and based on the alleged effects of the compound/composition.
2. ☐ Claims Nos.:
because they relate to parts of the International Application that do not comply with the prescribed requirements to such an extent that no meaningful International Search can be carried out, specifically:
3. ☐ Claims Nos.:
because they are dependent claims and are not drafted in accordance with the second and third sentences of Rule 6.4(a).

Box II Observations where unity of invention is lacking (Continuation of item 2 of first sheet)

This International Searching Authority found multiple inventions in this International application, as follows:

1. ☐ As all required additional search fees were timely paid by the applicant, this International Search Report covers all searchable claims.
2. ☐ As all searchable claims could be searched without effort justifying an additional fee, this Authority did not invite payment of any additional fee.
3. ☐ As only some of the required additional search fees were timely paid by the applicant, this International Search Report covers only those claims for which fees were paid, specifically claims Nos.:
4. ☐ No required additional search fees were timely paid by the applicant. Consequently, this International Search Report is restricted to the invention first mentioned in the claims; it is covered by claims Nos.:

Remark on Protest

- ☐ The additional search fees were accompanied by the applicant's protest.
- ☐ No protest accompanied the payment of additional search fees.

INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

information on patent family members

Internat. Application No

PCT/IB 03/00256

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INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

Information on patent family members

Internal Application No
PCT/IB 03/00256

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			BR 9711108 A	17-08-1999
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			CZ 9900331 A3	14-07-1999
			DE 69718026 D1	30-01-2003
			EE 9900038 A	16-08-1999
			EP 0930298 A1	21-07-1999
			HR 970426 A1	31-08-1998
			HU 9902381 A2	29-11-1999
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			NZ 333842 A	25-05-2001
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			TR 9900204 T2	21-01-2000
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WO 9506635	A	09-03-1995	AU 7545894 A	22-03-1995
			WO 9506635 A1	09-03-1995

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(25) Filing Language: English

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(81) Designated States (national): AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU,
AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU,
CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH,
GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC,
LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW,
MX, MZ, NO, NZ, OM, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SC, SD, SE,
SG, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ,
VC, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW.

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(54) Title: 3,6-DISUBSTITUTED AZABICYCLO HEXANE DERIVATIVES AS MUSCARINIC RECEPTOR ANTAGONISTS

(57) Abstract: This invention generally relates to derivatives of 3,6 disubstituted azabicyclo hexanes. The compounds of this inven-
tion can function as muscarinic receptor antagonists and can be used for the treatment of various diseases of the respiratory, urinary
and gastrointestinal systems mediated through muscarinic receptors. The invention also relates to pharmaceutical compositions con-
taining the compounds of the present invention and the methods of treating the diseases mediated through muscarinic receptors.



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